

C, A, F, S Series

Installation, Operation
and Maintenance Manual



PRODUCTS &
SOLUTIONS



INCLUDED



INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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General information

For the installer

For the user

For the disposer

Revisions

The revision list for this manual is given on page 106. The most recent version of this manual is available from www.bonfiglioli.com.



1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 PURPOSE OF THIS MANUAL

This manual has been prepared by the manufacturer in order to provide information regarding the safe transport, handling, installation, maintenance, repair, disassembly and disposal of the gearbox/gearmotor. **All necessary purchasing and design information is provided in the sales catalogue. Follow good engineering practices, read the information in this manual thoroughly and apply it rigorously. Information on any electric motor coupled to the gearbox must be obtained directly from the motor's own installation, operation and maintenance manual.**

Failure to observe the information provided in this manual may result in risks to personal health and safety, as well as damage to equipment.

This information is originally provided in the manufacturer's own language (Italian), but may be made available in other languages to meet legal and commercial requirements.

This manual, along with all other relevant documentation, must be stored by personnel appointed to do so, in a suitable location, and in such a way that it is always available in good condition for consultation. In case of loss or damage, request a replacement directly from the manufacturer, quoting the code of this manual.

This manual reflects the conditions prevalent at the time the gearbox was introduced.

The manufacturer reserves the right to modify, supplement and improve this manual in future, without this present revision being considered inadequate for that reason.

1.2 GLOSSARY, TERMS AND SYMBOLS

Some of the most frequently used terms in this manual are explained below to define their meaning clearly. **Scheduled maintenance:** a set of operations required for **maintaining the functionality** and efficiency of the gearbox. These operations are usually scheduled by the manufacturer, who also establishes the competences and procedures required.

Unscheduled maintenance: a set of operations required for **restoring the functionality** and efficiency of the gearbox. These operations are not scheduled maintenance operations. In order to maintain the proper functioning and safety of the gearbox/gearmotor, we recommend that users have unscheduled maintenance performed by the manufacturer or by an authorised, specialist service centre. Contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service. Failure to comply with this requirement during the warranty period automatically invalidates the warranty.

Expert maintenance technician: an authorised technician who has the necessary qualifications, skills and mechanical and electrical training to perform scheduled maintenance on the gearbox.

SYMBOLS:

Particularly significant sections of the manual and important specifications are highlighted by symbols whose meanings are given below.



DANGER - WARNING

This symbol indicates situations of danger which, if ignored, may result in risks to personal health and safety.



CAUTION - ATTENTION



This symbol indicates the need to adopt specific precautions to avoid personal injury as well as damage to equipment.



IMPORTANT

This symbol indicates important technical information.



Instructions given in rectangles with a grey background, accompanied by the symbols  , alongside or above, refer only to equipment that conforms to the “ATEX” Directive 2014/34/EU. Instructions marked in this way must only be performed by professionally qualified operators who are specially trained in the safety precautions required for working in potentially explosive atmospheres.

Failure to observe these instructions may result in serious safety and environmental risks.

1.3 REQUESTING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

For any technical service needs, contact the Manufacturer’s sales network (www.bonfiglioli.com) quoting the information indicated on the unit’s name plate, the approximate hours of service, the duty cycle and the type of defect.

1.4 MANUFACTURER’S LIABILITY

The Manufacturer declines all liability in the event of:

- use of the gearbox/gearmotor in contravention of local occupational health and safety legislation
- incorrect installation, disregard of or incorrect application of the instructions provided in this manual
- electrical power supply defects (for gearmotors and/or gearboxes with electrical devices)
- modifications or tampering
- work done on the gearbox by unqualified or unsuitable personnel

The functionality and safety of the gearbox also depends on the scrupulous application of the instructions given in this manual, in particular:

- Always operate the gearbox within its operating limits.
- Diligently observe the maintenance schedule.
- Ensure that only trained operators are authorised to inspect and service the gearbox.



- the configurations given in the gearbox catalogue are the only permitted ones
- do not attempt to use the unit in any other way
- the instructions given in this manual do not substitute but rather supplement the provisions of established safety legislation.

1.5 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Additional information about the gearboxes described in this manual can be obtained from the sales catalogues, available on the website www.bonfiglioli.com:



2 SAFETY INFORMATION

2.1 SAFETY STANDARDS



Read thoroughly the instructions given in this manual and those printed directly on the gearbox, especially those regarding safety.

- Personnel appointed to work on the gearbox at any time during its service lifetime must be trained specifically for the purpose, must possess the necessary skills and experience, and must also be equipped with and trained to work with the appropriate tools and personal protection equipment required by the safety legislation applicable in the place where the gearbox/gearmotor is installed. Failure to meet these requirements constitutes a risk to personal health and safety.
- Keep the gearbox at its maximum efficiency by scrupulously following the maintenance schedule. Proper maintenance ensures maximum performance, extended service life and continued compliance with safety regulations.
- When working on the gearbox in areas that are difficult to access or hazardous, ensure that adequate safety precautions have been taken for yourself and others in compliance with applicable legislation on occupational health and safety.
- All maintenance, inspection and repairs must only be carried out by an expert maintenance technician fully familiar with the attendant hazards. It is therefore essential to implement operating procedures which address potential hazards and their prevention for the entire machine in which the gearbox is installed. Expert maintenance technicians must always work with caution and in observance of applicable safety standards.
- When working on the gearbox, wear the clothing and personal protective equipment specified in the manufacturer's instructions or required by the safety legislation applicable in the place where the gearbox is installed.
- Use only the lubricants (oil and grease) recommended by the manufacturer.
- Do not dump polluting materials into the environment. Dispose of all such materials as stipulated by applicable legislation.
- After changing lubricants, clean the gearbox and the walk-on surfaces around the work area.
- If the gearbox has to be serviced in a poorly lit area, use additional lamps and ensure that the work is done in compliance with all applicable safety legislation.
- During functional testing at the manufacturer's premises, the acoustic pressure measured under full load at a distance of 1 m from the gearbox and at 1.6 m above ground level, without vibration, was less than 85 dB(A). The gearbox is a component. The constructor of the plant or machine in which the gearbox is installed must therefore measure the level of noise emitted by the complete machine as required by the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC. The vibrations produced by the gearbox do not constitute a health risk for personnel. Excessive vibration may be the result of a fault, and should be immediately reported and eliminated.



If a gearbox must be serviced in a potentially explosive atmosphere, the service engineer must first switch off power to its motor to ensure that it is out of service, and must take all necessary precautions against it being accidentally switched on again and against connected parts moving without warning.



All additional environmental safety precautions must also be taken (e.g. elimination of residual gas or dust, etc).



Unless they have backstop devices, gearboxes may reverse direction. If there is any risk of uncontrolled movement occurring in the event of a power failure (for example in load lifting applications), measures must be put in place to prevent such movement occurring (for example by using motors with brakes that engage automatically if the power fails).

If the gearbox is installed in a position that cannot be reached from the floor, the constructor of the plant or machine in which it is installed must provide, as necessary, suitable means for accessing a position from which the gearbox can be serviced.



The user is responsible for using the products recommended for the installation and maintenance of the gearbox in an appropriate manner and in accordance with the Manufacturer's instructions.



Before putting the gearbox into service, the user must ensure that the plant in which it is installed complies with all applicable directives, especially those regarding health and safety at work.



The constructor of the plant or machine in which the gearbox/gearmotor is installed must protect all rotating parts to prevent personnel coming into accidental contact and incurring a risk of crushing, cutting or entanglement, especially if the gearbox operates automatically and in an accessible area.

- Do not use high pressure jets of water to clean the gearbox.
- Only perform work on the gearbox when it is at a standstill.
- Protect the electric motor against accidental startup (e.g. by padlocking the main power switch or removing the power fuses). For this purpose, also affix a notice to the motor indicating that work is in progress on the gearbox.
- Do not perform welding work on the gearbox. Do not use the gearbox as an earthing post for welding operations because this could damage or destroy parts of the gear teeth and bearings.
- Switch off the motor immediately if any changes are noticed in the normal functioning of the gearbox, such as an abnormal increase in operating temperature or abnormal running noise.
- If the gearbox is to be installed in a plant or machine, the constructor of the said plant or machine is required to include the prescriptions, instructions and descriptions contained in this manual in the operating manual for the plant or machine.
- If the gearbox is installed in situations that are particularly hazardous to personal safety, or that could cause serious damage to equipment, or that involve high inertial loads, vibrations, etc., such as:
 - suspended installations
 - motors supported exclusively by the gearbox
 - output shaft with shrink disc oriented downwardssuitable safety devices, such as harnesses, safety chains and restraining systems, etc. must be installed.



Depending on operating conditions, the outer surfaces of the gearbox may reach very high temperatures. Risk of burns!

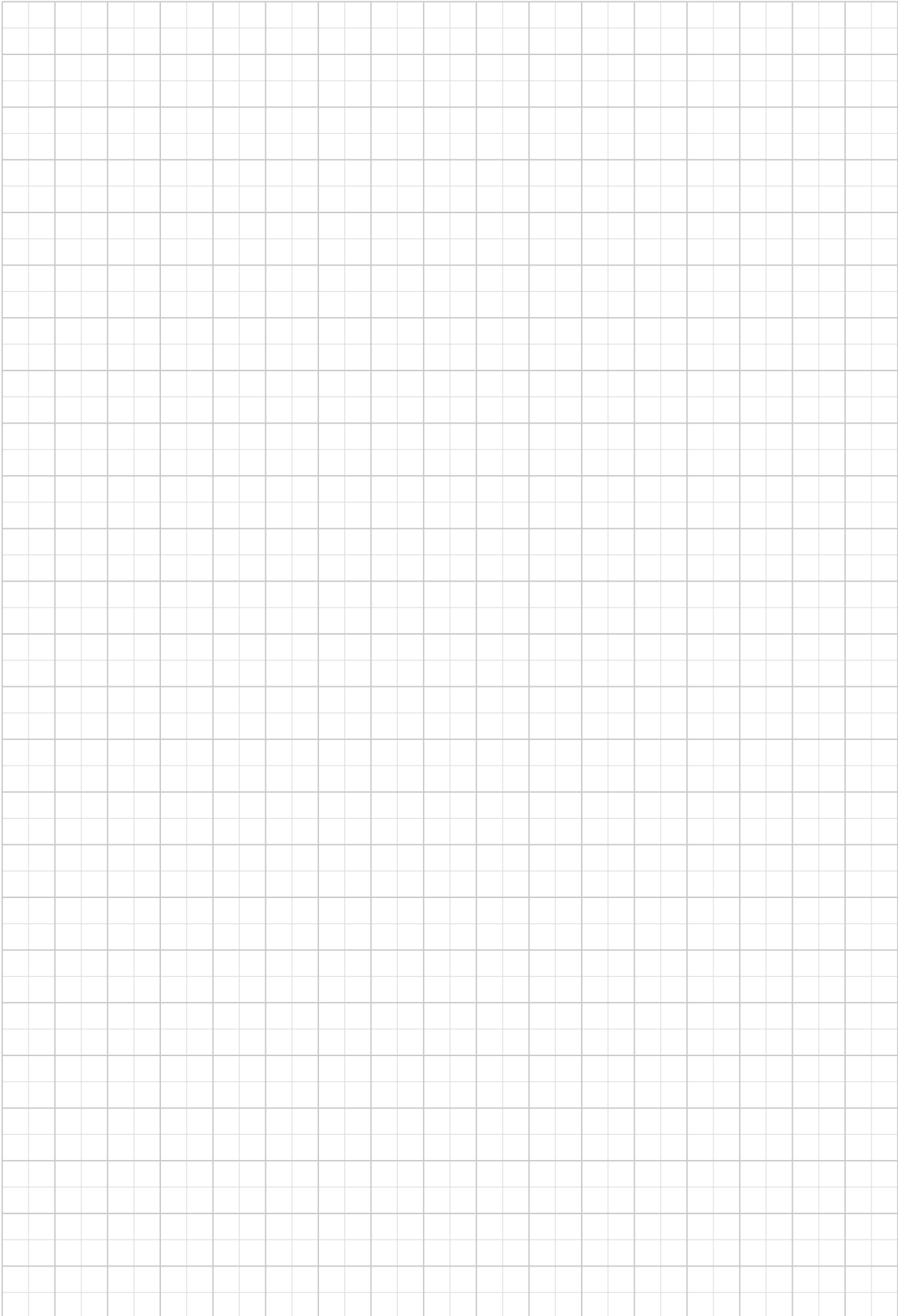
When draining spent oil as part of an oil change, always bear in mind that hot oil can cause serious burns!

If the gearbox is equipped with a vent plug that incorporates a pressure relief valve, wait for the oil in the gearbox to cool before removing the plug, and beware of possible jets of oil during transport, lifting, installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, maintenance, repair, dismantling and scrapping.

Wait for the gearbox to cool before inspecting it.



ATEX INCLUDED

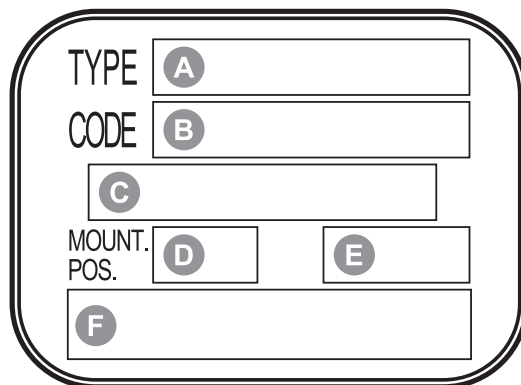


3 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

3.1 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

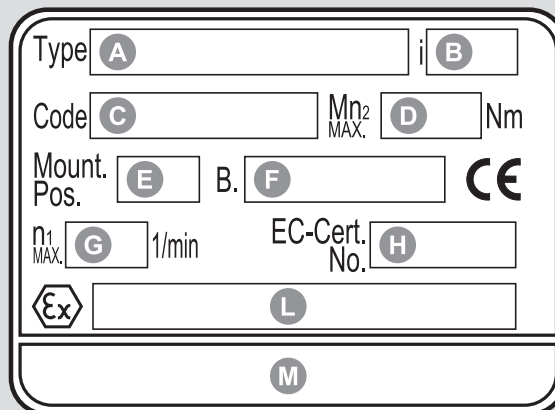
The gearbox bears the following identifying nameplate. The nameplate provides essential information and specifications for correct and safe use. The designation of the gearbox is explained in the sales catalogue. If the gearbox is supplied fitted with a motor (gearmotor), all information regarding the motor itself is provided in the motor's own manual.

Nameplate information



- A** Gearbox type
- B** Product code
- C** Month / Year of manufacture
- D** Mounting position
- E** Gear ratio
- F** Name of manufacturer

Nameplate data for Series C and F ATEX-specified gearboxes



- A** Gearbox type
- B** Gear ratio
- C** Product code
- D** Transmissible torque [Nm] at $n_1 = 1400$ rpm
- E** Mounting position
- F** Month / Year of manufacture
- G** Maximum drive speed
- H** Deposited certificate no.
- L** Specific symbols of Atex marking
- M** Name of manufacturer



CE - Ex Mark

- Environmental limits (ambient temperature range: - 20°C to + 40°C).
- Temperature class: **T4** for 2G and **135°C** for 2D. Some types of gearbox, as specified in the catalogue, are exceptions to this rule and are marked temperature class: **T3** for 2G or **160°C** for 2D.
- Notified body with whom the technical file has been deposited.



Nameplate data for Series A ATEX-specified gearboxes

A			CE			
Type	B				i	C
Code	D	Mount.P.	G	Oil	R	
P 1	J	n 1	M	M 2	S	
A 1	K	R 1	N	xR 1	O	
A 2	L	R 2	P	xR 2	Q	
F		Ta	T	E		
		Lifetime	U	H		
		EC-Cert.No.	V	X		
Ex		Y		X		



CE - Ex Mark

- Environmental limits (ambient temperature range: - 20°C to + 40°C).
- Temperature class: **T4** for 2G and **135°C** for 2D.
- Notified body with whom the technical file has been deposited.

- A Name of manufacturer
- B Gearbox type
- C Gear ratio
- D Product code
- E Serial number
- F Country of production
- G Mounting position
- H Bar code
- J Input power
- K Input thrust load
- L Output thrust load
- M Input speed
- N Input radial load
- O Input radial load application distance
- P Output radial load
- Q Output radial load application distance
- R Lubricant
- S Output transmissible torque [Nm]
- T Ambient temperature
- U Gearbox lifetime
- V Acknowledgement of receipt number
- X Calculation report
- Y Specific symbols of Atex marking



Legibility of the nameplate

The nameplate and the information thereon must be legible at all times. The nameplate should therefore be cleaned from time to time.

Always quote the identifying data on the nameplate in all correspondence with the manufacturer, when ordering spare parts, requesting information or arranging technical assistance.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE EQUIPMENT

This gearbox has been designed and made for integration in an assembly of rigidly interconnected parts or mechanisms conceived to perform a specific application in which power may be provided by an electric motor.

Depending on the requirements of the application, the gearbox can be supplied in a variety of versions and configurations.

The gearbox is designed to satisfy specific requirements in the mechanical, chemical, agricultural and food industries, etc.

The manufacturer offers a range of accessories and optional variants to make gearboxes as versatile as possible. For further technical information and descriptions, refer to the relevant catalogue.

The user is responsible for using the products recommended for the installation and maintenance of the gearbox in an appropriate manner and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS FOR ATEX-COMPLIANT GEARBOXES



- Use only synthetic lubricants (oil and grease).
- Use only fluoroelastomer seals.
- Apply thread lock to all external bolts and plugs.
- Fit vent plugs with anti-intrusion valves.
- Fit double oil seals on the output shafts of C Series gearboxes, and oil seals with dust traps on all other types.
- Ensure that all components and products can resist temperatures above the maximum rated operating temperature.
- Ensure that there are no metal parts in sliding contact outside the gearbox.
- Ensure that plastic parts cannot accumulate an electrostatic charge, or are shielded if they can.
- Install irreversible heat sensors.
- Installations in zones 21 and 22 require the user to draft and implement a regular cleaning schedule for all surfaces and recesses to avoid the build-up of dust.
- To prevent dust building up in difficult to access areas, sealing devices, mounting flanges and external threads must be provided at all mobile couplings.

3.3 CONFORMITY

All gearboxes or gearmotors (when supplied with motor) are designed as state of the art devices in compliance with the provisions of applicable Essential Health and Safety Requirements.

All gearmotor motors conform to the provisions of the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC.



If specified for use in potentially explosive atmospheres, gearboxes must also be designed and constructed to conform with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements (EHSR) of Annex II of the ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU and must conform to the following classification:

- Equipment group: **II**.
- Category: Gas **2G** – Dust **2D**.
- Zone: Gas **1** – Dust **21**.
- Temperature class: **T4** for 2G and **135°C** for 2D.
- Some types of gearbox, as specified in this catalogue, are exceptions to this rule and are marked temperature class **T3** for 2G or **160°C** for 2D.



3.4 OPERATING LIMITS AND CONDITIONS



The applications permitted by the Manufacturer are the industrial applications for which the gearbox has been designed.



Changes to the gearbox version or mounting position are only permitted if previously authorised by the manufacturer's technical assistance service.



Failure to obtain this authorisation invalidates the ATEX certification.

Refer to chapter "ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS" for the optimum ambient conditions.



The gearbox may not be used in areas and environments:

- with highly corrosive/abrasive vapours, smoke or dust
- In direct contact with loose food products.

Do not use the gearbox/gearmotor, if not explicitly intended for the purpose, in a potentially explosive atmosphere or where the use of explosion-proof equipment is specified.



The maximum surface temperature specified on the nameplate refers to measurements made in normal ambient and installation conditions.




Even minimal variations in these conditions (e.g. smaller mounting compartments, proximity of external equipment to the gear unit that generates heat and not provided by the manufacturer) may have a significant effect on heat dissipation.

3,5 ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS

Symbols	Description / Condition	Value (*)	
		Synthetic Oil	Mineral Oil
t_a	Ambient temperature		
$t_{au \text{ min}}$	Minimum operating ambient temperature	-30°C	-10°C
$t_{au \text{ Max}}$	Maximum operating ambient temperature	+50°C	+40°C
$t_{as \text{ min}}$	Minimum storage ambient temperature	-40°C	-10°C
$t_{as \text{ Max}}$	Maximum storage ambient temperature	+50°C	+50°C
t_s	Surface temperature		
$t_{s \text{ min}}$	Minimum gearbox surface temperature starting with partial load (#)	-25°C	-10°C
$t_{sc \text{ min}}$	Minimum gearbox surface temperature starting with full load	-10°C	-5°C
$t_{s \text{ Max}}$	Maximum casing surface temperature during continuous operation (measured next to the gearbox input)	+100°C	+100°C (@)
t_o	Oil temperature		
$t_{o \text{ Max}}$	Maximum oil temperature during continuous operation	+95°C	+95°C (@)

(*) = For further information about minimum and maximum values of different oil viscosity refer to the table "Selection of the optimal oil viscosity" on the catalog available on www.bonfiglioli.com

(@) = Continuous operation it is not advised if t_s and t_o range is 80°C to 95 °C.

(#) = For full load start-up it is recommended to ramp-up and provide for greater absorption of the motor.
If needed, contact Bonfiglioli Technical Service. 



4 HANDLING AND TRANSPORT



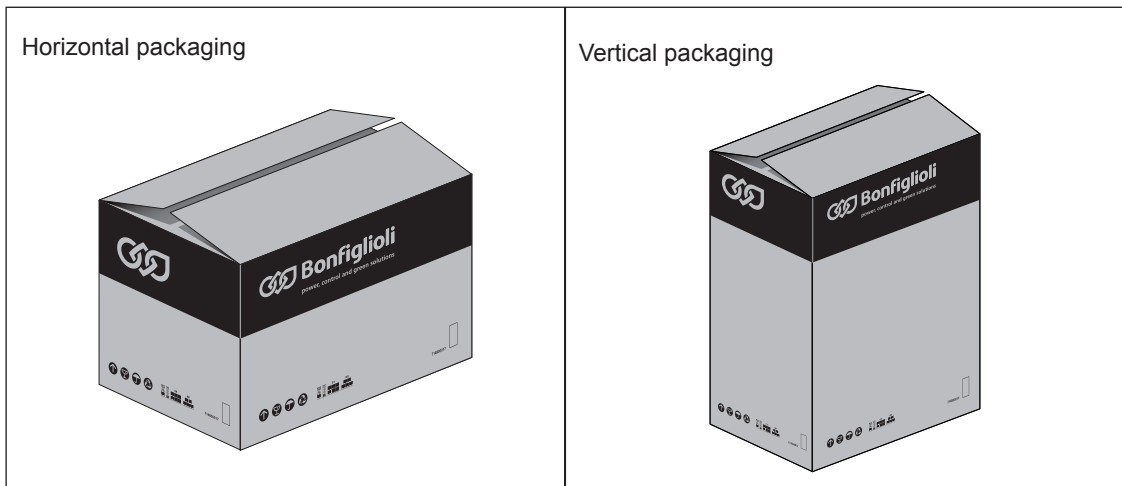
Personnel authorised to handle packages must take all necessary precautions to safeguard their own safety and that of all other persons involved.

4.1 PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS

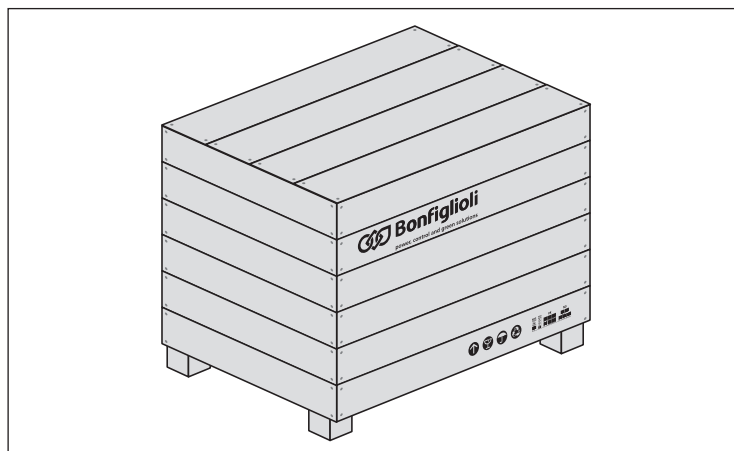
Unless otherwise agreed, standard packaging, if supplied, is not rainproof. This type of packaging is intended for shipping by ground and not by sea, and for storage in areas which are under cover and not humid. The material can be stored in suitable conditions for a period of two years under cover at a temperature within the limits specified in the chapter "ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS" and at a relative humidity not in excess of 80%. Storage in all other conditions requires specific packaging. In order to facilitate handling, heavy packages can be loaded on pallets.

The most frequent types of packaging are shown in the figures below.

Standard carton pallet packaging.



Special wooden crates.



On receipt of the gearbox, make sure the delivery corresponds to the purchase order and that it is not damaged or faulty in any way. Report any problems to the Manufacturer's sales network.



Dispose of packaging materials as stipulated by applicable legislation.

4.2 HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS



Handle packages according to the instructions provided by the manufacturer on the packages themselves, if present. If the weight and shape of the packages makes manual handling unfeasible, use special equipment to avoid damage and injury. Personnel authorised to use lifting and moving equipment must be trained and experienced in the operations required in order to avoid risks to themselves and other persons.

4.2.1 Moving the packages

- Prepare a suitable, delimited area with a level floor or surface for unloading the packages.
- Prepare the equipment required for handling the package. The lifting and handling equipment (e.g. crane or lift truck) must be of adequate capacity for the weight and size of the load, taking into account its attachment points and centre of gravity. If required, this information is indicated on the package itself. Harness heavy packages with chains, belts and steel ropes after checking that they are suitable for the weight of the load, which is always specified.
- When handling the load keep it level horizontally to avoid tipping and instability.

4.2.2 Moving the equipment



All the following operations must be carried out with the greatest care and attention to avoid sudden movements during the handling of the gearbox.

When lifting the gearbox, only use accessories such as eyebolts, shackles, safety hooks, straps, ropes and hooks, etc. that are fully certified and adequate for the load to be lifted. Do not use eyebolts on the motor to lift gearmotors.

Miscellaneous accessories (e.g. connecting flanges, etc.) and/or motors coupled to the gearbox may significantly alter the centre of gravity and impair stability. Use an additional lifting point in such cases, if necessary.

During lifting operations, the load must not be allowed to swing beyond an arc of $\pm 15^\circ$. If greater swinging movements occur during movement, stop and repeat the operations for the lifting system adopted.

To rotate the gearbox, use the same attachment points used to lift it and proceed as instructed for lifting. Rotate the gearbox as near as possible to a supporting surface. Pay special attention to the location of the centre of gravity to prevent the load from becoming unbalanced as it is being rotated. Lifting gear must be attached in such a way that it cannot slip off or move, as this could cause the load to fall. This is especially important if the gearbox is being rotated using slings or ropes, since these are particularly prone to slipping off their attachment points.



When manually lifting small size gearboxes (weighing less than 15 kg), always wear suitable clothing as well as gloves and safety footwear.

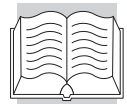


- Identify the attachment points for lifting the gearbox, as shown in the drawings.
- Prepare the gearbox for lifting by attaching straps, hooks, etc. to its attachment points, or alternatively use a pallet for moving the load. When using a crane, first lift the gearbox vertically out of its packaging.
- If using a fork lift or pallet truck, remove the packaging and insert the forks at the positions provided.
- Lift the load very slowly and to a limited height above the ground, and check that it is stable.
- Move the gearbox to the unloading area and lower it gently into position, taking care not to cause sudden oscillations while moving it.

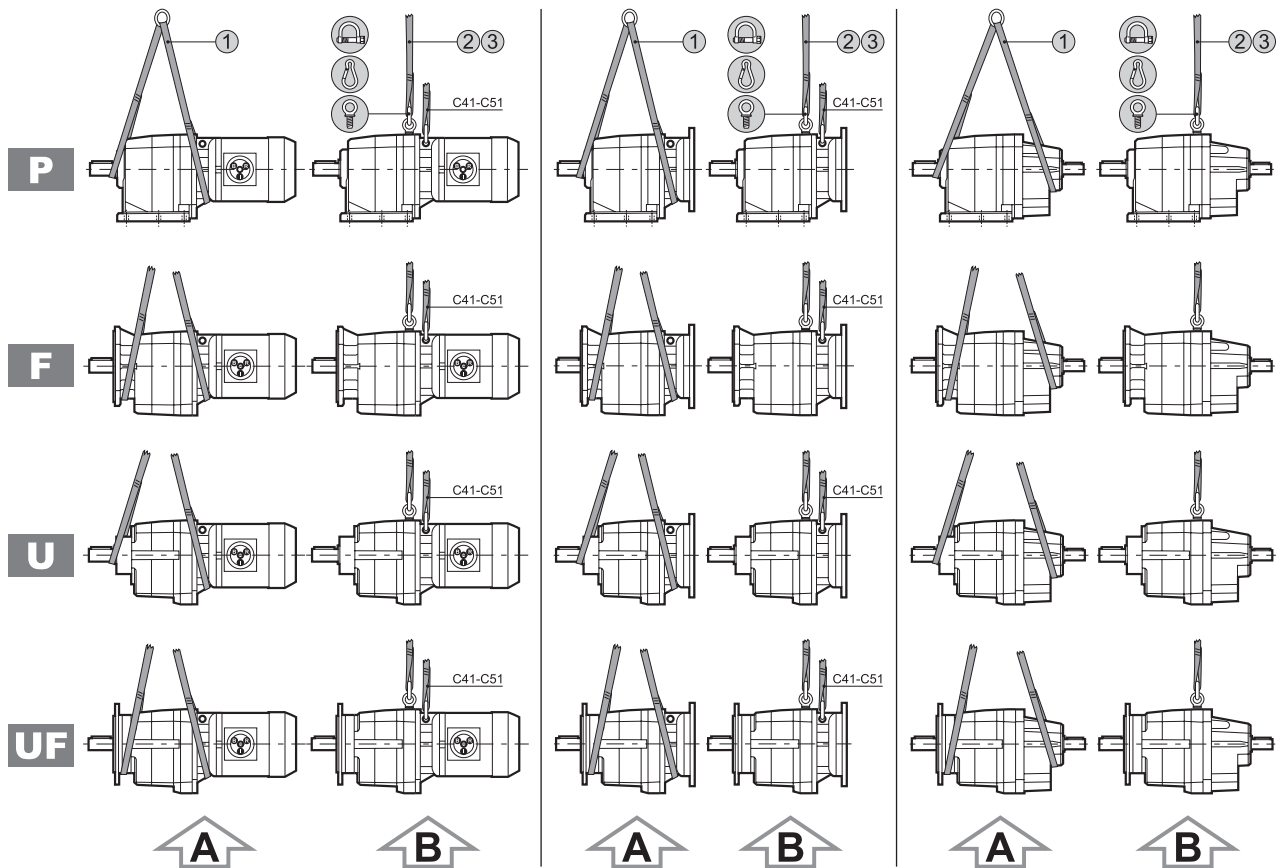
The following pages illustrate in detail the different lifting methods to be adopted for the gearbox series, sizes and configurations described in this manual. The most suitable solution for the safe lifting and moving of each product is shown.

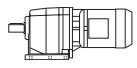

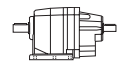
Legend:

Type of lifting	Manual	With mechanical lifting equipment	
Symbol	M	A	B
Approx. weight	≤ 15 kg	> 15 kg	
Requirement	—	Recommended method for positioning	Recommended method for moving and positioning
Warning	—	The load may be unstable	The load may sway or oscillate
Solution	—	<p>Slide the lifting ring to align it with the load's centre of gravity as shown in the diagrams below.</p> <p>Lock the ropes below the ring with a cable clamp or similar device to prevent them from sliding, then lift the load.</p> <p>Observe all precautions regarding the handling of loads.</p>	<p>Stabilise the moving load by hand.</p> <p>Observe all precautions regarding the handling of loads.</p>






C Series

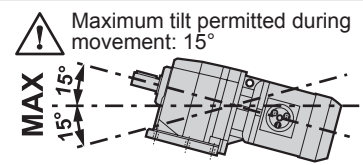


									
	M0	M05	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5		
C 05	M		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
C 12	—	M	A		—	—	M	M	
C 22	—	M	A		—	—	M	M	
C 32	—	M	A		—	—	M	M	
C 36	A			—	—	—	A	A	
C 41	A - B			—	—	—	A - B	A - B	
C 51	—	—	A - B		—	—	A - B	A - B	
C 61	—	—	A - B		—	A	A - B	A - B	
C 70	—	—	A - B		—	A	A - B	A - B	
C 80	—	—	A - B		—	A	A - B	A - B	
C 90	—	—	A - B		—	A	A - B	A - B	
C 100	—	—	A - B		—	A	A - B	A - B	

- ① Strap and ring
- ② Rope and hooks
- ③ Open strap and eye-bolts

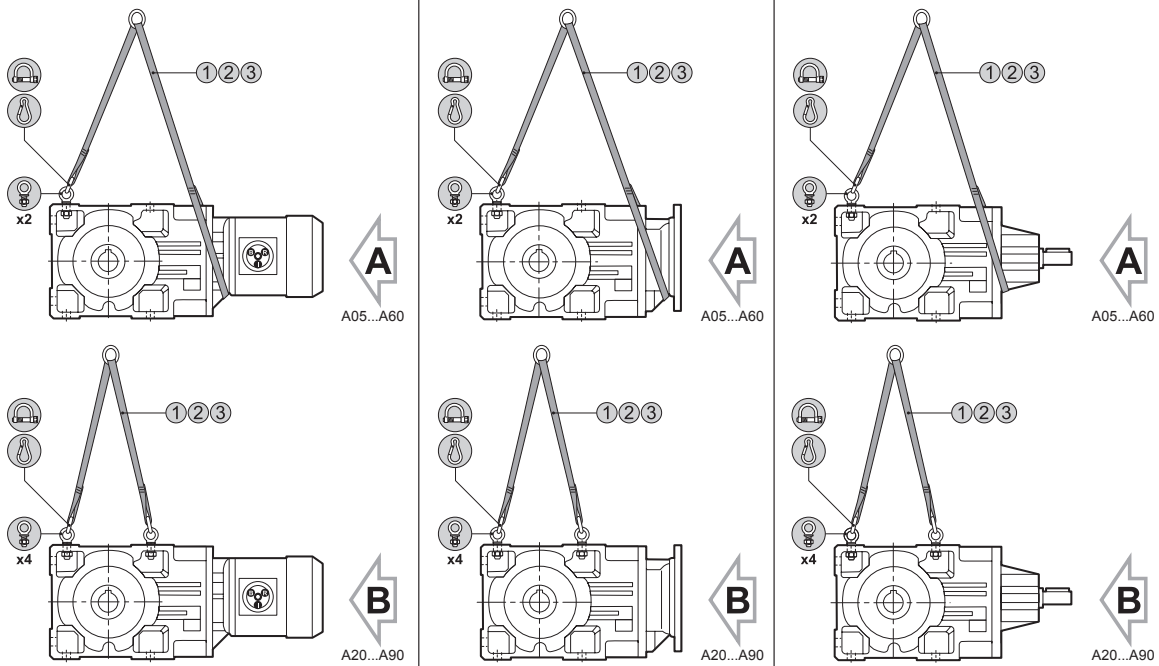
-  Shackle (for use with strap)
-  Safety hook (for use with rope)
-  Eye-bolt (already present on C51...C100 gearboxes)

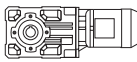
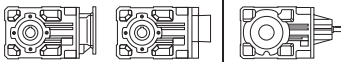
- M** Lift manually (weight ≤ 15 kg)
- A** Lift according to drawing A
- B** Lift according to drawing B





A Series



								
	M05	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5		
A 05	M		A	—	—	—	—	—
A 10	M		A	—	—	—	M	M
A 20	A - B				—	—	M (P63...P90) (SK 60A...SK 110B) (SC 60A...SC 95C)	M
A 30	A					—	A	A
A 35	A					—	A	A
A 41	A - B					—	A - B	A - B
A 50	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
A 55	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
A 60	—	B					A - B	A - B
A 70	—	B					B	B
A 80	—	B					B	B
A 90	—	B					B	B

① Strap and ring



Shackle (for use with strap)

M Lift manually (weight ≤ 15 kg)



Maximum tilt permitted during movement: 15°

② Rope and hooks



Safety hook (for use with rope)

A Lift according to drawing A

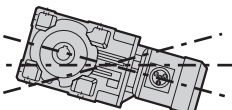


③ Open strap and eye-bolts

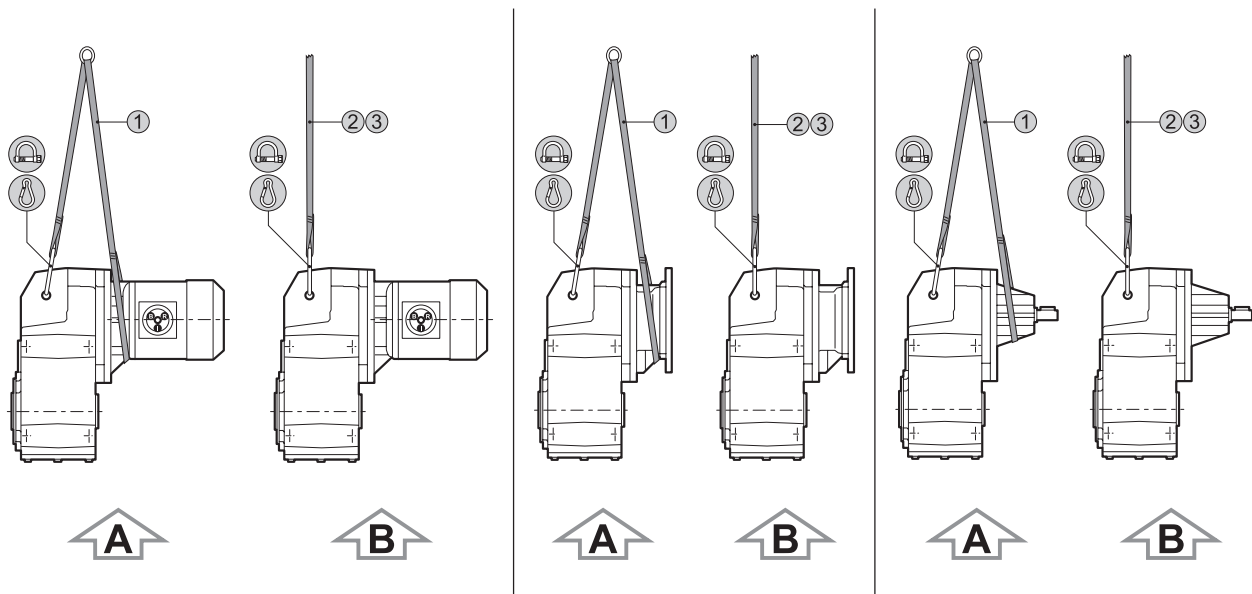


Eye-bolt

B Lift according to drawing B



F Series



	M05	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5		
F 10	M	A - B		—	—	M	M	
F 20	A - B					M (P63...P90) (SK 60A...SK 110B) (SC 60A...SC 95C)	M	
						A - B (P100...P112) (SC 110A-SC 110B)		
F 25	A					M (P63...P90) (SK 60A...SK 110B) (SC 60A...SC 95C)	M	
						A - B (P100...P112) (SC 110A-SC 110B)		
F 31	A					—	A	A
F 41	A - B					—	A - B	A - B
F 51	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
F 60	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
F 70	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
F 80	—	A - B					A - B	A - B
F 90	—	A - B					A - B	A - B

① Strap and ring

② Rope and hooks

③ Open strap and eye-bolts

Shackle
(for use with strap)

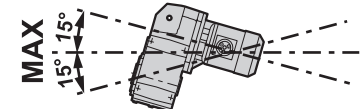
Safety hook
(for use with rope)

M Lift manually
(weight ≤ 15 kg)

A Lift according
to drawing A

B Lift according
to drawing B

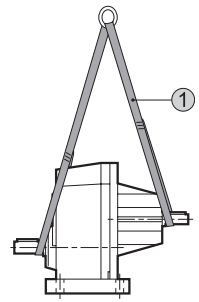
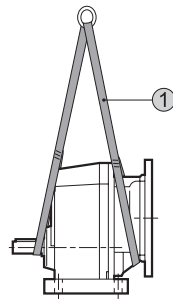
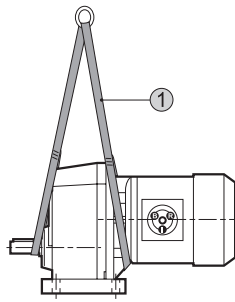
Maximum tilt permitted during
movement: 15°



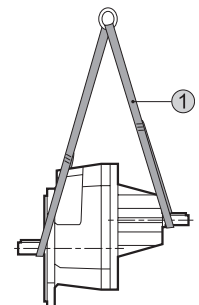
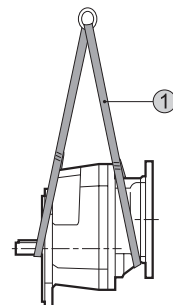
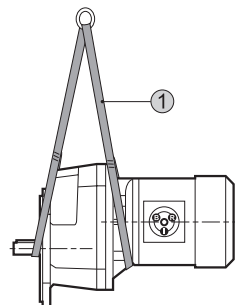


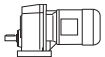


S Series

P



F



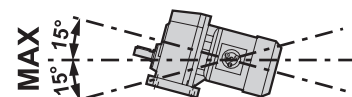
								
	M05	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5		
S 10	M		A		—	—	M	M
S 20	M		A		—	—	M	M
S 30	M		A			—	M	M
S 40			A			—	A	A
S 50			A			—	A	A

① Strap and ring

M Lift manually (weight ≤ 15 kg)

A Lift according to drawing A

 Maximum tilt permitted during movement: 15°



4.3 STORAGE



Place the gearbox/gearmotor on a stable base and make sure that there is no risk of it moving or falling off.

The following recommendations should be followed when storing the gearbox/gearmotor.

1. Do not store the unit in excessively humid conditions or where it is exposed to the weather (i.e. outdoors).
2. Avoid excessive variations in temperature as this can cause condensation inside the gearbox and its accessories.
3. Do not place the gearbox directly on the ground.
4. Store the packaged gearbox (if allowed) in accordance with the instructions on the packaging itself.



If the gearbox/gearmotor is stored temporarily outdoors it must be protected to ensure that humidity and foreign matters cannot penetrate to the interior.

If the gearbox is to be stored for more than 6 months, the following **additional** precautions must be taken.

5. Coat all external machined surfaces with a protective anti-corrosion product such as Shell Ensis SX (or a product with similar properties and application range). Check the surfaces regularly and re-apply the protective coating as necessary.
6. Fill the gearbox with lubricating oil and replace any vent plugs with blind plugs. This operation does not apply to gearboxes that are lubricated for life (see the "LUBRICATION" section).

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN PREPARING GEARBOXES FOR SERVICE AFTER STORAGE.



Thoroughly clean the output shaft and external surfaces to remove all rustproofing products, contaminants and other impurities (using a standard commercial solvent). Do this outside the explosion hazard area.

Do not allow solvent to come into contact with seal rings as this may damage them and cause them to leak.



If the oil or protective product used during storage is not compatible with the synthetic oil required for service, clean out the inside of the gearbox thoroughly before filling with the service oil.

Storage for periods of over 1 year reduces the service life of bearing grease. Bearing grease must be synthetic.



5 INSTALLATION

5.1 INSTALLING THE GEARBOX



All phases of installation and maintenance must be taken into consideration from the machine design stage. Design personnel must, if necessary, implement a safety plan to protect the health and safety of all persons directly involved and to ensure the rigorous application of all relevant legislation.

It is essential for impact and stress to be avoided during the installation process.

Before installing a gearmotor, also refer to the instructions contained in the installation and user manual for the electric motor.

Before installing the gearbox:

1. Drain out the oil used for storage if it is not the same as the oil used for normal functioning, and flush the inside of the gearbox out thoroughly (see the "LUBRICATION" section in this manual).
2. Carefully remove all packaging and protective coatings from the gearbox suitable solvents. Take special care when cleaning mating surfaces. Avoid getting solvents on the shaft seal rings.
3. Check that the data on the nameplate correspond to those specified in the order.
4. Ensure that the structure in which the gearbox is to be mounted is sufficiently robust and rigid to support its weight and operating forces. If normal service is likely to involve impacts, extended overloads or possible seizures, fit the necessary hydraulic couplings, clutches, torque limiters, etc..
5. Check that the machine in which the gearbox is to be installed is switched off and cannot be accidentally started up.
6. Check that all coupling surfaces are flat.
7. Check that the shaft/shaft or shaft/ bore are perfectly aligned for coupling.
8. Fit suitable guards to prevent accidental contact with rotating parts outside the gearbox.
9. If the work environment is corrosive for the gearbox or any of its parts, follow the special precautions required for aggressive environments. Contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service for further details.
- 10. We recommend applying a protective paste such as Klüberpaste 46 MR 401 (or a product with similar properties and application range) to all key type couplings to ensure optimal coupling and protection against fretting corrosion. Clean all friction couplings thoroughly but do not apply any protective pastes to them.**
11. Thoroughly clean all other contact surfaces (feet, flanges, etc.) and apply a suitable protective product to them to prevent oxidation.
12. Mechanical organs keyed on to the solid gearbox output shafts must be machined to an ISO H7 tolerance to prevent couplings from seizing and to prevent irreparable damage to the gearbox during installation. To ensure effective coupling, driven shafts should be machined to the tolerances specified in the "PREPARING CUSTOMER SHAFTS" section in this manual.
13. In outdoor installations, protect the gearbox and its motor from direct sunlight and inclement weather by means of canopies or covers. Make sure that the assembly is properly ventilated.
14. Make sure that the casing of the gearbox is connected to the equipotential protection (earth/ground) circuit of the machine in which it is installed.
15. Evaluate whether accessible surfaces may exceed the temperature limits established in EN ISO 13732-1 on the basis of the gearbox conditions of use and ambient temperatures; if these limits can be easily reached or exceeded, the surfaces in question must be protected to prevent contact (by means of guards and/or lagging). Wherever impossible, signs bearing symbol 5041 of IEC standard 60417 "Warning! Hot surfaces" must be displayed in such a way that they are clearly visible to machine operators (bearing in mind the position and orientation of the gearbox). Refer to chapter "ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS" for further details.



Symbol 5041 of IEC standard 60417 "Risk of burns! Hot Parts"

Proceed as follows to install the gearbox.

16. Place the gearbox in the vicinity of the installation area.
17. Mount the gearbox and secure it to the structure at the fixing points provided. Secure the gearbox to the structure using all the fixing points on the relevant mounting (foot or flange).
18. Locate the blind service plug fitted for shipping and replace it with the vent plug included in the supply (if relevant). Refer to the plug diagram in the “LUBRICATION” section of this manual.
19. Tighten the fixing bolts to the torque values given in the following table.

(tab 1)

Bolt size	Fixing bolt tightening torque [Nm]		
	Bolt class		Stainless steel
	8.8	10.9	
	+5% /-10%		+5% /-5%
M2.5	0,75	—	—
M3	1,34	—	—
M4	3	4,5	2,1
M5	5.9	8,9	4,2
M6	10.3	15,3	7,3
M8	25.5	37	18
M10	50	73	35
M12	87.3	127	61
M14	138.3	201	150
M16	210.9	314	—
M18	306	435	—
M20	432	615	—
M22	592	843	—
M24	744	1060	—
M27	1100	1570	—
M30	1500	2130	—
M33	1850	2600	—
M36	2350	3300	—
M39x3	3200	4500	—
M42x3	4050	5700	—

In general, 8.8 grade bolts are sufficient for correct installation. Under particularly harsh operating conditions, grade 10.9 bolts can also be used.

If grade 10.9 bolts are used, make sure that the structure in which they are fitted is of adequate strength. Do not use bolts graded higher than 8.8 to install gearboxes with mounting elements (casing, flange or foot) made from aluminium.

20. Fill the gearbox with oil or top up as necessary, as instructed in the “LUBRICATION” section in this manual.
21. Check that all service plugs are tightened to the torque values given in the following table.

(tab 2)

Plug/vent thread	Pitch (threads per inch)	Tightening torque [Nm]	
		Plugs with non-metallic gasket	Plugs with aluminum or copper gasket
		+5%/-5%	
1/8"	28	5	10
1/4"	19	7	10
3/8"	19	7	20
1/2"	14	14	30
3/4"	14	14	40
1"	11	25	40
M14x2	2 [mm]	20	—



ATEX INCLUDED

Installing ATEX-specified gearboxes

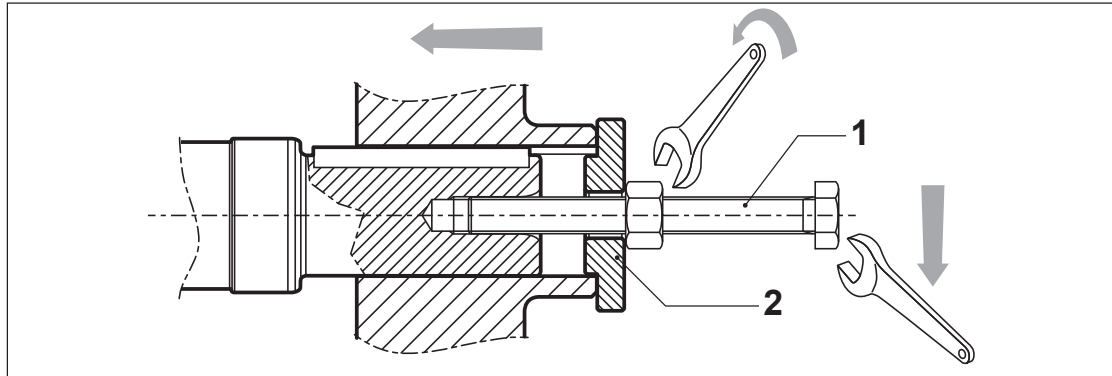
- Category 2D gearboxes must be installed in compliance with the provisions of standards EN 1127-1, EN 61241-14 and EN 61241-17. Installation technicians must be fully qualified to work in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- Installation technicians must be aware of the ATEX classification of the installation area, must understand the risks associated with potentially explosive atmospheres with particular reference to explosion and fire hazards, and must adopt all necessary safety precautions.
- All maintenance, assembly and disassembly work must be done **by specialist personnel outside the explosion hazard area.**
- Check that all accessory components (cables, joints, cable clamps, heat exchangers, etc.) also comply with the requirements of the ATEX directive. Handle all components with extreme care to avoid altering their characteristics.
- For gearboxes series C and F remove the sealing bolts from the threaded holes needed to install the gearbox. Take care not to damage the mating surfaces.
- For A series gearboxes in category 2D, insert the supplied screws into the threaded holes not used for fixing the gearbox (eg. Provision for output flange). The screws should be placed “flush” on the surface and locked with Loctite 510, or similar product for properties and application range. Take care not to damage the mating surfaces.
- When installing gearboxes with reaction arms, make sure that no sliding movement is generated between metallic parts when the gearbox is functioning. If necessary, fit non-metallic anti-friction elements conforming to Directive 2014/34/EU between moving metal parts.
- Do not connect any object with an electrical resistance greater than $10^9 \Omega$ to the gearbox.
- Install guards to prevent hazardous accumulations of dust and liquids at the seals of protruding shafts and to protect them mechanically.
- The gearbox input speed (or the speed of the motor coupled to it) must not exceed $n_1=1500 \text{ min}^{-1}$ for series C and F gearboxes. For series A gearboxes input speed must not exceed the speed shown on the name plate.
- When installing a gearmotor with the electric motor arranged vertically with its shaft facing down, the motor must be covered by a protective canopy.
- The output shaft and any pulleys or other transmission components must be perfectly aligned.
- Only install the gearbox with the motor version and in the mounting position specified in the order. Shaft-mounted gearboxes can be installed with a tolerance of $\pm 5^\circ$ to the theoretical plane of installation.
- If the gearbox is supplied without lubricant it must be installed as it is and only filled with lubricant on completion of installation.
- Secure the gearbox to a flat, vibration-free surface capable of bearing the torsional stresses it produces in service. Take care not to deform mating surfaces, mounting feet or flanges by over-tightening fixing bolts.
- Use bolts graded no lower than 8.8 for mounting the gearbox. For heavy duty installations 10.9 grade bolts can be used. Do not use bolts graded higher than 8.8 to install gearboxes with mounting elements (casing, flange or foot) made from aluminium. See the “INSTALLING THE GEARBOX” section in this manual for tightening torque values. To stop mounting bolts becoming loose, apply Loctite 510 (or a product with similar properties and application range) to the threads of all bolts securing the gearbox to the machine structure and to the electric motor, also apply it to the threads of all the oil plugs (even on those eventually removed for oil level check, before their relocation).
- Make sure that overhung and thrust loads and operating torques do not exceed those for which the gearbox is specified.
- Make sure that the vent plugs and oil level plugs are easy to access for inspection.
- Clean the gearbox thoroughly after installation.



5.1.1 Gearboxes with solid shafts (input and output)

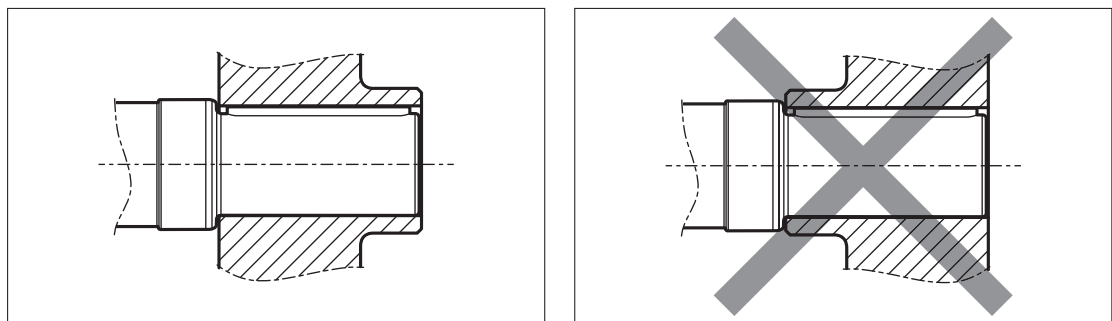


Do not use hammers or other tools which might damage the gearbox shafts or bearings to fit external parts. Proceed as shown below, following the recommendations given in the “INSTALLING CONNECTING ELEMENTS” section in this manual:



Bolt (1) and spacer (2) shown above are not included in the supply.

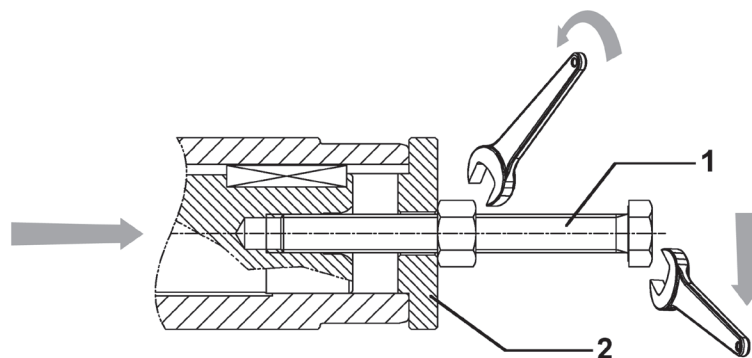
To minimise the loads on the shaft bearings, when mounting transmission mechanisms with asymmetrical hubs use the configuration shown in diagram (A) below:



(A)

5.1.2 Gearboxes with hollow output shaft and keyway or with splined hollow output shaft

Proceed as shown in the following diagram to couple gearboxes with a hollow output shaft to solid machine shafts. See also the “PREPARING CUSTOMER SHAFTS” section in this manual.



The tie bolt (1) and spacer (2) are not included in the consignment.



5.1.3 Gearboxes with shrink disc

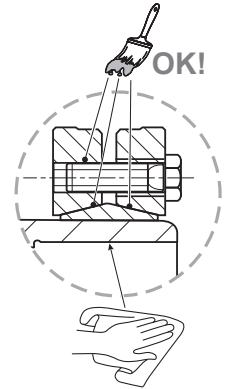
Certain gearboxes may be equipped with a shrink disc for coupling the hollow output shaft to the driven shaft. Proceed as follows to install a gearbox of this type.

1. Remove the protective guard
2. Loosen the shrink disc locking bolts gradually one at a time without completely removing them. Remove the entire shrink disc.

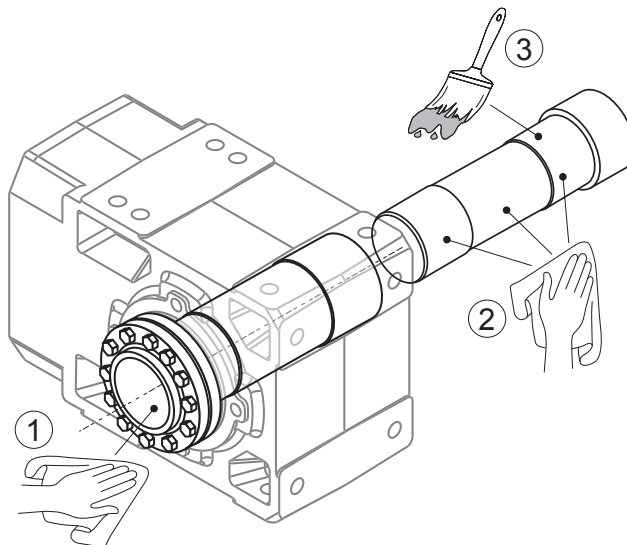


Clean and carefully degrease the mating surfaces on the gearbox output shaft and the machine shaft.

Do not apply molybdenum disulphide or any other grease to these mating surfaces as this could significantly reduce friction and impair the performance of the shrink disc. On the other hand, take care not to remove the grease from the parts shown on the shrink disc.

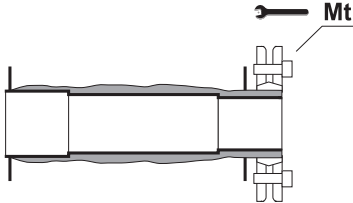



To facilitate removal, we recommend that you apply a film of protective paste such as Klüberpaste 46 MR 401 (or a product with similar properties and application range) to the cylindrical alignment surface opposite the shrink disc.




3. Fit the gearbox to the machine and couple its output shaft to the driven shaft.
4. Fit the shrink disc to the gearbox shaft.
5. Fully tighten the shrink disc bolts gradually and one at a time in a clockwise sequence using a torque wrench. This operation usually has to be repeated several times to reach the tightening torque M_t specified in the table below.

(tab 3)



	A 05	A 10	A 20	A 30	A 35	A 41	A 50	A 55	A 60	A 70	A 80	A 90
Mt [Nm]	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	35	35	35	35	69	69

	F 10	F 20	F 25	F 31	F 41	F 51	F 60	F 70	F 80	F 90
Mt [Nm]	8.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	35	35	69	69

Torque the shrink disc as prescribed to assure axial fixing of the transmission, in the absence of external loads.

6. Finally, fit the protective cover and tighten the screws.



For ATEX-specified gearboxes fit the protective cover applying a layer of sealant such as Loctite 5366 (or a product with similar properties and application range) to the centering and the frontal mating surfaces and tighten the bolts applying on these Loctite 510 (or a product with similar properties and application range).



In the presence of external thrust loads, vibration, safety problems, requirements for enhanced reliability, or unfavourable mounting positions (e.g. output shaft directed downwards), install suitable devices to secure the shaft in an axial direction and prevent accidental decoupling.



The shrink disc coupling must not be disassembled or lubricated before being reinstalled. Only disassemble and clean the shrink disc if it becomes dirty.



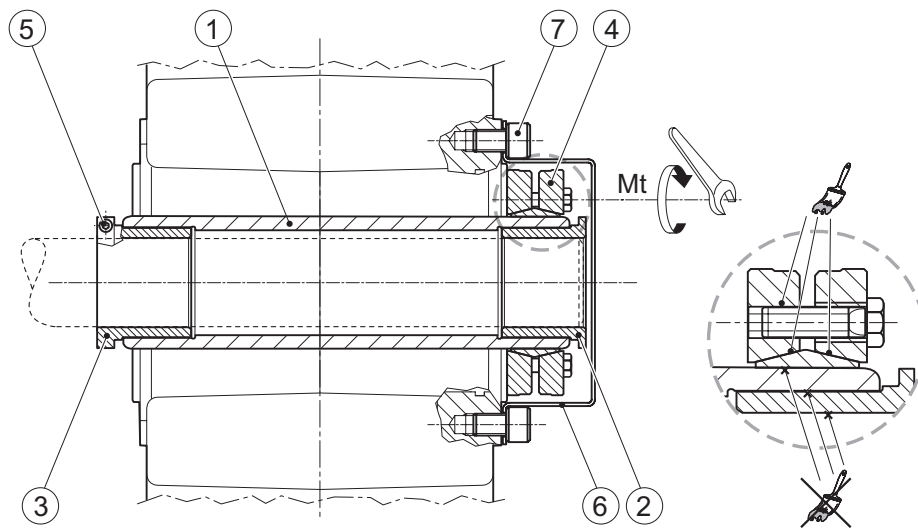
When cleaning and/or during maintenance, only lubricate the internal sliding surfaces of the shrink disc using a solid lubricant with a friction value of $\mu = 0.04$, such as Klüber Molybkombin UMF T4 (or a product offering equivalent performance and durability).



Never run the gearbox when the shrink disc protective guard is not fitted.



5.1.4 Gearboxes with adapter bushes



a) Thoroughly clean and degrease the mating surfaces of the machine shaft, gearbox output shaft (1), elastic bush (2), stop bush (3) and shrink disc (4), with the shrink disc removed from its hub.



Do not apply molybdenum disulphide or any other grease to the mating surfaces of the shrink disc as this could significantly reduce friction and impair the performance of the shrink disc.

- b) Fit the stop bush (3) and tightening clamp into the seat in the gearbox shaft on the side on which the shaft protrudes least.
- c) Fit the gearbox complete with stop bush over the driven shaft and slide it down to the required position.
- d) Fit the elastic bush (2) to the driven shaft and push it firmly into its seat in the gearbox hollow shaft.
- e) Tighten the bolt (5) in the collar of the stop bush (3) to a torque of 6 Nm.
- f) Loosen the bolts of the shrink disc and fit it over the output shaft protruding from the gearbox. Tighten the bolts again without applying excessive force and check that the shrink disc is correctly aligned with the hub.
- g) Use a torque wrench to tighten the shrink disc bolts, applying the same force and proceeding around the disc.



Reach the final torque value in three stages of gradual tightening. Respect the tightening torque values specified in the table.

(tab 4)

	A 10	A 20	A 30	A 35	A 41	A 50	A 55	A 60
	10 Nm	10 Nm	5.2 Nm	12 Nm	12 Nm	12 Nm	30 Nm	30 Nm
	F 10	F 20	F 25	F 31	F 41	F 51	F 60	
	10 Nm	10 Nm	9 Nm	5.2 Nm	10 Nm	12 Nm	30 Nm	

h) Finally, fit the protective cover (6) and tighten the screws (7).

5.2 ANCHORING THE TORQUE ARM

For shaft-mounted solutions, on request, the gearbox can be equipped with a torque arm.

This device comes complete with an anti-vibration bush (included in the supply) and is specifically designed and sized for the purpose. As such it offers the best possible guarantee of correct functioning for the assembly.



The machine shaft must be able to support the gearbox radially and axially. The torque arm must fit without stress.

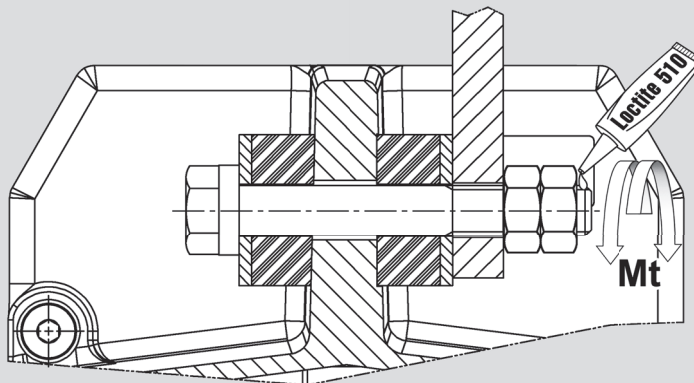
The torque bolt must be fitted on the side of the gearbox next to the driven machine. Supporting surfaces should be hardened and tempered (minimum hardness 58 HRC, with case hardening to a minimum depth of 0.6 mm), smoothed and ground if possible. Nitriding is an alternative treatment that guarantees a base material capable of resisting compression and scoring.

If safety is at risk and/or maximum reliability is required, install suitable devices to stop the gearbox rotating or breaking free if the torque arm or machine shaft should break.

Anchoring reaction arms for ATEX-specified F Series shaft-mounted gearboxes

Use the original vibration damping kit to ensure optimal functioning of the assembly, since it is specially designed and sized for use with the gearbox in explosion hazard areas.

Failure to use the original vibration damping kit with ATEX-specified gearboxes invalidates their ATEX homologation.



	Mt [Nm]
F 10	50
F 20	50
F 25	87.3
F 31	87.3
F 41	87.3
F 51	432
F 60	432

The reaction arm shown in the diagram is not included in the supply.

5.3 TACONITE SEALS (option TKL)

Taconite seals are recommended for environments characterised by the presence of abrasive dust or powders. Taconite seals incorporate a combination of sealing rings, labyrinths and grease chambers.

At the intervals specified in the «ROUTINE MAINTENANCE» section in this manual, inject about 30 grams of grease for rolling contact bearings through the grease nipples.

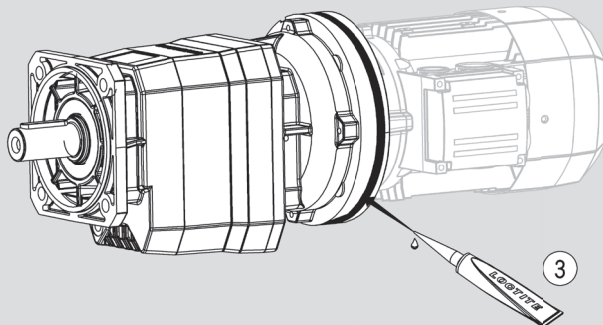
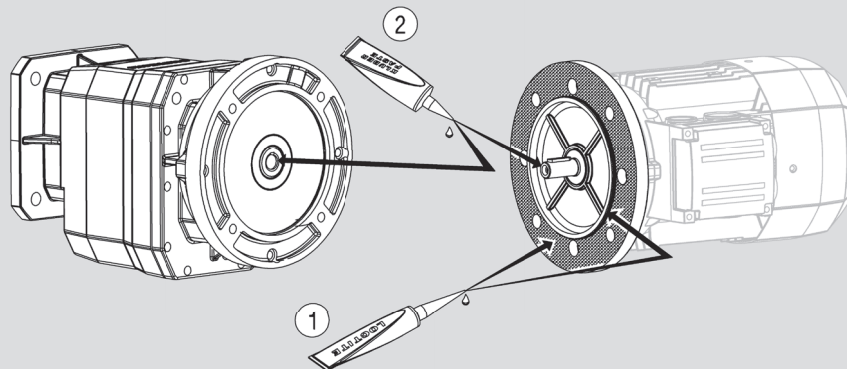


5.4 INSTALLING AN ELECTRIC MOTOR WITH AN IEC STANDARD FLANGE OR A SERVOMOTOR FOR AN SK TYPE INPUT

- Thoroughly clean and degrease all the mating surfaces between the motor and the gearbox (shafts and flanges).
- Do not force the surfaces together or use inappropriate tools to couple them. Take care not to damage the flat and/or cylindrical mating surfaces.
- Do not strain the coupling shafts with large thrust or overhung loads.
- To facilitate assembly, use a synthetic oil-based lubricating paste such as Klüberpaste 46 MR 401 (or a product with similar properties and application range).
- Tighten all the motor/gearbox fixing bolts to their prescribed torques. See the “INSTALLING THE GEARBOX” section in this manual for tightening torque values.

When the gearbox is to be coupled to a standard electric motor conforming to IEC 60072-1, proceed as follows.

- Apply a layer of sealant such as Loctite 510 (or a product with similar properties and application range) to the motor/gearbox coupling flanges, to the alignment ring and the frontal mating surfaces as shown in the figure below.



1. Apply Loctite 510 to the flat surface of the flange and to the alignment ring.
2. Apply Klüberpaste 46MR401 to the inside of the gearbox input shaft and to the motor shaft.
3. Seal the joint between the gearbox and the motor with Loctite 5366, taking care to fill any gaps between the two flanges (e.g. recesses for decoupling the units).

- With the motor coupled to the gearbox, apply a film of sealant such as Loctite 5366 (or a product with similar properties and application range) around the edges of the flanges to seal any gaps between their surfaces.
- If the output shaft is also equipped with a flange, the user must take similar precautions to prevent dust accumulating in the gaps between the flanges or in the vicinity of moving couplings.

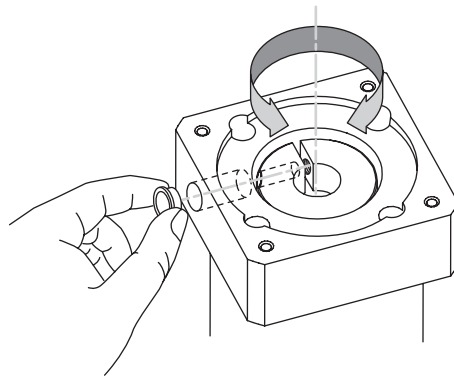
5.5 INSTALLING AN ELECTRIC MOTOR WITH A SHRINK DISC OR A SERVOMOTOR FOR AN SC TYPE INPUT

1. Thoroughly clean and degrease all the mating surfaces between the motor and the gearbox (shafts and flanges).



Do not apply molybdenum disulphide or any other grease to the mating surfaces of the motor and gearbox shafts, as this could significantly reduce friction and impair the performance of the shrink disc.

2. Do not force the surfaces together or use inappropriate tools to couple them. Take care not to damage the flat and/or cylindrical mating surfaces.
3. Avoid straining rotary coupling mechanisms with large thrust or overhung loads.
4. Remove the key from the motor shaft (if fitted).
5. Position the gearbox vertically with the adapter flange facing up.
6. Remove the cap from the hole in the adapter flange and turn the shrink disc until the head of the locking bolt lines up with the hole.



7. Orient the motor shaft so that the keyway aligns with the groove in the gearbox shaft and the shrink disc.
8. Couple the flanges of the motor and gearbox, making sure that they make close contact. Do not apply excessive force.
9. Apply a small amount of threadlock such as Loctite 243 to the fixing bolts. Fit the bolts and tighten them to the torque values given in the "INSTALLING THE GEARBOX" section.
10. Using a torque wrench calibrated to the correct torque setting, tighten the shrink disc locking bolt to the torque specified in the table below:

(tab 5)

Motor shaft Φ	Clamping device bolt	Tightening torque [Nm]
9	M5	8 - 9.3
11 - 14 - 19 - 24	M6	13.8 - 16.1
32 - 38	M8	33.3 - 38.9

11. Put the plug back in the hole in the adapter flange.



If the gearbox is installed in situations that are particularly hazardous to personal safety, install suitable safety devices, such as harnesses, safety chains and restraining systems, etc.,



5.6 INSTALLING CONNECTING ELEMENTS

Use the utmost caution when installing the various components, to ensure that no damage is caused to the gearbox and its parts, such as oil seals and mating surfaces, or internal parts such as gears and bearings.



Make sure that you have access to suitable lifting equipment to perform the installation operations correctly.



When installing external transmission parts do not use hammers or other unsuitable tools, to avoid the risk of damaging the gearbox shafts or supports.

When installing connecting elements it is advisable to preheat them slightly. Take the following precautions when doing so:



Adopt protection against contact with hot parts: risk of burns!



Protect the oil seals from damage and accidental overheating to avoid impairing their functionality (use a heat shield to protect against radiated heat).



The connecting or transmission elements must not transmit static or dynamic external loads to the shafts unless said loads have been calculated at the time of gearbox selection.

If the element to be coupled to the shaft is not fixed axially by the interference of the coupling, utilise suitable retaining components to prevent axial movement of the element in question on the shaft.

5.7 BACKSTOP DEVICE (optional variants AL, AR)

The backstop device ensures that the gearbox only turns in one direction, and prevents reverse movement caused by the load applied to the output shaft. The device consists of a caged free wheel mechanism with sprags.



In certain cases the backstop device can transmit less torque than the gearbox. Consult the sales catalogue for detailed information on this subject.

Before putting the gearbox into service, ensure that the output shaft turns freely in the required direction of travel without having to apply excessive force.



It is essential to prevent the motor from rotating in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the backstop device or the gear train.

5.8 PAINTING AND SURFACE PROTECTION

Gearboxes when no specific protection class is requested, if equipped with cast-iron housing are supplied with the housing painted in factory (GREY RAL 7042). The painted (ferrous) surfaces are protected to at least corrosivity class C2 (UNI EN ISO 12944-2). Aluminium casings are not painted. In the following table, the types and sizes of gearboxes that are painted are shown in grey.

(tab 6)

C 05	C 12	C 22	C 32	C 36	C 41	C 51	C 61	C 70	C 80	C 90	C 100
A 05	A 10	A 20	A 30	A 35	A 41	A 50	A 55	A 60	A 70	A 80	A 90
F 10	F 20	F 25	F 31	F 41	F 51	F 60	F 70	F 80	F 90		
S 10	S 20	S 30	S 40	S 50							

Through dedicated options (C3, C4) may be requested specific painting treatments for improved resistance to atmospheric corrosion, obtained by painting the complete gearbox and available in various colours.



If the gearbox has to be painted, protect the nameplate and seal rings against contact with paint and solvent.

Do not paint the mating surfaces that will be used for the final installation (foot or flanges). If mating surfaces are painted, carefully check that the gearbox is rigidly mounted and that its shafts are correctly aligned on completion of the installation.

Contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service before painting any control devices fitted to the gearbox.



5.9 LUBRICATION



Gearboxes can be supplied with or without lubricant, as shown in table 7, or as specified by the customer.

On gearboxes with an oil level plug, check the oil level before starting up the gearbox. As with filling, this operation must be done with the gearbox in the mounting position in which it will be used in the application. If necessary, fill or top up the lubricant to the half way point in the level window, to the reference notch on the dipstick, or until it starts to flow out of the plug hole.

The charts on the following pages show the position of the service plugs.




The lubricant utilised must be new and uncontaminated and can be poured in through the filler hole or from the inspection cover opening using a filler filter with 25 µm mesh, ensuring that the relative gasket is refitted without damaging it or reapplying the sealant to provide a perfectly oil-tight fit.

Gearboxes that are lubricated for life and not subject to external contamination do not normally require periodic lubricant changes. The following table identifies the gearboxes that are supplied with synthetic “for life” lubricant.

(tab 7)

C 05	C 12	C 22	C 32	C 36	C 41	C 51	C 61	C 70 ⁴⁾	C 80 ⁴⁾	C 90 ⁴⁾	C 100 ⁴⁾
A 05	A 10 ¹⁾	A 20 ¹⁾	A 30 ¹⁾	A 35 ¹⁾	A 41 ¹⁾	A 50 ¹⁾	A 55 ^{2) 4)}	A 60 2 ^{2) 3) 4) 5)}	A 70 ^{2) 4)}	A 80 ^{2) 4)}	A 90 ^{2) 4)}
F 10	F 20	F 25	F 31 ^{2) 4)}	F 41 ^{2) 4)}	F 51 ^{2) 4)}	F 60 ^{2) 4)}	F 70 ⁴⁾	F 80 ⁴⁾	F 90 ⁴⁾		
S 10	S 20	S 30	S 40	S 50							



-  Lubricated for life (unless specified with the SO option)
-  Lubrication supplied only with LO and ATEX options specified
-  Gearboxes normally supplied without lubricant, and supplied with synthetic oil only if the LO option is specified.

¹⁾ Without lubricant if the HDB option is specified only in mounting positions B6 and B7.

²⁾ Without lubricant if ATEX options are specified only in mounting positions B6 and B7 (A Series) and H6 (F Series).

³⁾ Without lubricant if ATEX options are specified only in mounting position VB.

⁴⁾ Not available with the LO option for mounting positions B6 and B7 (A Series), H6 (F Series), V6 and V3 (C Series).

⁵⁾ Not available with the LO option only in mounting position VB.



Do not mix oils of different makes or specifications. Make sure also that the oil is highly resistant to foaming and is EP (Extreme Pressure) rated.

If you do not have the same type of oil, completely drain the gearbox and flush it out thoroughly with the new oil to remove all traces of the old oil and any contaminants from inside the casing before filling the gearbox with the new oil.

C12, C22 and C32 helical in-line gearboxes and A05 bevel helical gearboxes are not equipped with oil level plugs.

A30 and A35 bevel helical gearboxes are not equipped with oil level plugs only in mounting positions B6 and B7.

For further information on these types of gearbox, refer to the “SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE” section of this manual.

Before installing these gearboxes, check the oil level as instructed below.

1. Position the gearbox in the mounting position for which it is designed. Wait 10 minutes for the oil level to stabilise inside the casing.
2. Insert a rod into the hole shown and measure the distance between the surface of the oil and the outside edge of the casing. The oil level must conform to the value, **expressed in mm**, specified for the type of gearbox and the mounting position in which it is to be installed.
3. If the distance measured is greater than that prescribed, top up the oil to the correct level specified in this manual.

On all other gearboxes, oil level can be checked by removing the oil level check plug and checking that the oil spills from the bottom edge of the hole.

Only use recommended oils to fill and top up the gearbox.



5.9.1 Recommended / permitted lubricants

Lubricants for ATEX-specified gearboxes

Greases:

- Klüber Asonic GHY 72 (for bearings)
- Klüber Klüberquiet BQ 72-72 (for bearings)
- Klüberpaste 46 MR 401 (for easy engagement of cylindrical couplings)
- ITP Fluorocarbon gel 880 (for lubricating sliding seals)



Oils (alternatives to Shell Omala S4 WE 320 - standard supply):






- Shell: Tivela Oil S320
- Klüber: Klübersynth GH 6 320
- Total: Carter SY 320
- Mobil: Glygoyle 320
- Castrol: Alphasyn PG 320

5.9.1.1 Compatible greases

- Klüber Staburags NBU 8 EP (for bearings)
- Klüberpaste 46 MR 401 (to facilitate the coupling of cylindrical parts)
- ITP Gasket Seal (to grease contact seals)
- Klüber Petamo GHY 133 N (for Taconite seals)



5.9.1.2 Synthetic oils and mineral oils with EP (Extreme Pressure) additives

	 Shell			 Agip			 KLÜBER LUBRICATION				Mobil				 Castrol	 TOTAL	
	Omala S4 WE	Omala S4 GX	Omala S2 G	Blasia	Blasia SX	Blasia S	Klübersynth GH 6	Klübersynth UH1 6	Klübersynth GEM2	Klüberoil GEM1	Mobil Glygoyle	Mobil SHC 600	Mobilgear 600 XP	Mobil Glygoyle (USDA H1)	Alphasyn PG 320	Carter SY	Nevastane SY
A 05...60 [#]	■	□	□	□	□	■	■	■	■	■	■	□	□	■	■	■	■
A 70...90 C, F, S	■	■	*	*	*	■	■	■	*	*	■	*	*	■	■	■	■

F Food grade.

■ Recommended use.

***** Permitted use. The manufacturer cannot guarantee the quality or suitability of lubricants. Characteristics must be verified directly with the manufacturer of the chosen lubricant (or ask Bonfiglioli Technical Service for oil certification).

■ PolyAlkylene Glycol (PAG) synthetic oil (API group V)

□ PolyAlphaOlefin (PAO) synthetic oil (API group IV)

■ Mineral oil with EP additives

= Exclusive use of PAG, oil viscosity suggested: 320.

Contact Bonfiglioli Technical Service for different needs.

5.9.2 Quantity of lubricant



The quantities of lubricant specified in the tables are purely indicative. Gearboxes with level plugs correctly located for the mounting position must be filled to the mid point of the sight glass, or to the reference notch on the dipstick, or until oil starts to flow out of the plug hole, depending on the type of level plug.

In the case of gearboxes normally supplied lubricated for life (see table 7), but supplied without lubricant and with no level plug, consult the manufacturer's technical assistance service.




5.9.2.1 C Series helical in-line gearboxes:

	P						F						U - UF					
	B3	B6	B7	B8	V5	V6	B5	B51	B53	B52	V1	V3	B5	B51	B53	B52	V1	V3
C 05 2	Consult the manufacturer's technical assistance service.																	
C 12 2																		
C 22 2																		
C 22 3																		
C 32 2																		
C 32 3																		
C 36 2																		
C 36 3																		
C 36 4																		
C 41 2																		
C 41 3																		
C 41 4																		
C 51 2	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.5	4.2	4.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.5	4.2	4.8
C 51 3	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.5	4.1	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.5	4.1	4.6
C 51 4	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.8	5.4	5.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.8	5.4	5.9
C 61 2	4.1	3.9	4.3	3.5	6.0	6.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.1	3.9	4.3	3.5	6.0	6.6
C 61 3	4.3	4.1	4.3	3.5	6.2	6.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.3	4.1	4.3	3.5	6.2	6.8
C 61 4	6.2	6.0	6.2	5.4	8.1	8.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.2	6.0	6.2	5.4	8.1	8.7
C 70	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	11	9.0	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	11	9.0	—	—	—	—	—	—
C 80	14	14	14	18	20	20	14	14	14	18	20	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
C 90	24	25	25	31	32	32	24	25	25	31	32	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
C 100	28	38	38	40	45	48	28	38	38	40	45	48	—	—	—	—	—	—

- Gearboxes normally supplied lubricated for life.
- Gearboxes normally supplied without lubricant.






5.9.2.2 A Series bevel helical gearboxes:

	 					
	B3	B6	B7	B8	VA	VB
A 05 2	Consult the manufacturer's technical assistance service.					
A 10 2						
A 20 2						
A 20 3						
A 30 2						
A 30 3						
A 35 2						
A 35 3						
A 41 2						
A 41 3						
A 50 2						
A 50 3	6.1	10	6.2	10	11	12
A 50 4	6.3	8.2	5.3	9.0	13	9.0
A 55 2	4.7	7.0	7.8	7.9	9.5	10
A 55 3	3.8	6.7	3.3	7.3	9.2	7.6
A 55 4	5.2	9.0	9.0	8.4	11	8.5
A 60 2	9.0	9.0	14	16	18	16
A 60 3	9.0	9.0	14	16	18	16
A 60 4	8.0	11	7.4	16	19	14
A 70 3	12	13	8.5	13	20	11
A 70 4	14	14	11	13	21	14
A 80 3	20	21	18	25	31	22
A 80 4	22	18	18	25	39	22
A 90 3	38	34	35	44	64	40
A 90 4	41	34	35	46	71	40




- Gearboxes normally supplied lubricated for life.
- Gearboxes normally supplied without lubricant.

5.9.2.3 F Series shaft mounted gearboxes:

	 					
	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6
F 10 2	Consult the manufacturer's technical assistance service.					
F 20 2						
F 20 3						
F 25 2						
F 25 3						
F 25 4						
F 31 2						
F 31 3						
F 31 4						
F 41 2						
F 41 3						
F 41 4						
F 51 2						
F 51 3	9.5	7.0	8.0	5.0	8.9	8.0
F 51 4	9.5	7.4	7.5	4.5	9.9	7.0
F 60 3	14	10	7.0	10	14	11
F 60 4	15	11	8.0	11	15	13
F 70 3	21	18	10	16	20	16
F 70 4	22	20	11	17	25	17
F 80 3	38	32	15	27	41	31
F 80 4	38	34	16	29	48	33
F 90 3	65	55	28	50	75	55
F 90 4	66	57	29	50	85	58

- Gearboxes normally supplied lubricated for life.
- Gearboxes normally supplied without lubricant.

5.9.2.4 S Series single stage gearboxes:

	 											
	P						F					
	B3	B6	B7	B8	V5	V6	B5	B51	B53	B52	V1	V3
S 10 1	Consult the manufacturer's technical assistance service.											
S 20 1												
S 30 1												
S 40 1												
S 50 1	1.4	2.9	2.1	3.4	2.9	2.4	2.3	4.1	3.7	2.5	4.0	3.7

- Gearboxes normally supplied lubricated for life.
- Gearboxes normally supplied without lubricant.



ATEX versions of C, A and F Series gearboxes are supplied with lubricant, with the exceptions shown in table 7. Oil quantities are therefore not specified for these gearboxes. If necessary, contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service for details.



Before installing the gearbox and putting it into service, always check the oil level as instructed in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section of this manual.

The following tables list the quantities of lubricant required for ATEX versions of A and F Series gearboxes supplied without lubricant (see table 7).



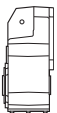

The quantities of lubricant specified in the tables are purely indicative. In this case too, before installing the gearbox and putting it into service, check the oil level as instructed in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section of this manual.

ATEX-specified A Series bevel helical gearboxes supplied without lubricant:

	 []		
	B6	B7	VB
A 55 2	7.5	8.3	—
A 55 3	7.2	3.8	—
A 55 4	9.2	9.2	—
A 60 2	9.0	14	16
A 60 3	9.0	14	—
A 60 4	11	7.4	—
A 70 3	13	8.5	—
A 70 4	14	11	—
A 80 3	21	15	—
A 80 4	18	15	—
A 90 3	34	35	—
A 90 4	34	35	—



ATEX-specified F Series shaft mounted gearboxes supplied without lubricant:

	 []
	H6
F 31 2	2.8
F 31 3	2.8
F 31 4	3.2
F 41 2	4.8
F 41 3	4.7
F 41 4	5.6
F 51 2	8.2
F 51 3	8.0
F 51 4	7.0
F 60 3	11
F 60 4	13

5.9.3 Mounting positions and service plugs

Legend:

- Vent / filler plug
- Level plug
- Drain plug
- Plug in sight
- Plug not in sight

5.9.3.1 C Series helical in-line gearboxes:

C 12 ... C 41

C_P

	HS	P (IEC)	SK / SC	S
<p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; font-size: 1.2em;">B3</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">W = Default</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">2x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C12..C32</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C22 - C32</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">4x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p>
<p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; font-size: 1.2em;">B6</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">W = Default</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">2x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C12..C32</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C22 - C32</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">4x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p>
<p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; font-size: 1.2em;">B7</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">W = Default</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p>	<p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C12) (C36,C41)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C22,C32)</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">(C36,C41)</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">2x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C12..C32</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C22 - C32</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">3x</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">4x</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">C36 - C41</p>



C 12 ... C 41

C_P

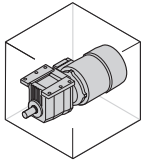
HS

P (IEC)

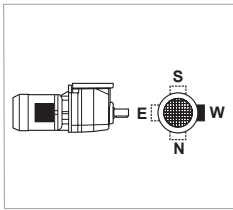
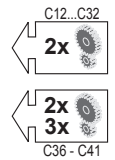
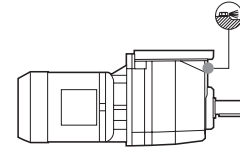
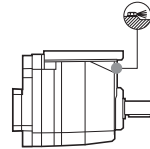
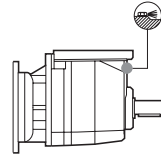
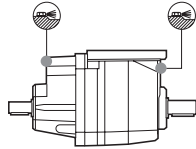
SK / SC

S

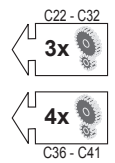
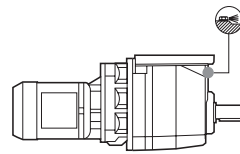
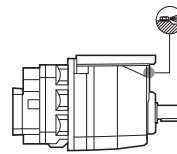
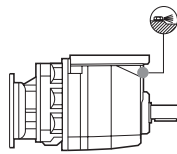
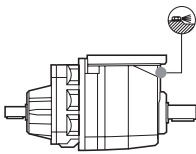
B8



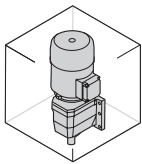
(C22,C32) (C12,C36,C41)



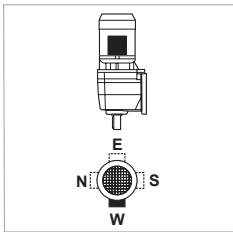
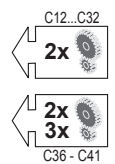
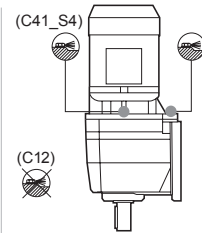
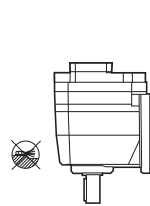
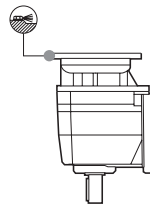
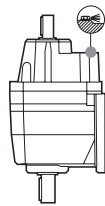
W = Default



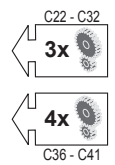
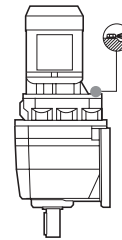
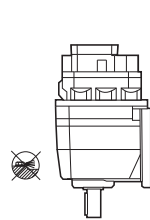
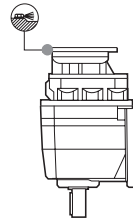
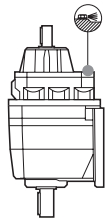
V5



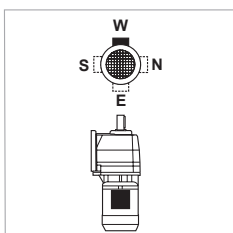
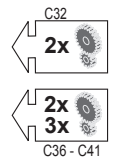
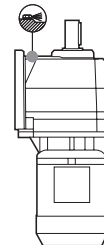
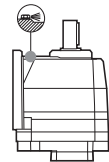
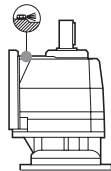
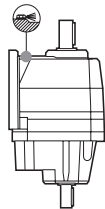
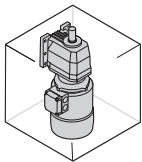
(C12)



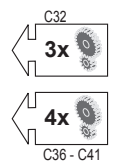
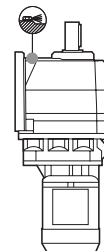
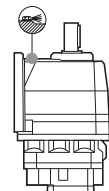
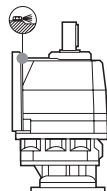
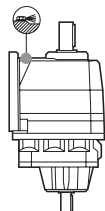
W = Default



V6



W = Default



C 12 ... C 41

C_F	C_U	C_UF
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HS	P (IEC)	SK / SC	S
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B5

	<p>(C12_F) (C12_U,C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p>	<p>(C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C12_F) (C12_U,C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p>	<p>(C12_F) (C12_U,C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p> <p>2x C12...C32 3x C36 - C41</p>
<p>W = Default</p>	<p>(C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C36,C41)</p> <p>3x C22 - C32 4x C36 - C41</p>

B51

	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C12)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C12)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C12)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C12)</p> <p>2x C12...C32 3x C36 - C41</p>
<p>W = Default</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C22_U) (C32_U)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C22_U) (C32_U)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C22_U) (C32_U)</p>	<p>(C22_F,C32_F) (C36,C41) (C22_U) (C32_U)</p> <p>3x C22 - C32 4x C36 - C41</p>

B53

	<p>(C12) (C36,C41) (C22) (C32)</p>	<p>(C36,C41) (C22) (C32)</p>	<p>(C12) (C36,C41) (C22,C32)</p>	<p>(C12) (C36,C41) (C22) (C32)</p> <p>2x C12...C32 3x C36 - C41</p>
<p>W = Default</p>	<p>(C22,C32) (C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C22,C32) (C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C22,C32) (C36,C41)</p>	<p>(C22,C32) (C36,C41)</p> <p>3x C22 - C32 4x C36 - C41</p>



C 12 ... C 41

C_F

C_U

C_UF

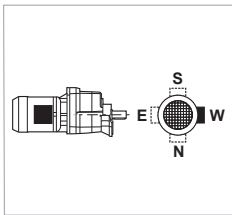
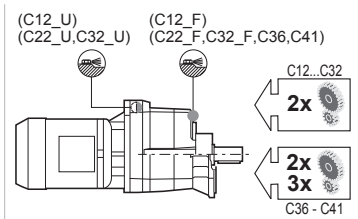
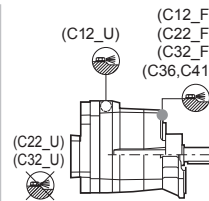
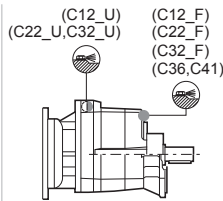
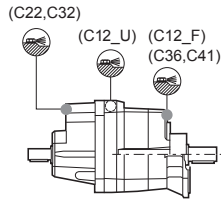
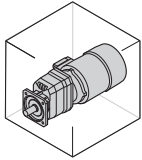
HS

P (IEC)

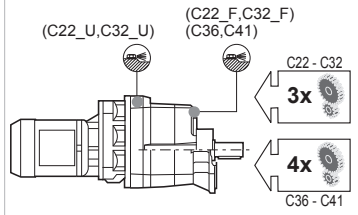
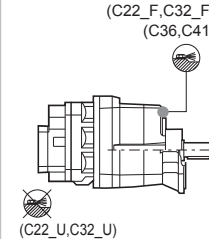
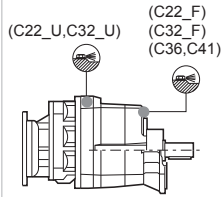
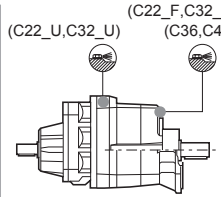
SK / SC

S

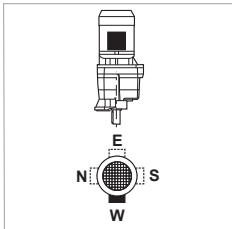
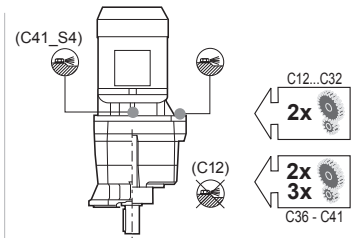
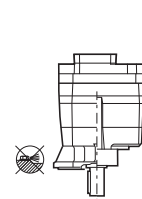
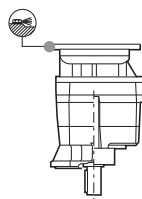
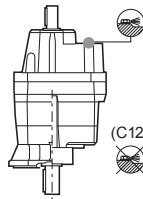
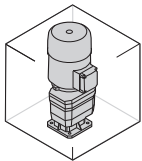
B52



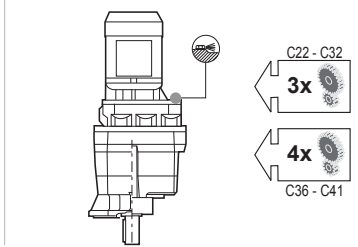
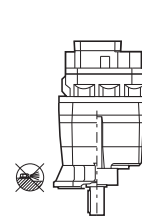
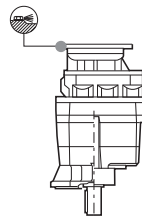
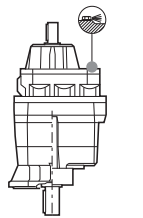
W = Default



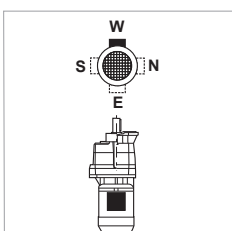
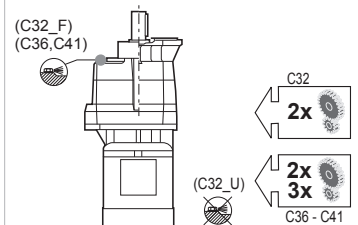
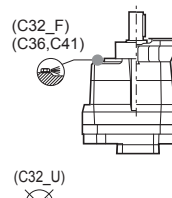
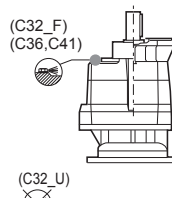
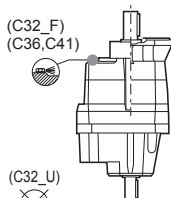
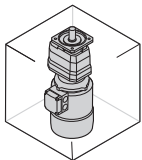
V1



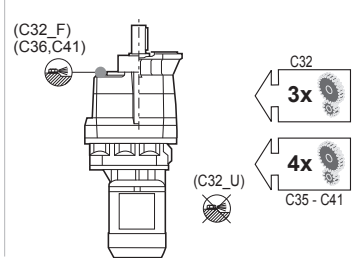
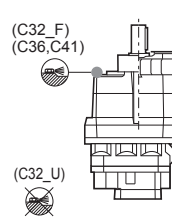
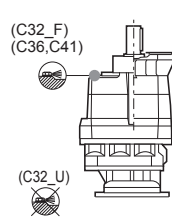
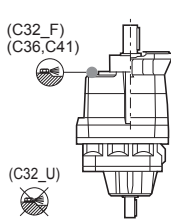
W = Default



V3



W = Default





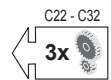
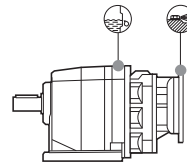
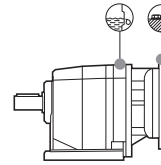
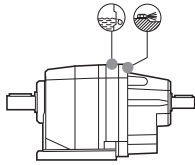
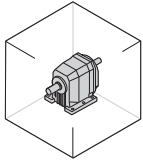
C 12 ... C 32

C_P

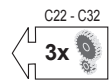
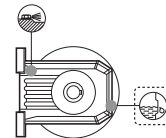
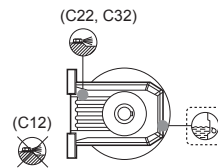
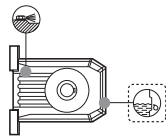
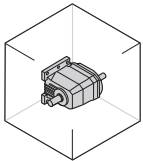
HS

P (IEC)

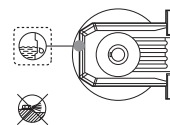
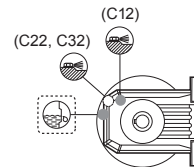
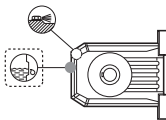
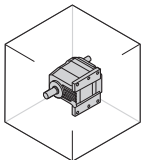
B3



B6



B7



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.



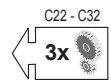
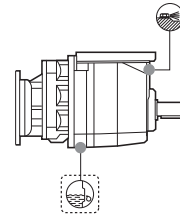
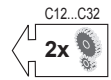
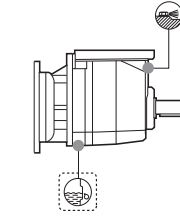
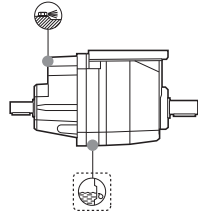
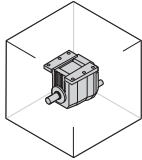
C 12 ... C 32

C_P

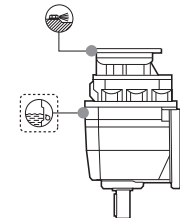
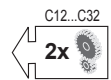
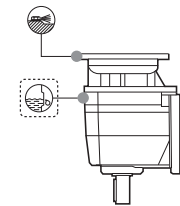
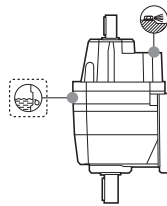
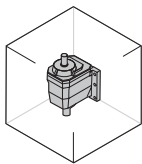
HS

P (IEC)

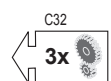
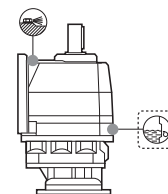
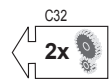
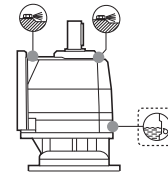
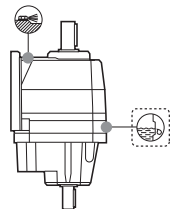
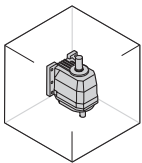
B8



V5



V6



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.

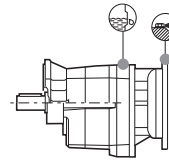
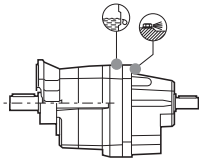
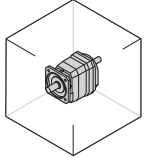
  **C 12 ... C 32**

C_F **C_U** **C_UF**

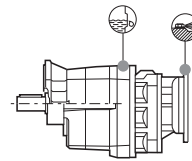
HS

P (IEC)

B5

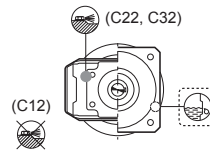
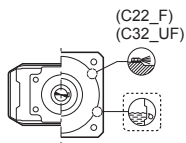
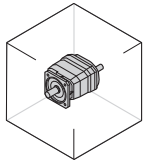


C12...C32
2x

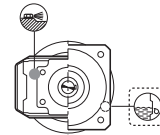


C22 - C32
3x

B51

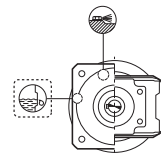
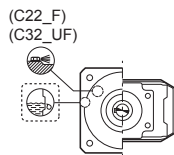
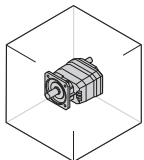


C12...C32
2x

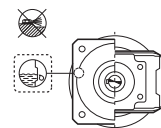


C22 - C32
3x

B53



C12...C32
2x



C22 - C32
3x



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.



C 12 ... C 32

C_F

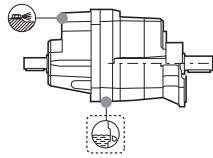
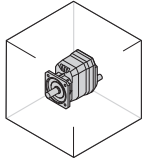
C_U

C_UF

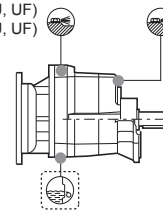
HS

P (IEC)

B52



(C22_U, UF)
(C32_U, UF)



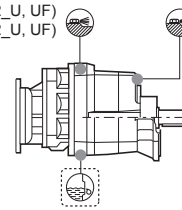
(C12)
(C22_F, C32_F)

C12...C32

2x



(C22_U, UF)
(C32_U, UF)



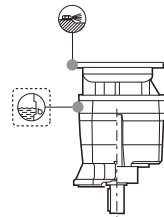
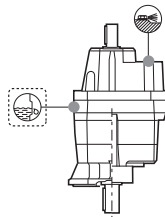
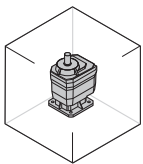
(C22_F, C32_F)

C22 - C32

3x

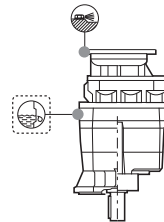


V1



C12...C32

2x

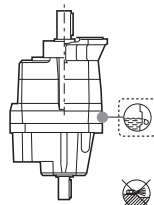
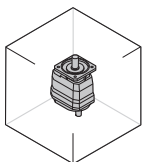


C22 - C32

3x

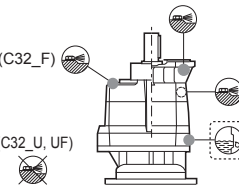


V3



(C32_F)

(C32_U, UF)



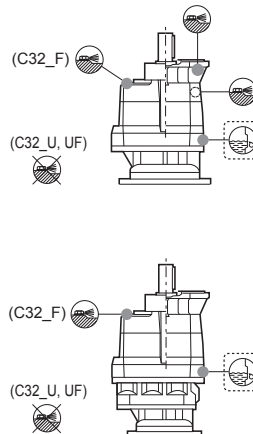
C32

2x



(C32_F)

(C32_U, UF)



C32

3x



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.



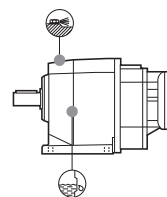
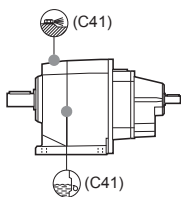
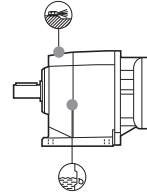
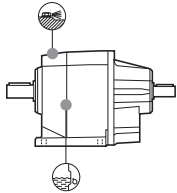
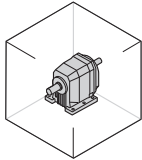
C 36 - C 41

C_P

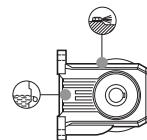
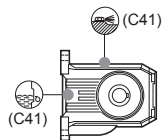
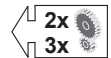
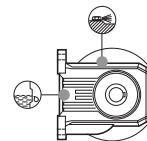
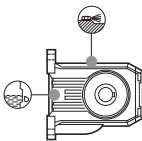
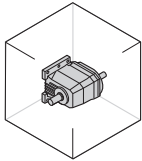
HS

P (IEC)

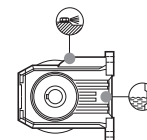
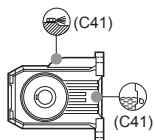
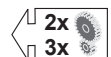
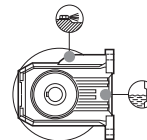
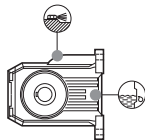
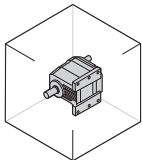
B3



B6



B7





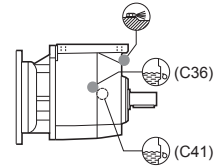
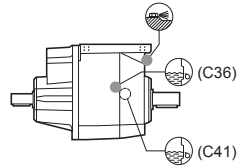
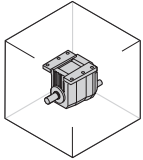
C 36 - C 41

C_P

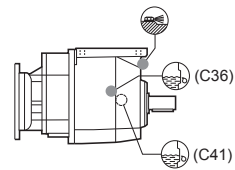
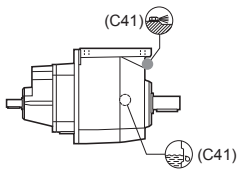
HS

P (IEC)

B8

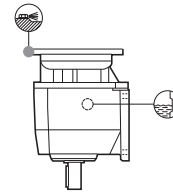
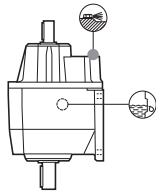
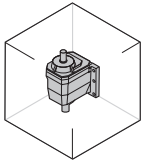


2x
3x

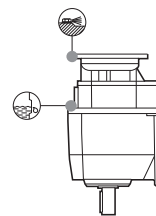
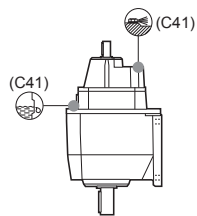


4x

V5

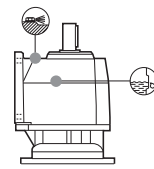
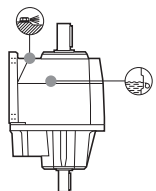
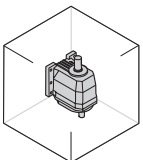


2x
3x

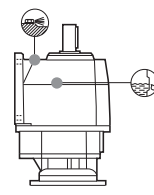
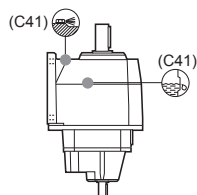


4x

V6



2x
3x



4x



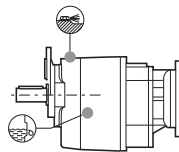
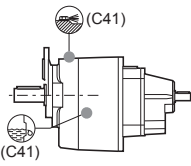
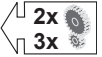
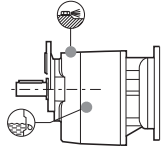
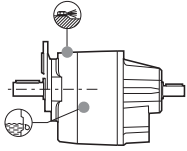
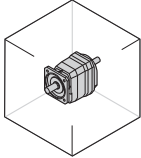
C 36 - C 41

C_U **C_UF**

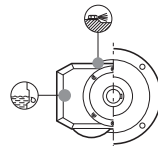
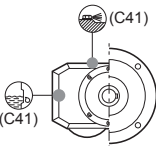
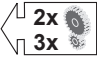
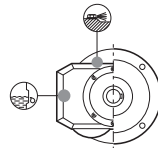
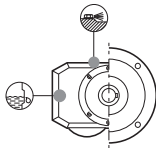
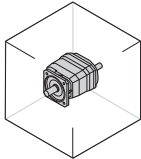
HS

P (IEC)

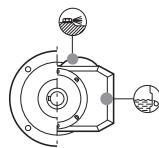
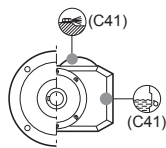
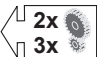
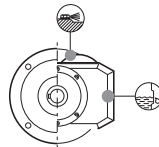
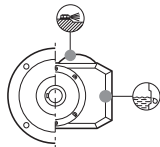
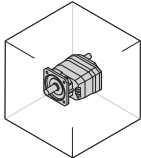
B5



B51



B53





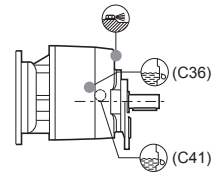
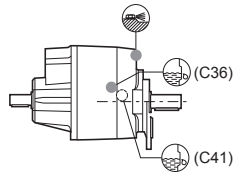
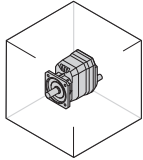
C 36 - C 41

C_U C_UF

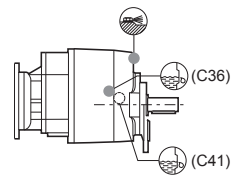
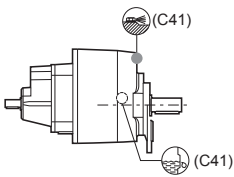
HS

P (IEC)

B52

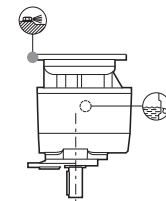
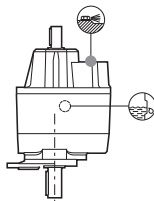
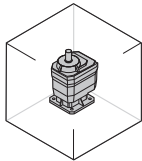


2x
3x

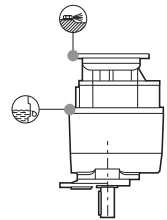
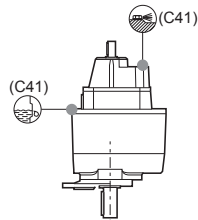


4x

V1

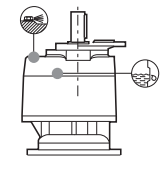
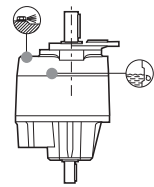
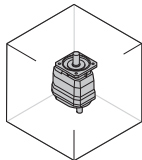


2x
3x

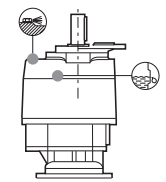
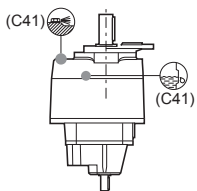


4x

V3



2x
3x



4x

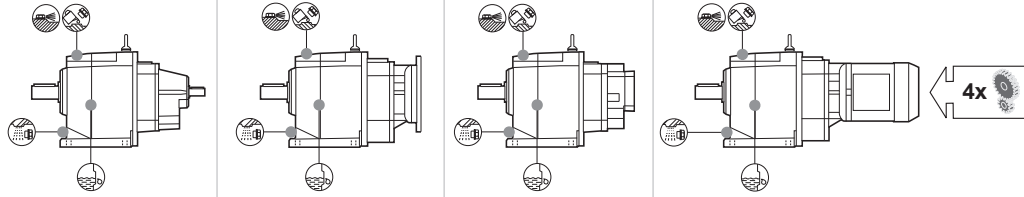
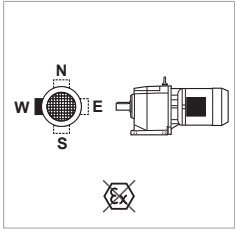
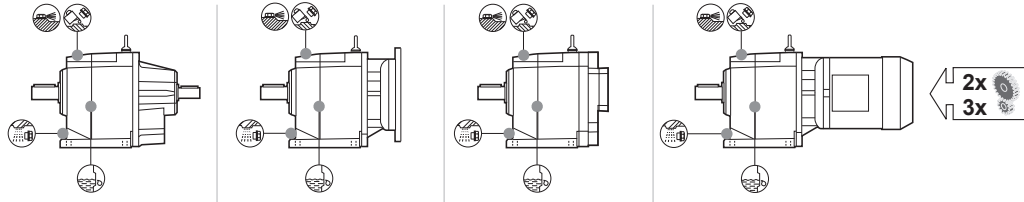
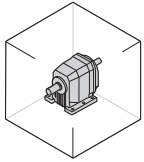


C 51 - C 61   **C 51 - C 61**

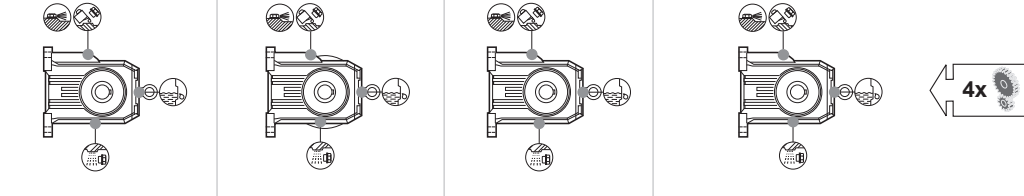
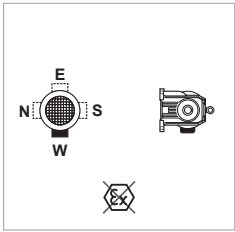
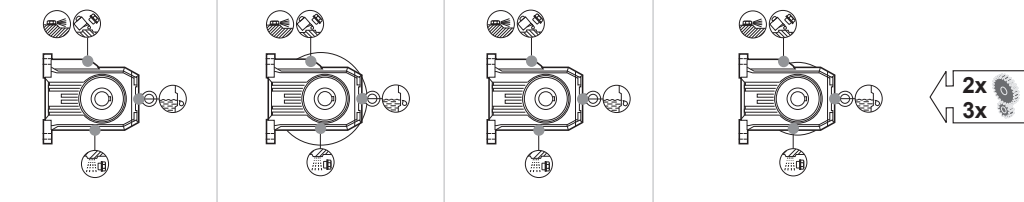
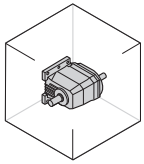
C_P

HS   **HS** **P(IEC)**   **P(IEC)** **SK / SC**  **S** 

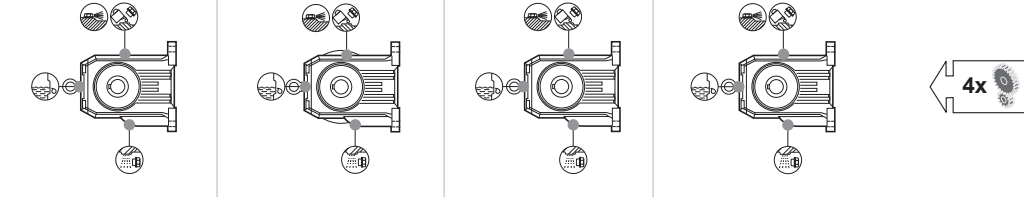
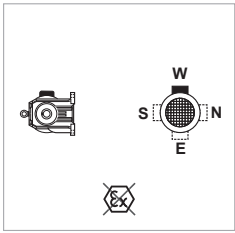
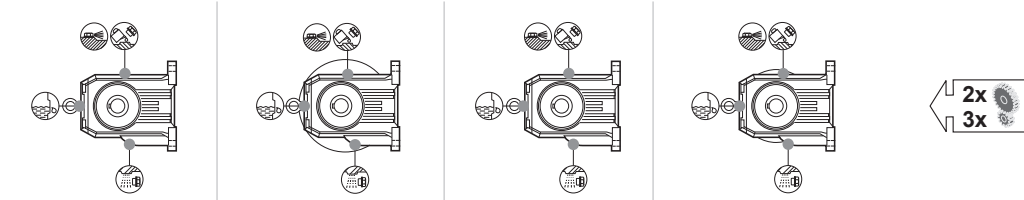
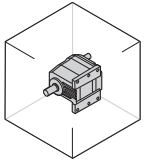
B3



B6



B7





C 51 - C 61




C 51 - C 61

C_P

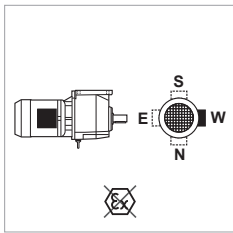
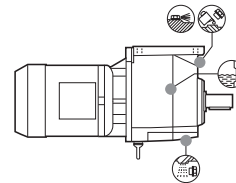
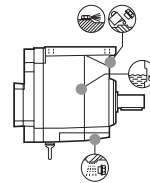
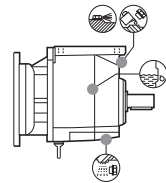
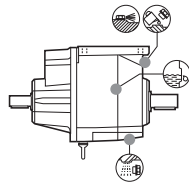
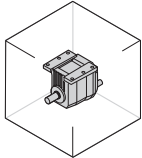
HS   HS

P(IEC)   P(IEC)

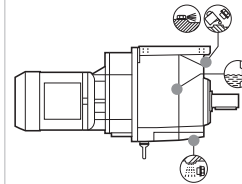
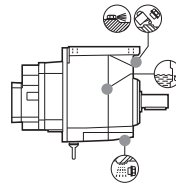
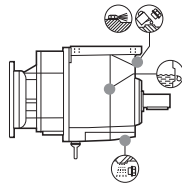
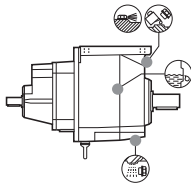
SK / SC 

S 

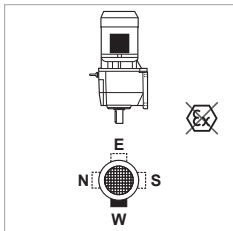
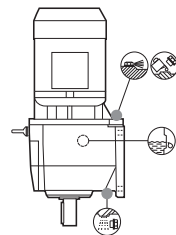
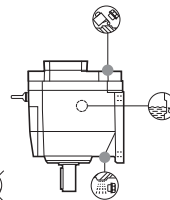
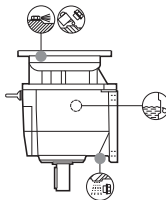
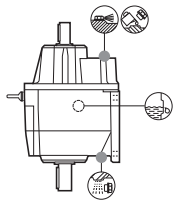
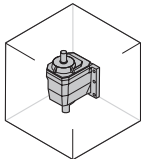
B8



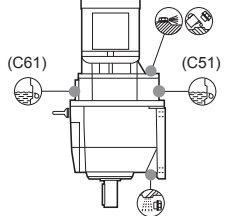
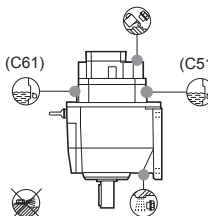
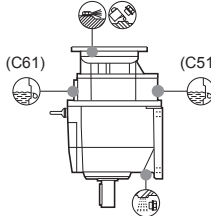
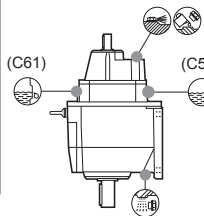
W = Default



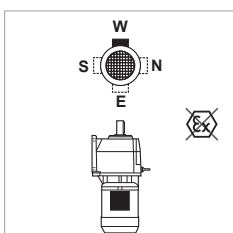
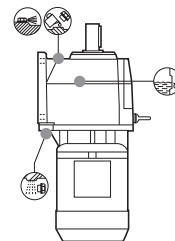
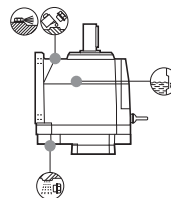
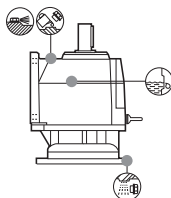
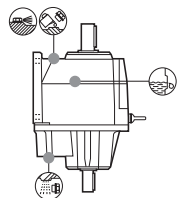
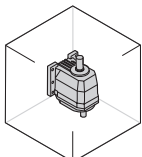
V5



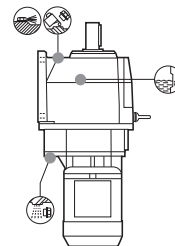
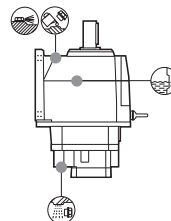
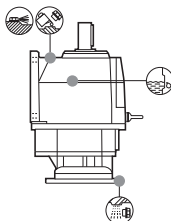
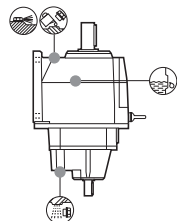
W = Default



V6



W = Default



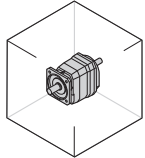
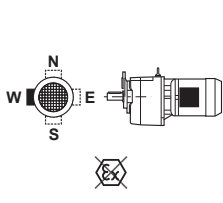


C 51 - C 61   **C 51 - C 61**

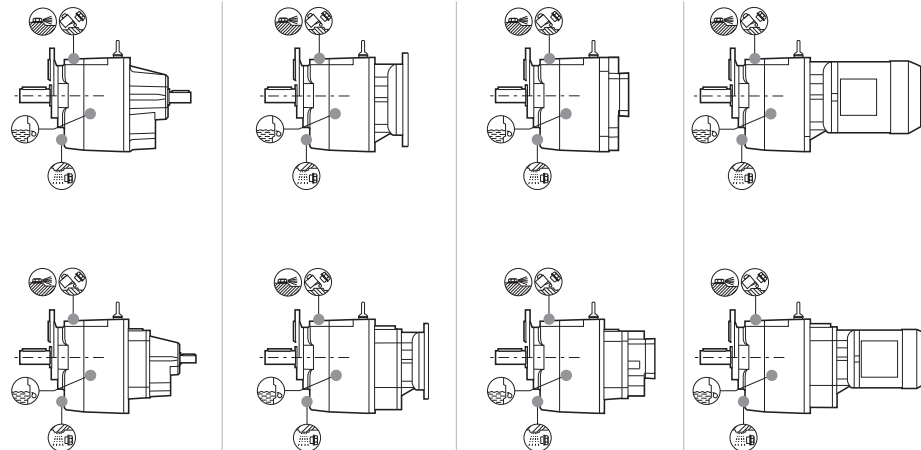
C_U **C_UF**

HS  **HS** **P(IEC)**   **P(IEC)** **SK / SC**  **S** 

B5

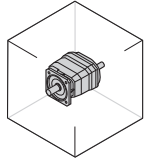
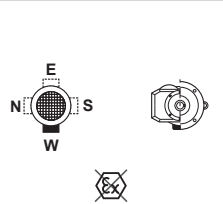
W = Default



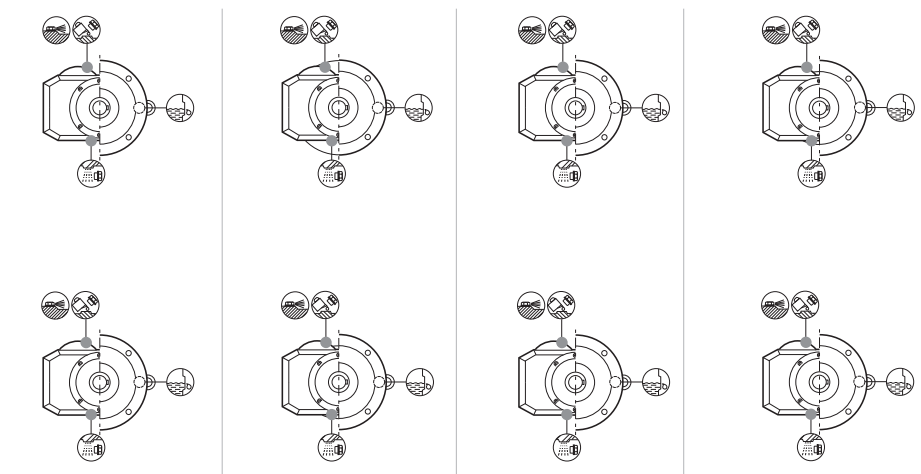
2x
3x

4x

B51

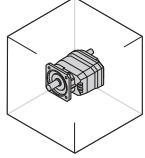
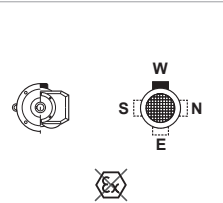
W = Default



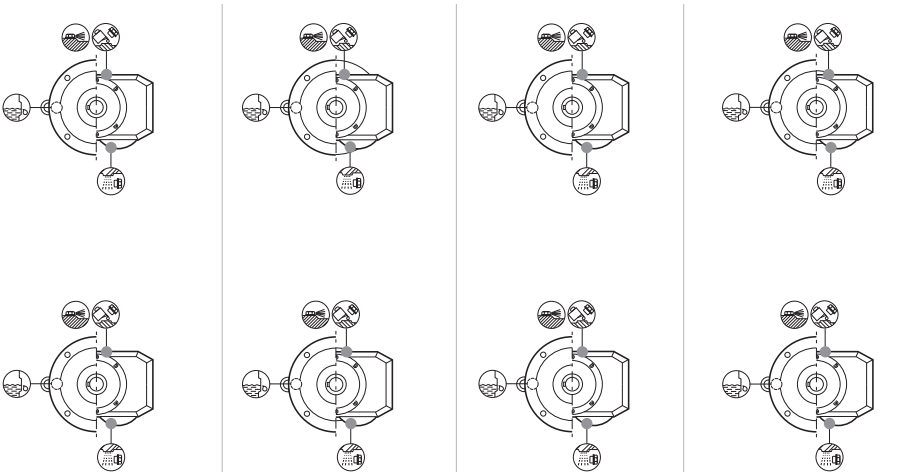
2x
3x

4x

B53

W = Default



2x
3x

4x



C 51 - C 61



C 51 - C 61

C_U

C_UF

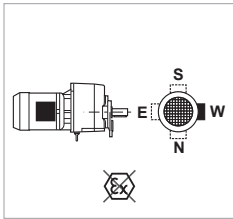
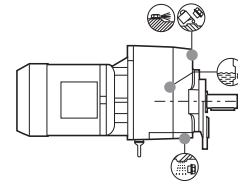
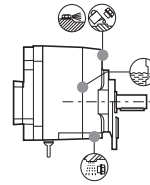
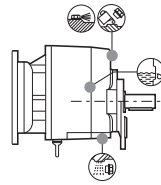
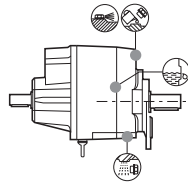
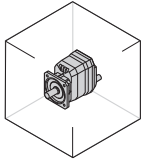
HS

P(IEC) P(IEC)

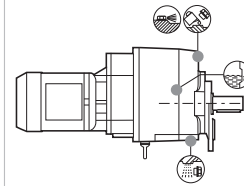
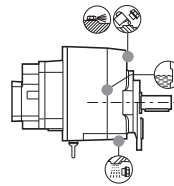
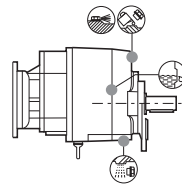
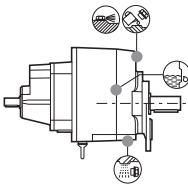
SK / SC

S

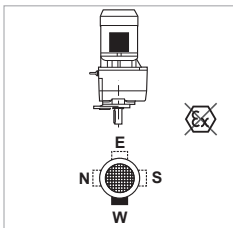
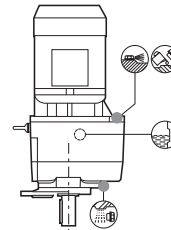
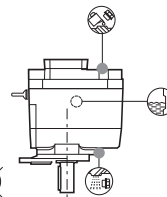
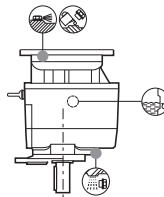
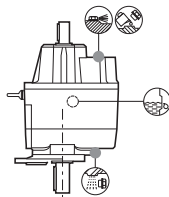
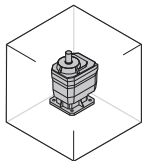
B52



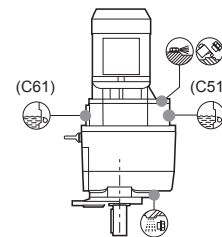
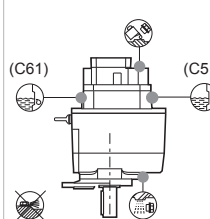
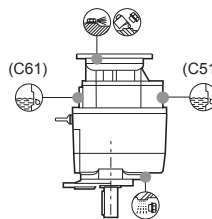
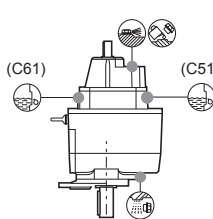
W = Default



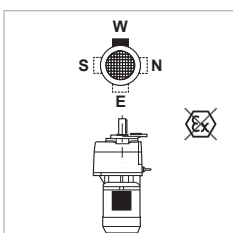
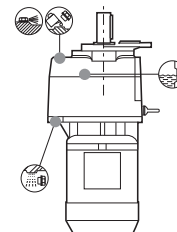
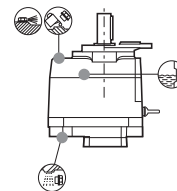
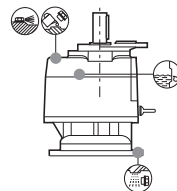
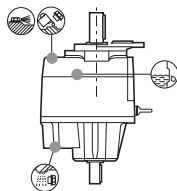
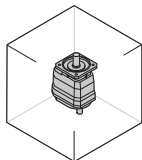
V1



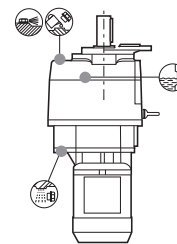
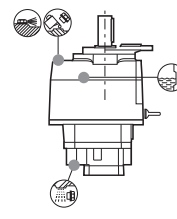
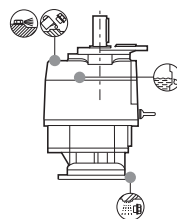
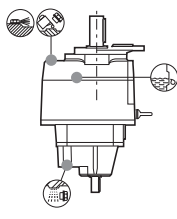
W = Default



V3



W = Default





C 70 ... C 100

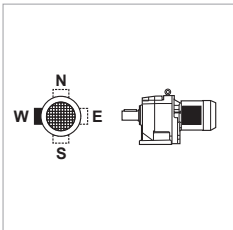
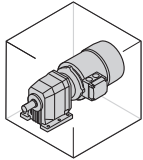
C_P

HS

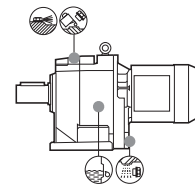
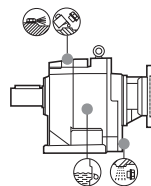
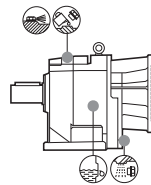
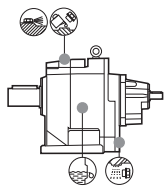
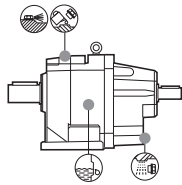
P (IEC)

S

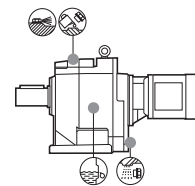
B3



W = Default

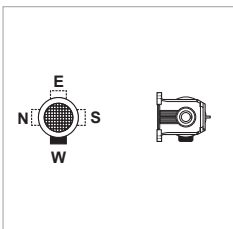
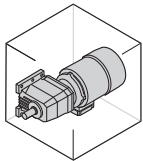


2x
3x

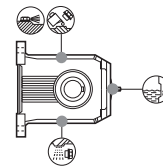
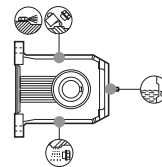
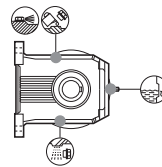
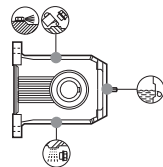
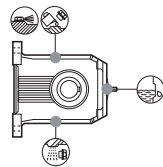


4x

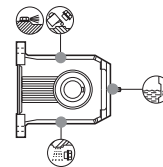
B6



W = Default

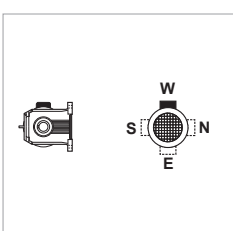
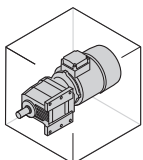


2x
3x

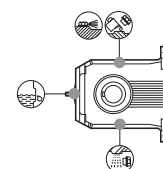
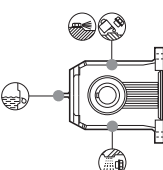
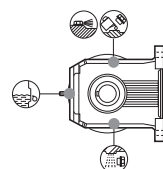
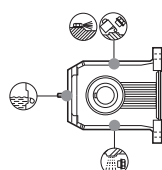
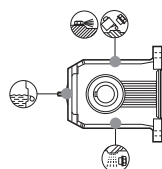


4x

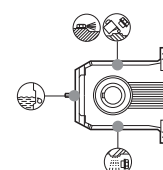
B7



W = Default



2x
3x



4x



C 70 ... C 100

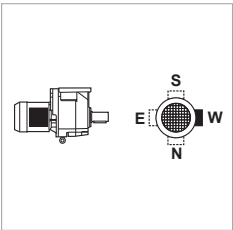
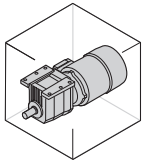
C_P

HS

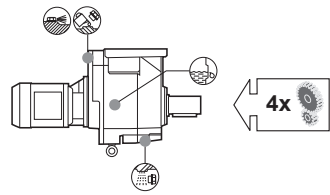
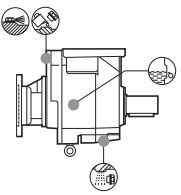
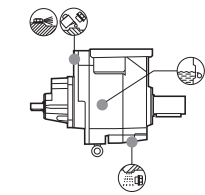
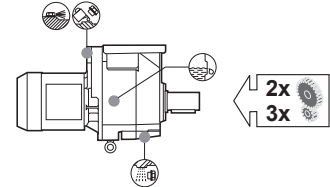
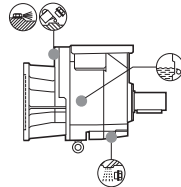
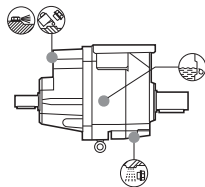
P (IEC)

S

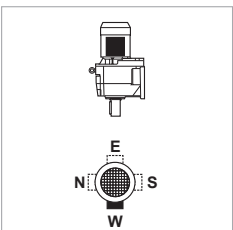
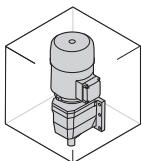
B8



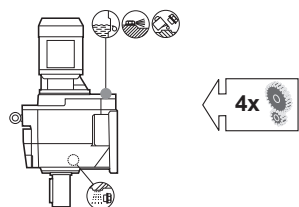
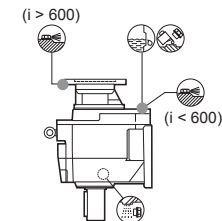
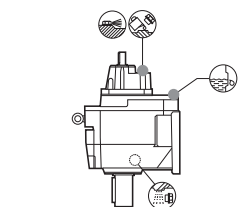
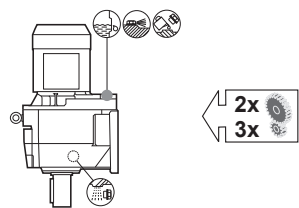
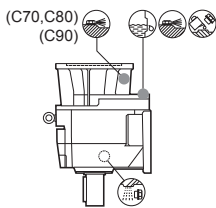
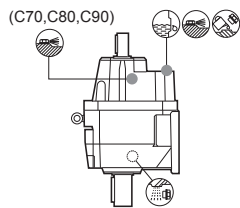
W = Default



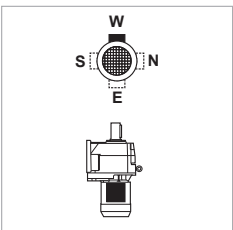
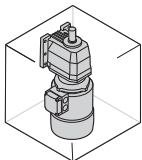
V5



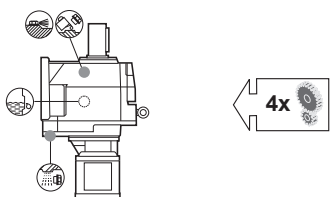
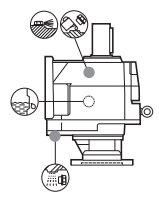
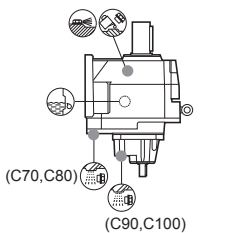
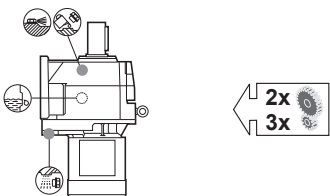
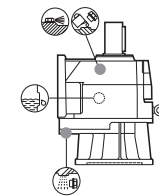
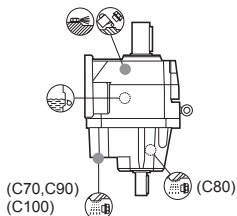
W = Default



V6



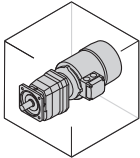
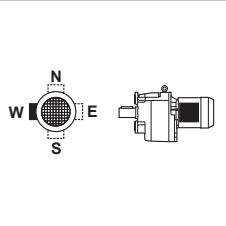
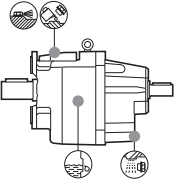
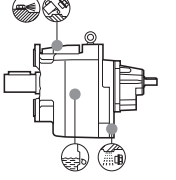
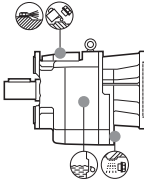
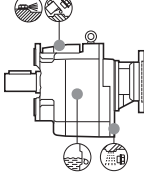
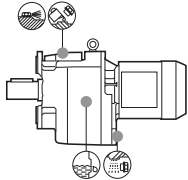
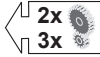
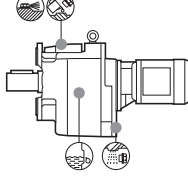

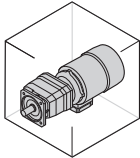
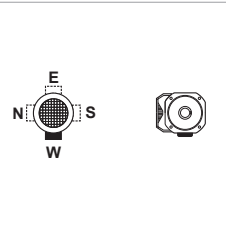
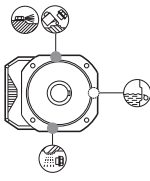
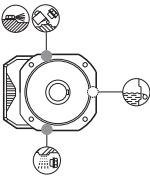
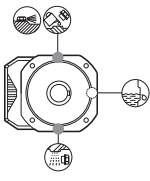
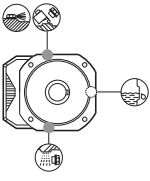
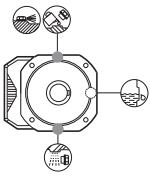

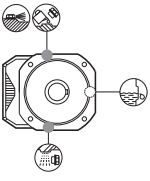

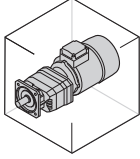
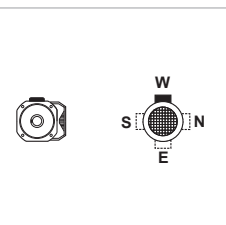
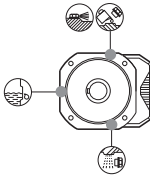
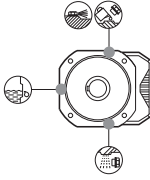
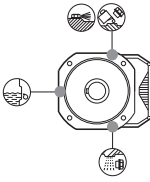
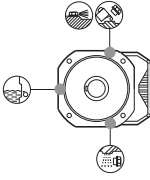
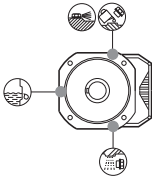
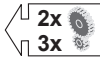
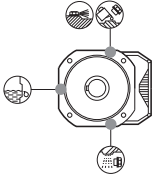

W = Default





C 70 ... C 100

C_F

	HS	P (IEC)	S	
B5	  W = Default	 	 	   
B51	  W = Default	 	 	   
B53	  W = Default	 	 	   



C 70 ... C 100

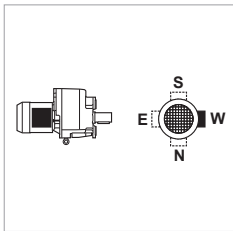
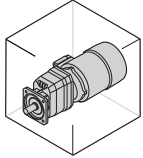
C_F

HS

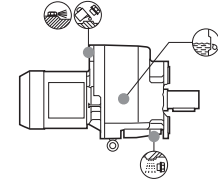
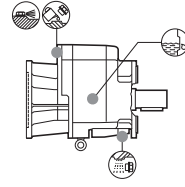
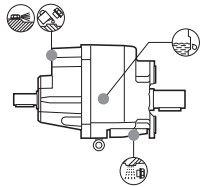
P (IEC)

S

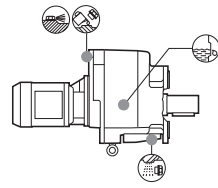
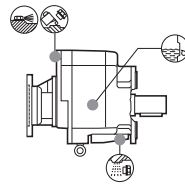
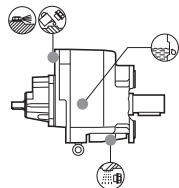
B52



W = Default

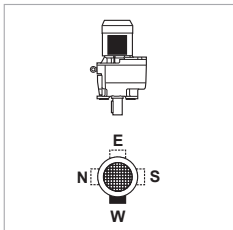
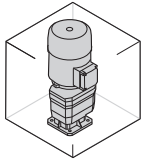


2x
3x

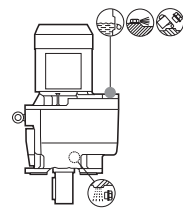
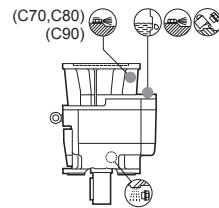
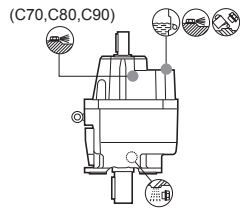


4x

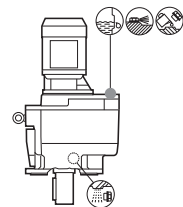
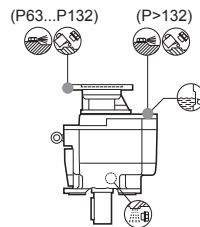
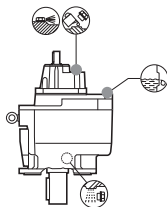
V1



W = Default

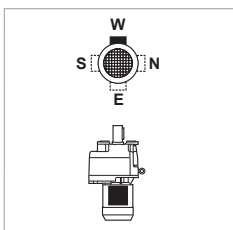
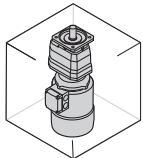


2x
3x

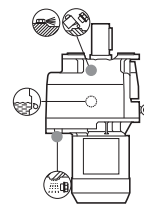
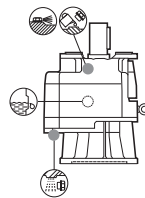
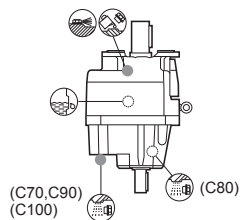


4x

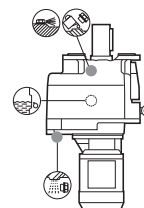
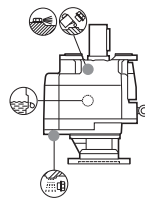
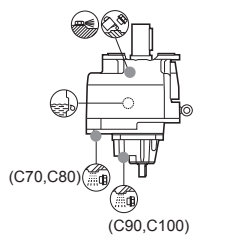
V3



W = Default



2x
3x



4x

5.9.3.2 A Series bevel helical gearboxes:

A 05 ... A 41

HS	P (IEC)	SK / SC	S
-----------	----------------	----------------	----------

B3

W = Default

W = Default

B6

W = Default

W = Default

B7

W = Default

W = Default



A 05 ... A 41

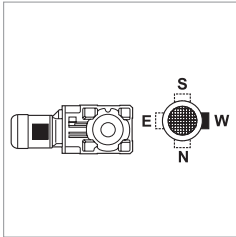
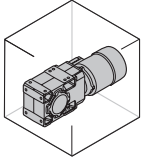
HS

P (IEC)

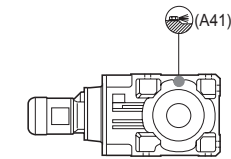
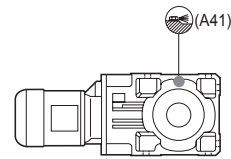
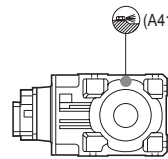
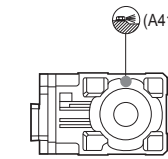
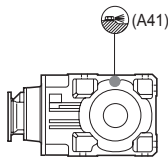
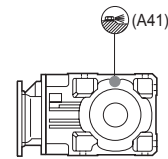
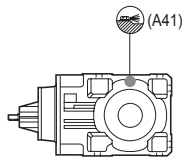
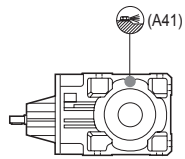
SK / SC

S

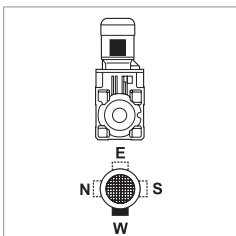
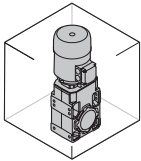
B8



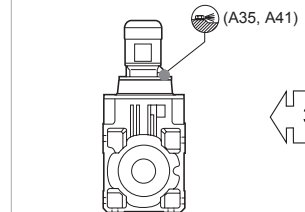
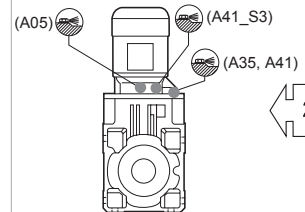
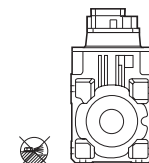
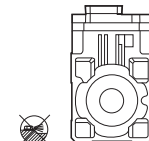
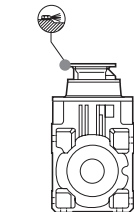
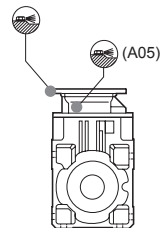
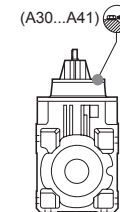
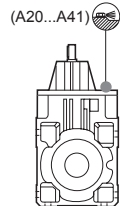
W = Default



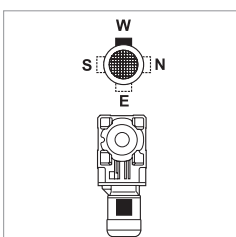
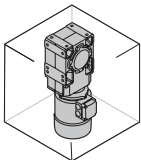
VA



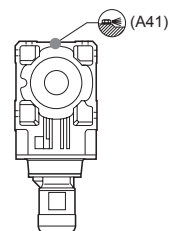
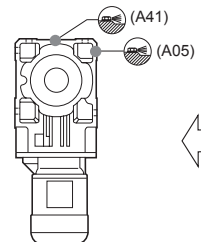
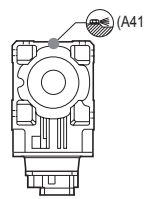
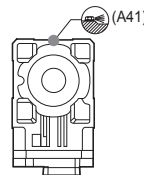
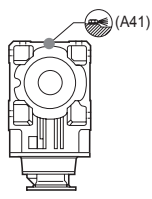
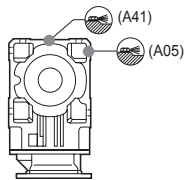
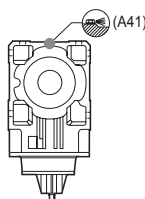
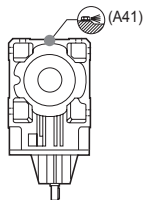
W = Default



VB



W = Default



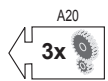
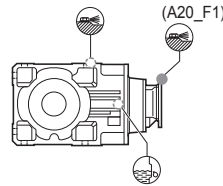
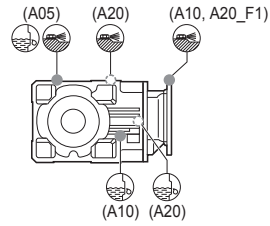
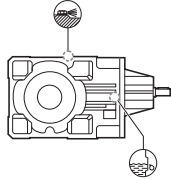
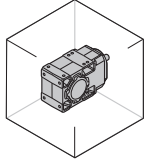


A 05 ... A 20

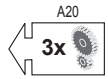
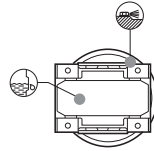
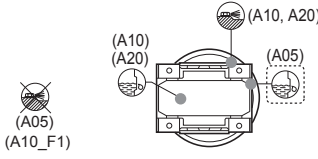
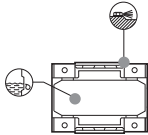
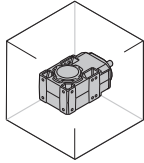
HS

P (IEC)

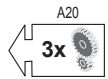
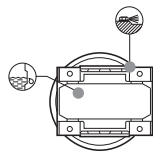
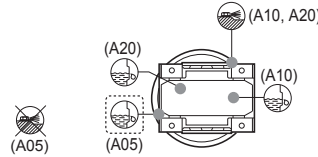
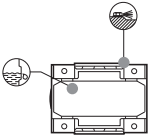
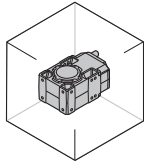
B3



B6



B7



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.

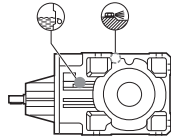
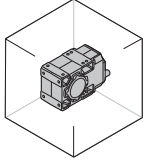


A 05 ... A 20

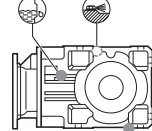
HS

P (IEC)

B8



(A10, A20) (A10, A20)



(A05)
(A10_F1)

(A05)

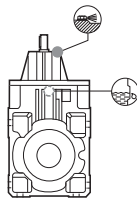
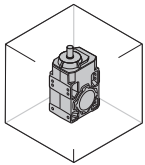
A05...A20

2x

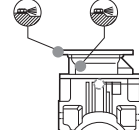
A20

3x

VA



(A10, A20) (A05)



(A05)

(A10)
(A20)

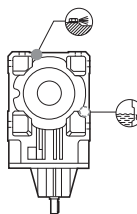
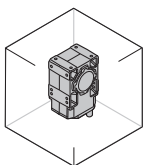
A05...A20

2x

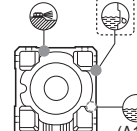
A20

3x

VB



(A10, A20) (A05)



(A10)
(A20)

A05...A20

2x

A20

3x



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check lubricant level.

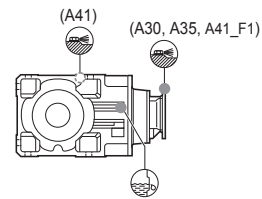
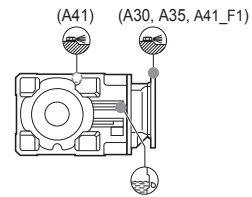
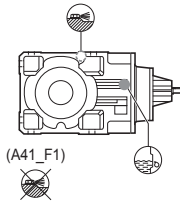
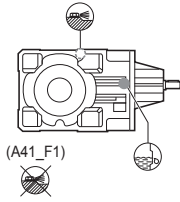
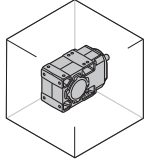


A 30 ... A 41

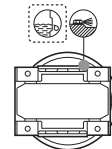
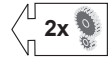
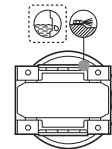
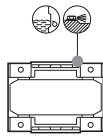
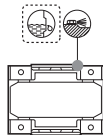
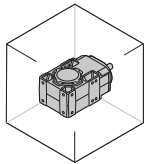
HS

P (IEC)

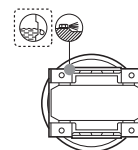
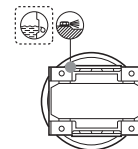
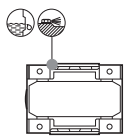
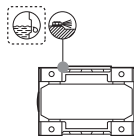
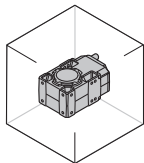
B3



B6



B7



Follow the instructions given in the "SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE" section to check the lubricant level on A 30 and A 35 gearboxes.

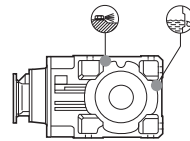
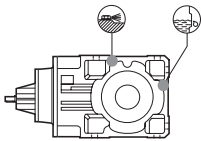
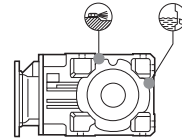
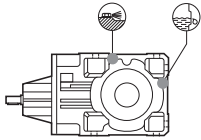
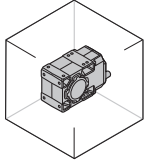


A 30 ... A 41

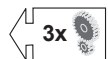
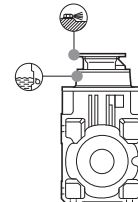
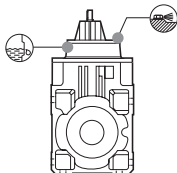
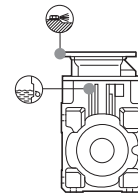
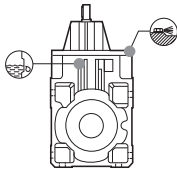
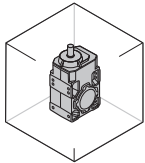
HS

P (IEC)

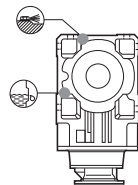
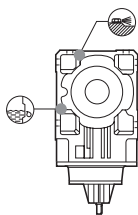
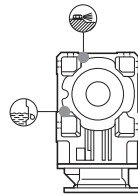
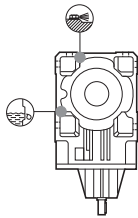
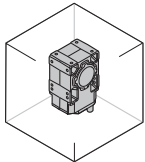
B8

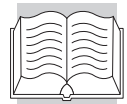


VA



VB

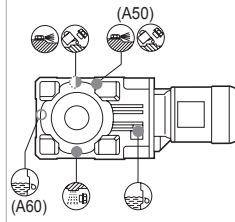
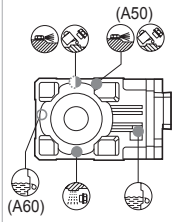
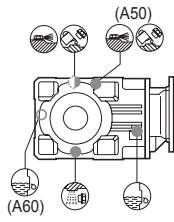
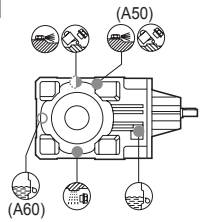
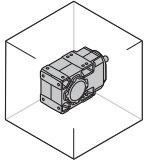






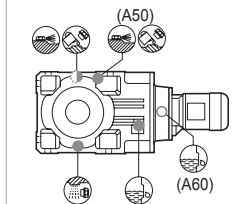
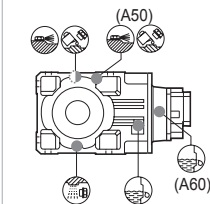
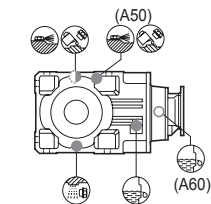
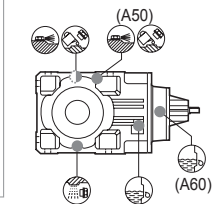
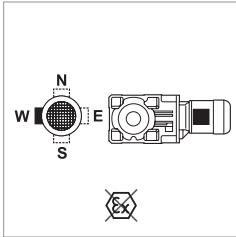
A 50 ... A 60   **A 50 ... A 60**

HS  **HS** **P(IEC)**  **P(IEC)** **SK / SC**  **S** 

B3

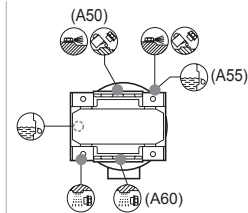
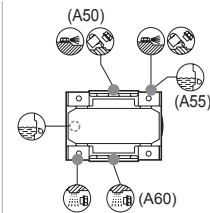
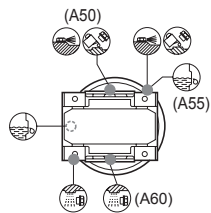
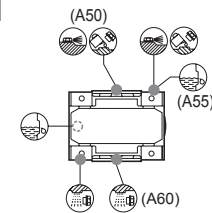
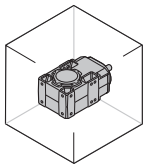




2x 
3x 

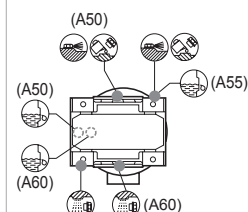
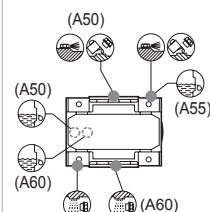
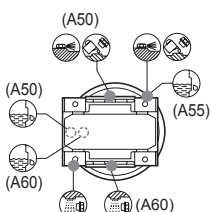
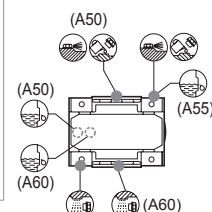
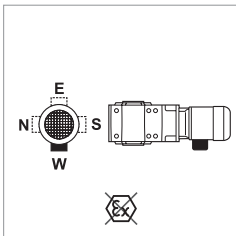


4x 

B6

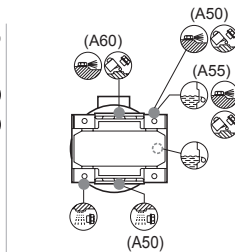
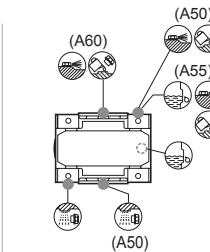
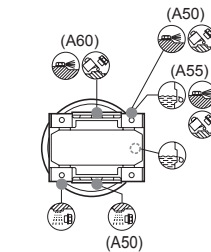
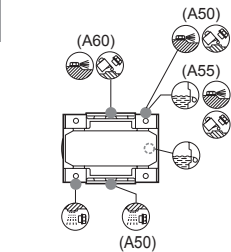
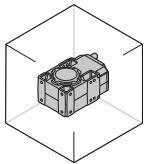




2x 
3x 

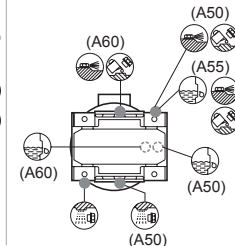
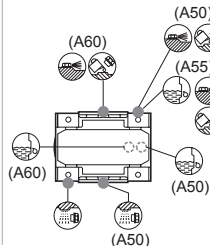
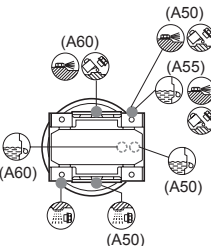
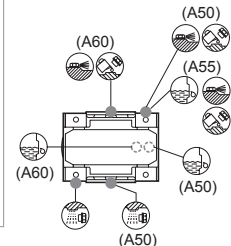
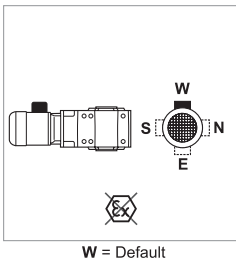


4x 

B7



2x 
3x 



4x 



A 50 ... A 60



A 50 ... A 60

HS



P(IEC)



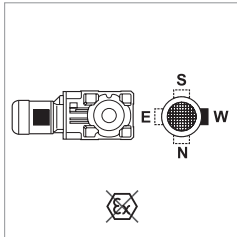
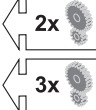
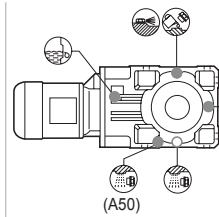
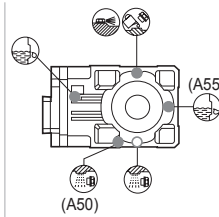
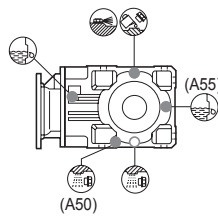
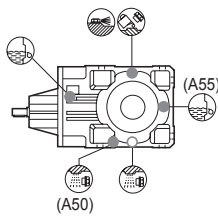
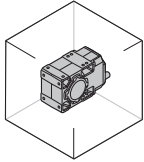
SK / SC



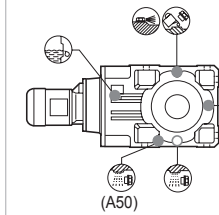
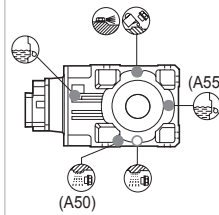
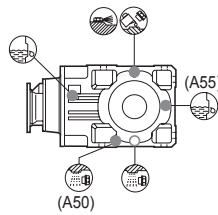
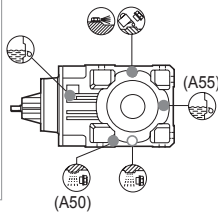
S



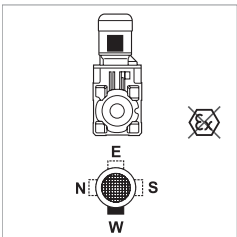
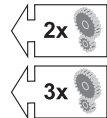
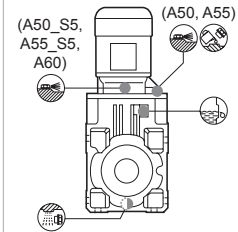
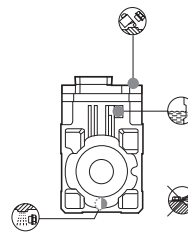
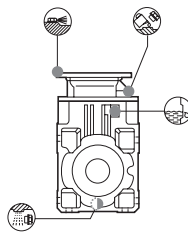
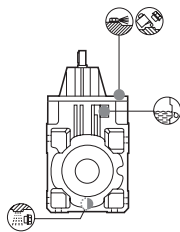
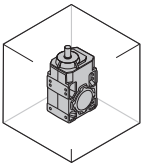
B8



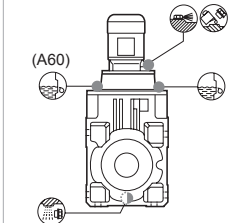
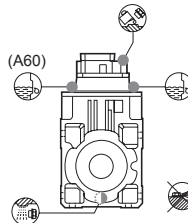
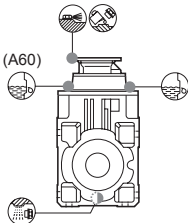
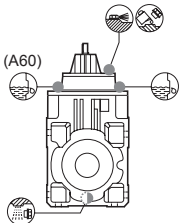
W = Default



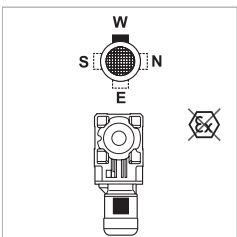
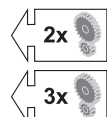
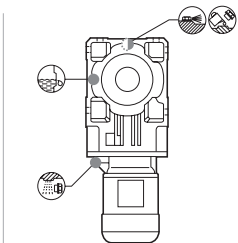
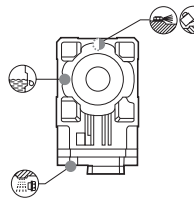
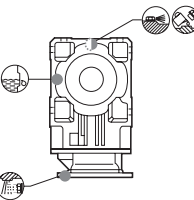
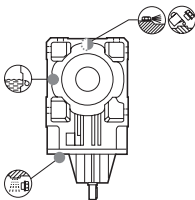
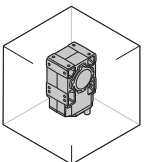
VA



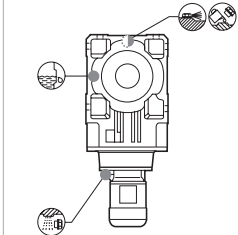
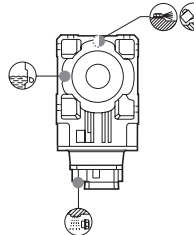
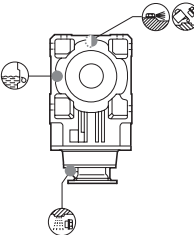
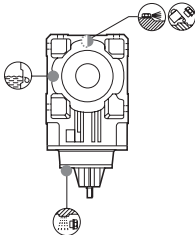
W = Default



VB



W = Default





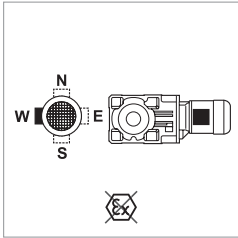
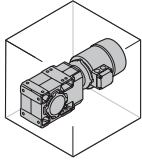
A 70 ... A 90   **A 70 ... A 90**

HS   HS

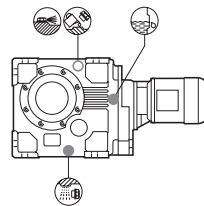
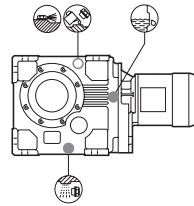
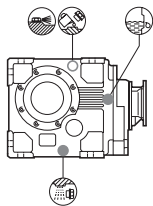
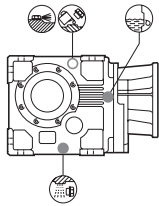
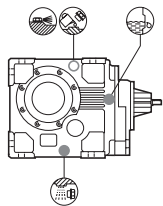
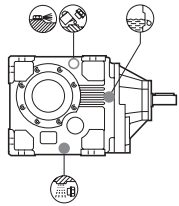
P(IEC)   P(IEC)

S 

B3



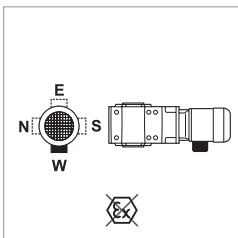
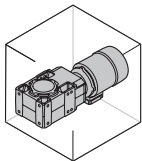
W = Default



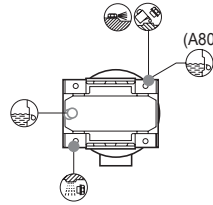
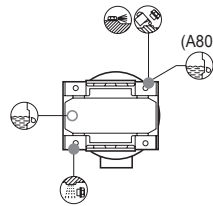
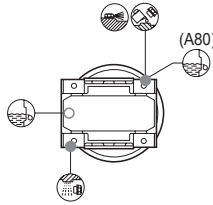
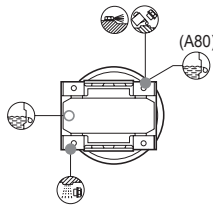
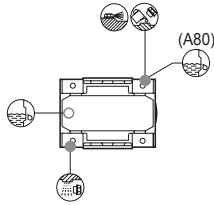
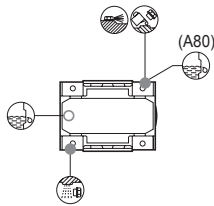
3x 


4x 

B6



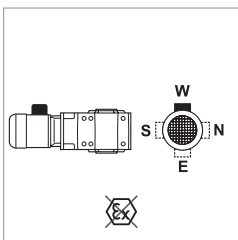
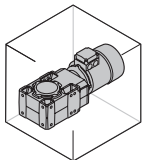
W = Default



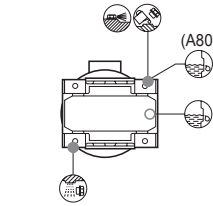
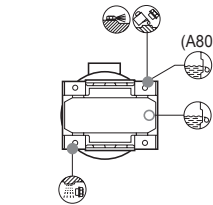
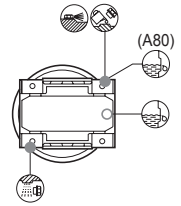
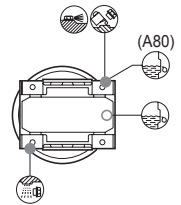
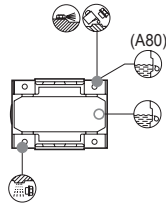
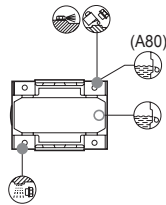
3x 

4x 

B7



W = Default



3x 

4x 



A 70 ... A 90



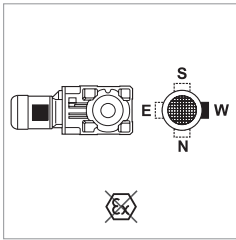
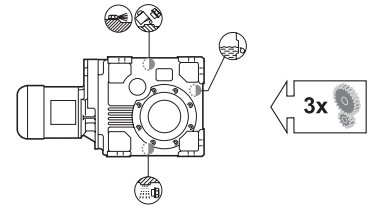
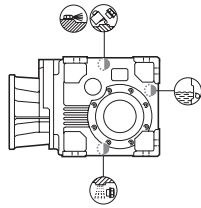
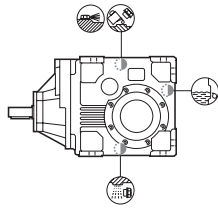
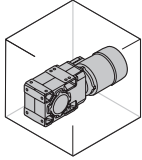
A 70 ... A 90

HS

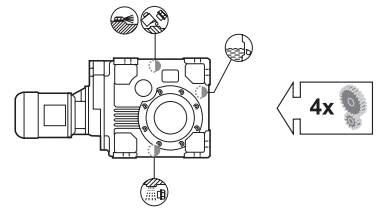
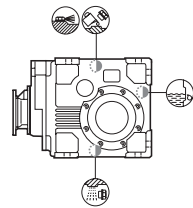
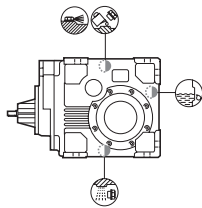
P(IEC)

S

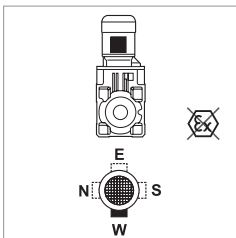
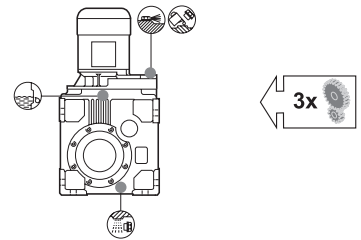
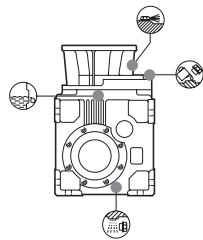
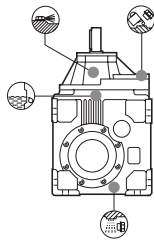
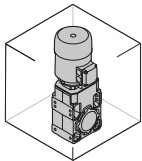
B8



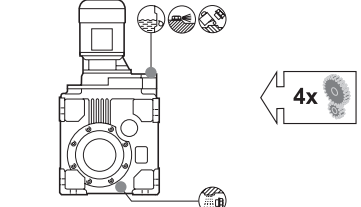
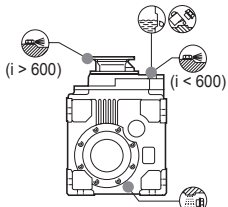
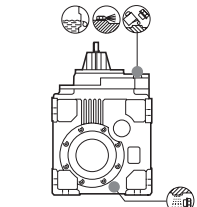
W = Default



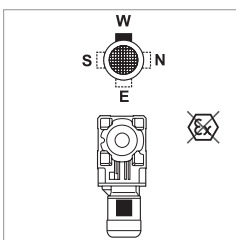
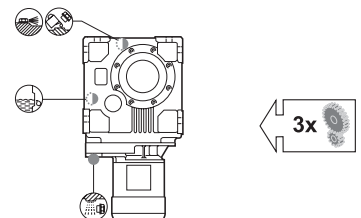
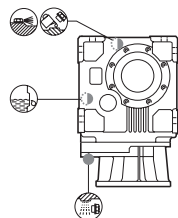
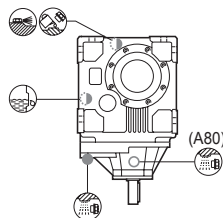
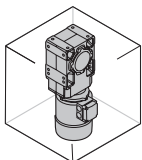
VA



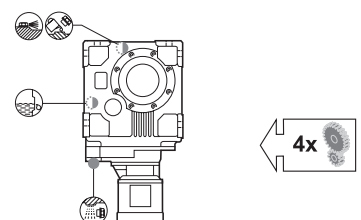
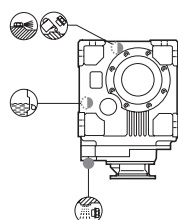
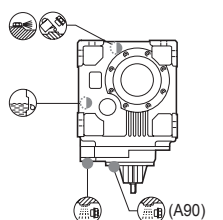
W = Default



VB



W = Default



5.9.3.3 F Series shaft mounted gearboxes:

F 10 ... F 41					
	HS	P (IEC)	SK / SC	S	
H1					
					 F10 - F20 2x 2x 3x F25...F41
					 F20 3x 4x F25...F41
W = Default					
H2					
					 F10 - F20 2x 2x 3x F25...F41
					 F20 3x 4x F25...F41
W = Default					
H3					
					 F10 - F20 2x 2x 3x F25...F41
					 F20 3x 4x F25...F41
W = Default					



F 10 ... F 41

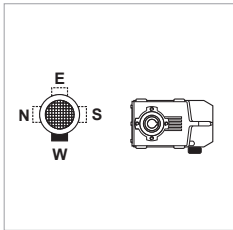
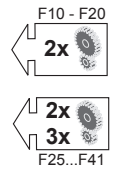
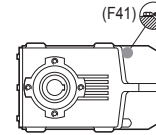
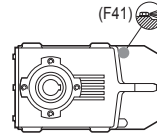
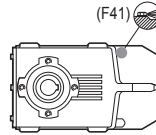
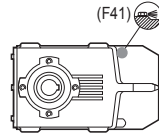
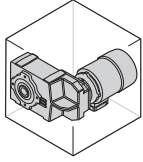
HS

P (IEC)

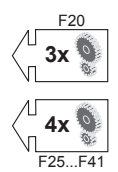
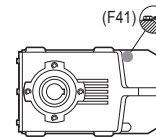
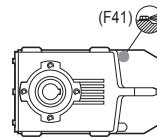
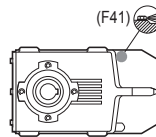
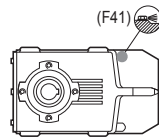
SK / SC

S

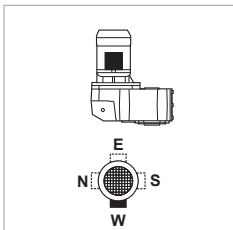
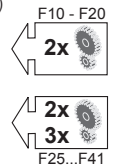
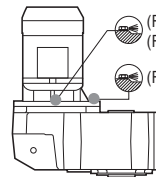
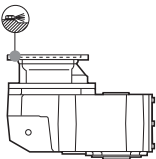
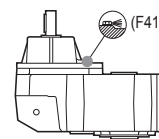
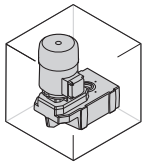
H4



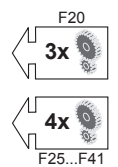
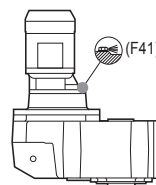
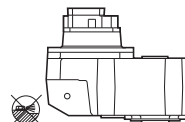
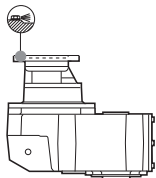
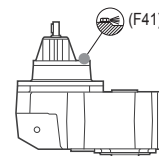
W = Default



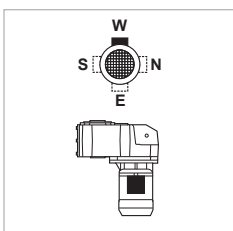
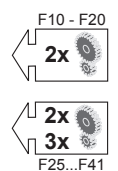
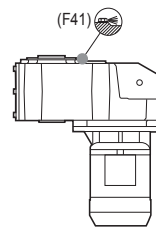
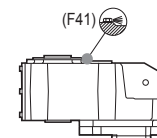
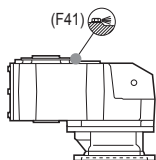
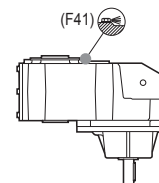
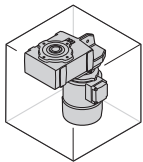
H5



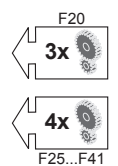
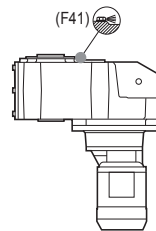
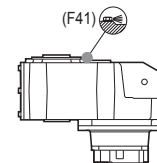
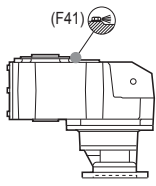
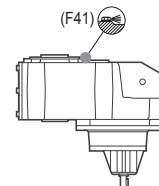
W = Default



H6



W = Default



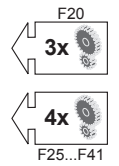
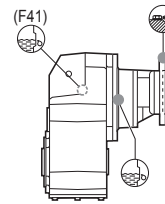
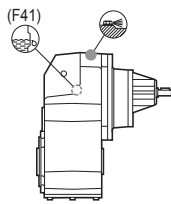
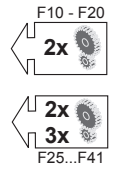
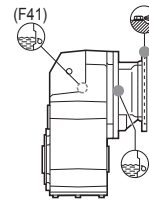
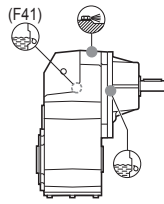
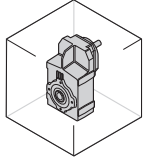


F 10 ... F 41

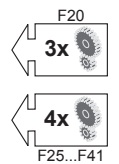
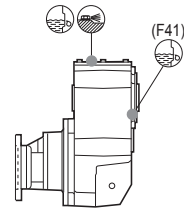
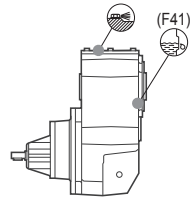
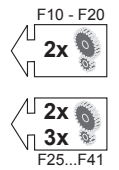
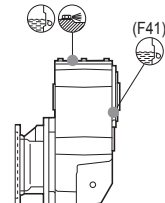
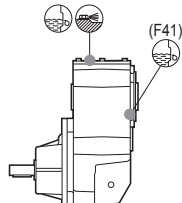
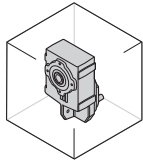
HS

P (IEC)

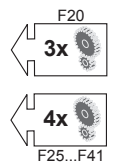
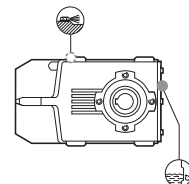
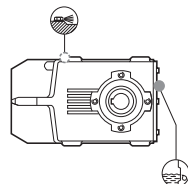
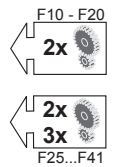
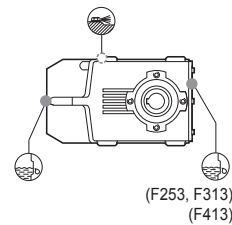
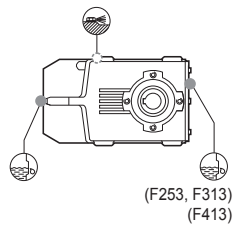
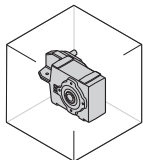
H1



H2



H3



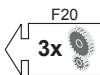
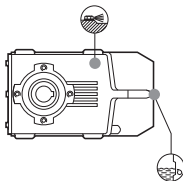
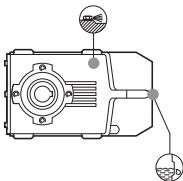
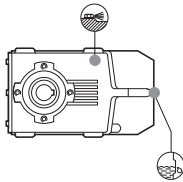
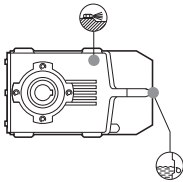
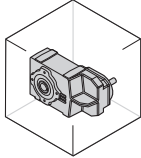


F 10 ... F 41

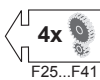
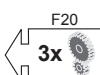
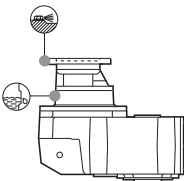
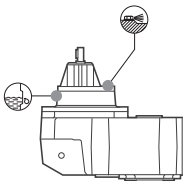
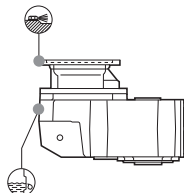
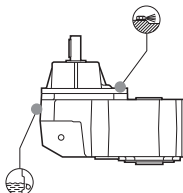
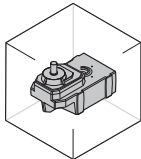
HS

P (IEC)

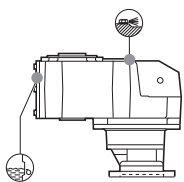
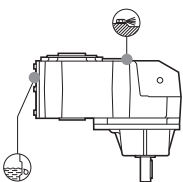
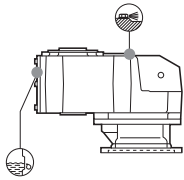
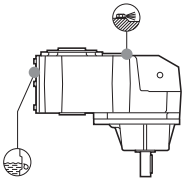
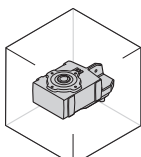
H4



H5



H6





F 51 - F 60



F 51 - F 60

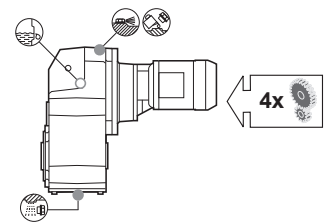
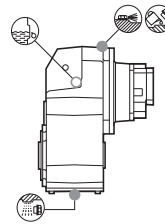
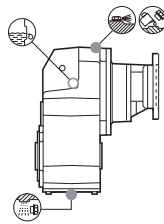
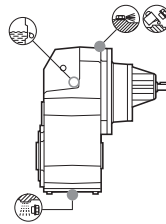
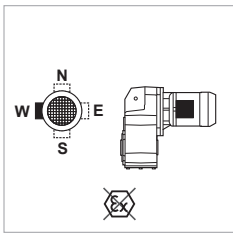
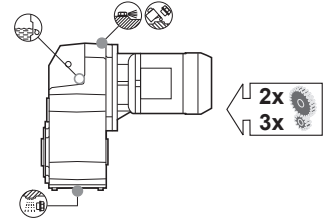
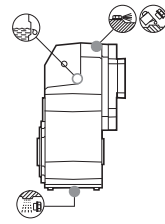
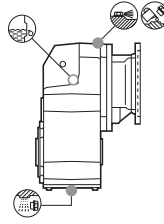
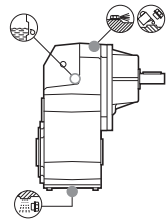
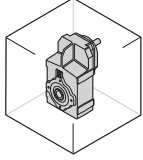
HS

P(IEC)

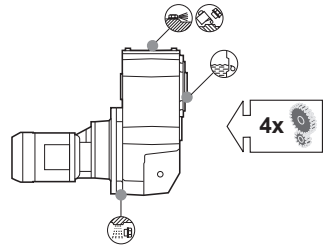
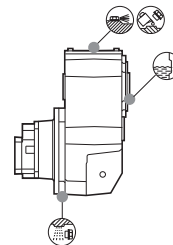
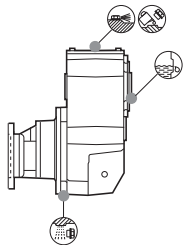
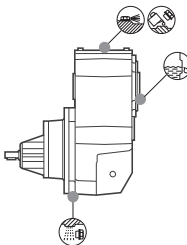
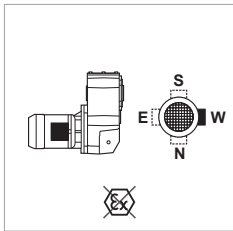
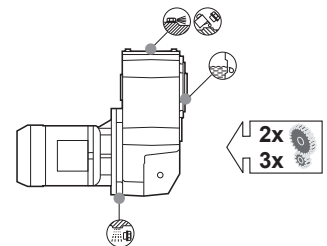
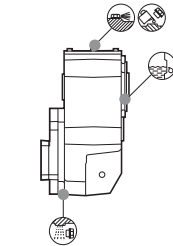
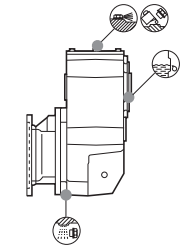
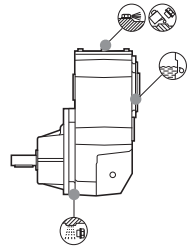
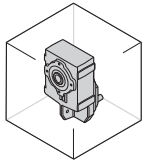
SK / SC

S

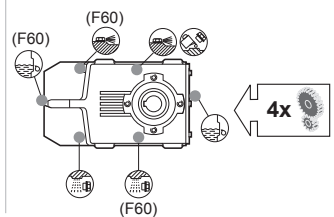
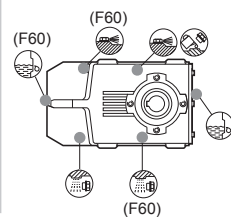
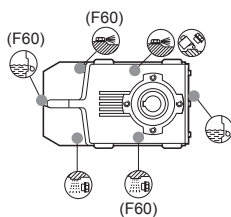
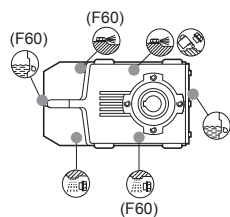
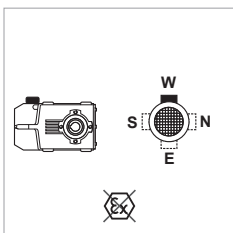
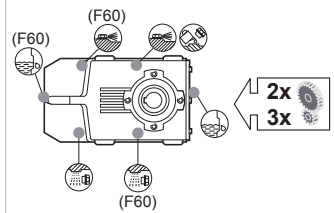
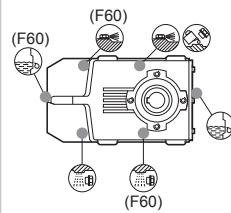
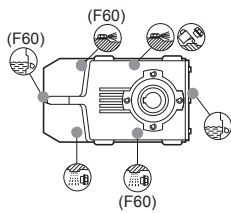
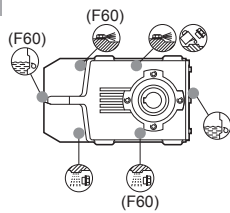
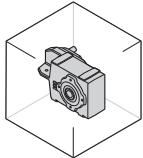
H1



H2



H3





F 51 - F 60



F 51 - F 60

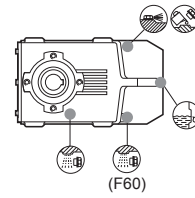
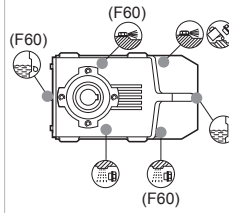
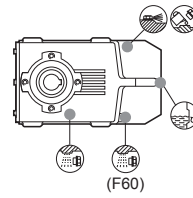
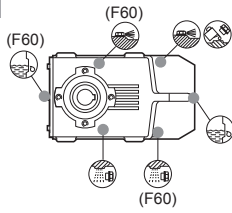
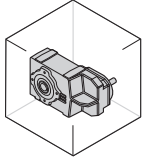
HS HS

P(IEC) P(IEC)

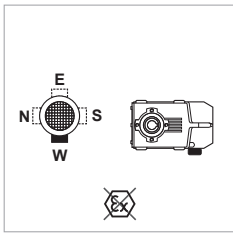
SK / SC

S

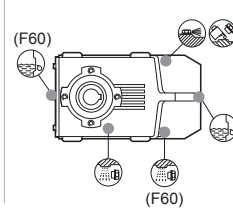
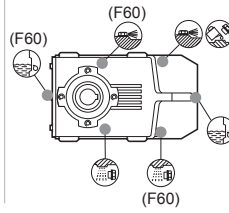
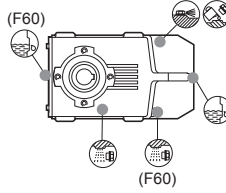
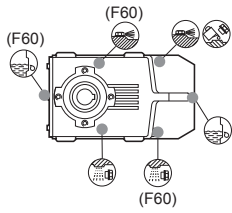
H4



2x
3x

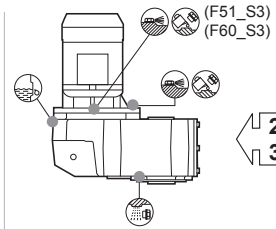
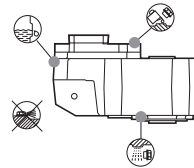
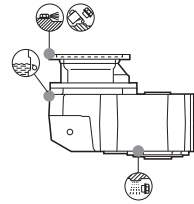
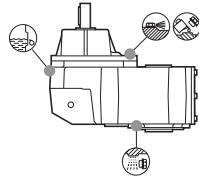
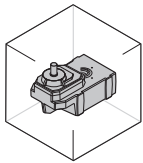


W = Default

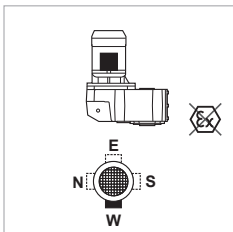


4x

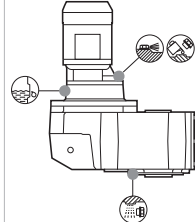
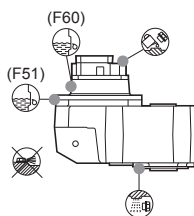
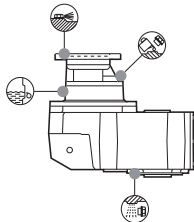
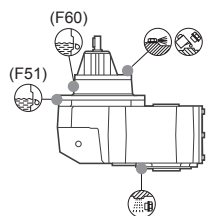
H5



2x
3x

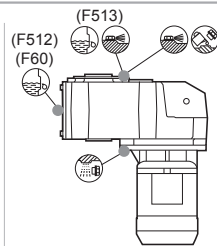
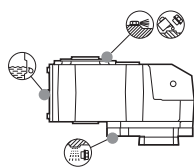
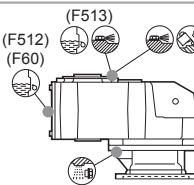
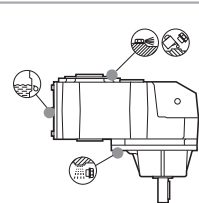
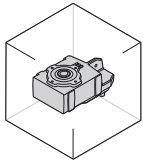


W = Default

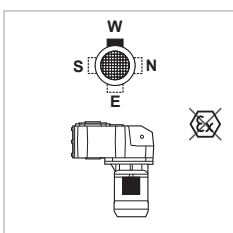


4x

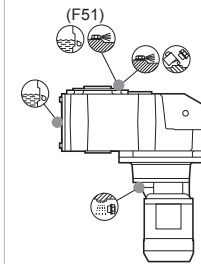
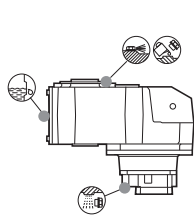
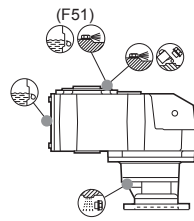
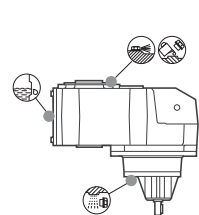
H6



2x
3x



W = Default



4x



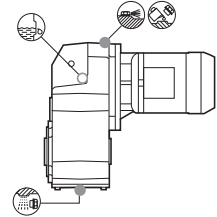
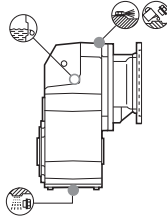
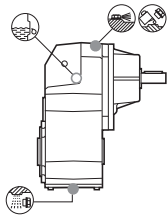
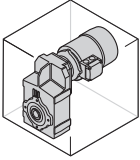
F 70 ... F 90

HS

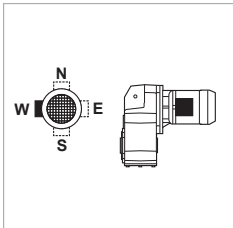
P (IEC)

S

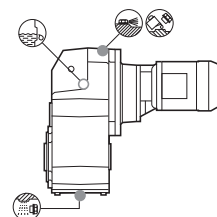
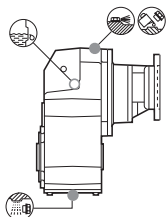
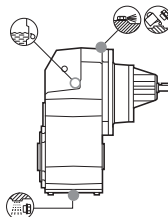
H1



3x

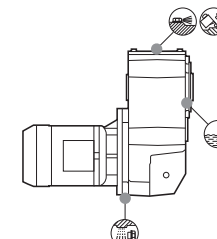
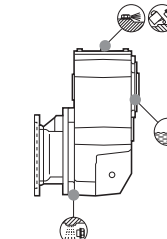
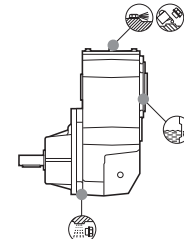
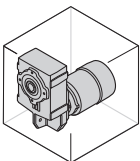


W = Default

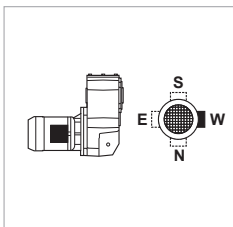


4x

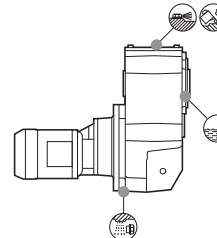
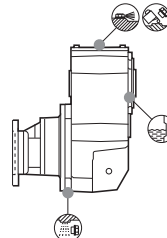
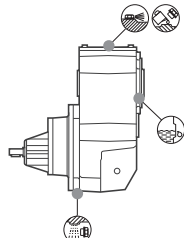
H2



3x

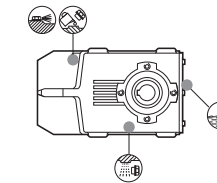
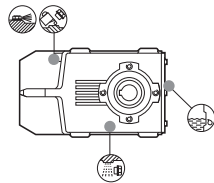
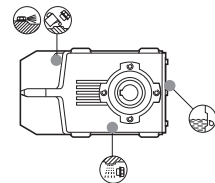
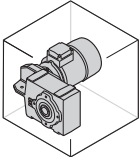


W = Default

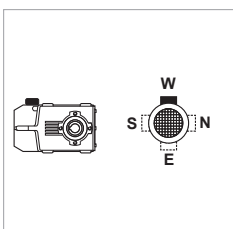


4x

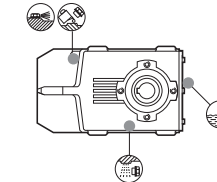
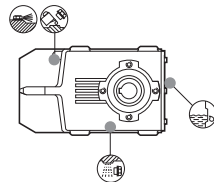
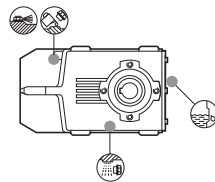
H3



3x



W = Default



4x



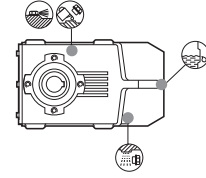
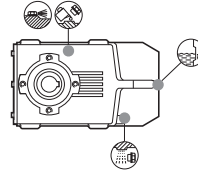
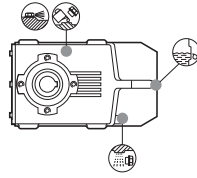
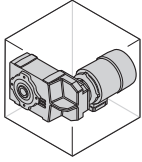
F 70 ... F 90

HS

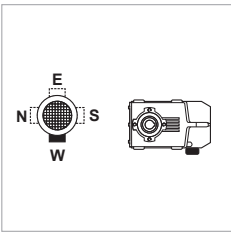
P (IEC)

S

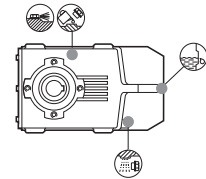
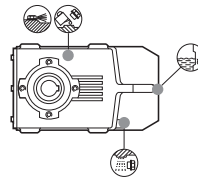
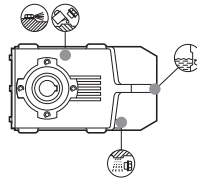
H4



3x

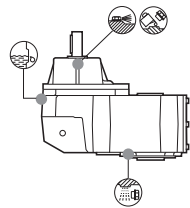
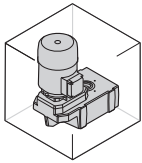


W = Default

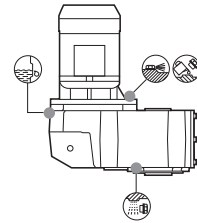
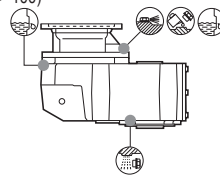


4x

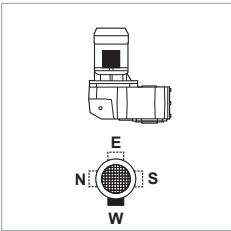
H5



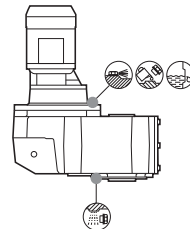
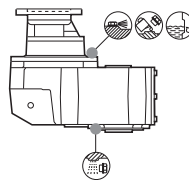
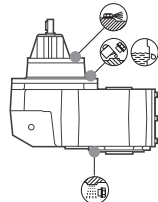
(P63...132, P250)
(i > 100)



3x

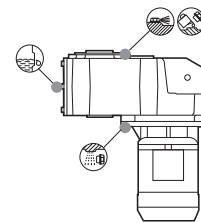
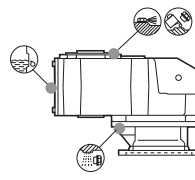
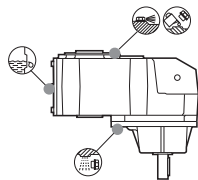
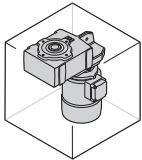


W = Default

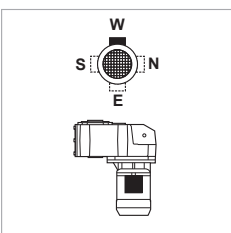


4x

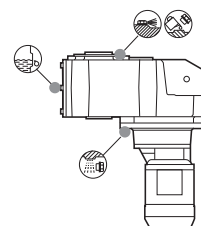
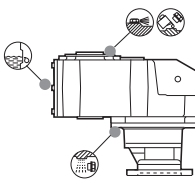
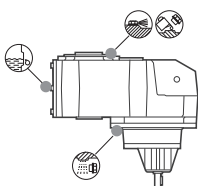
H6



3x



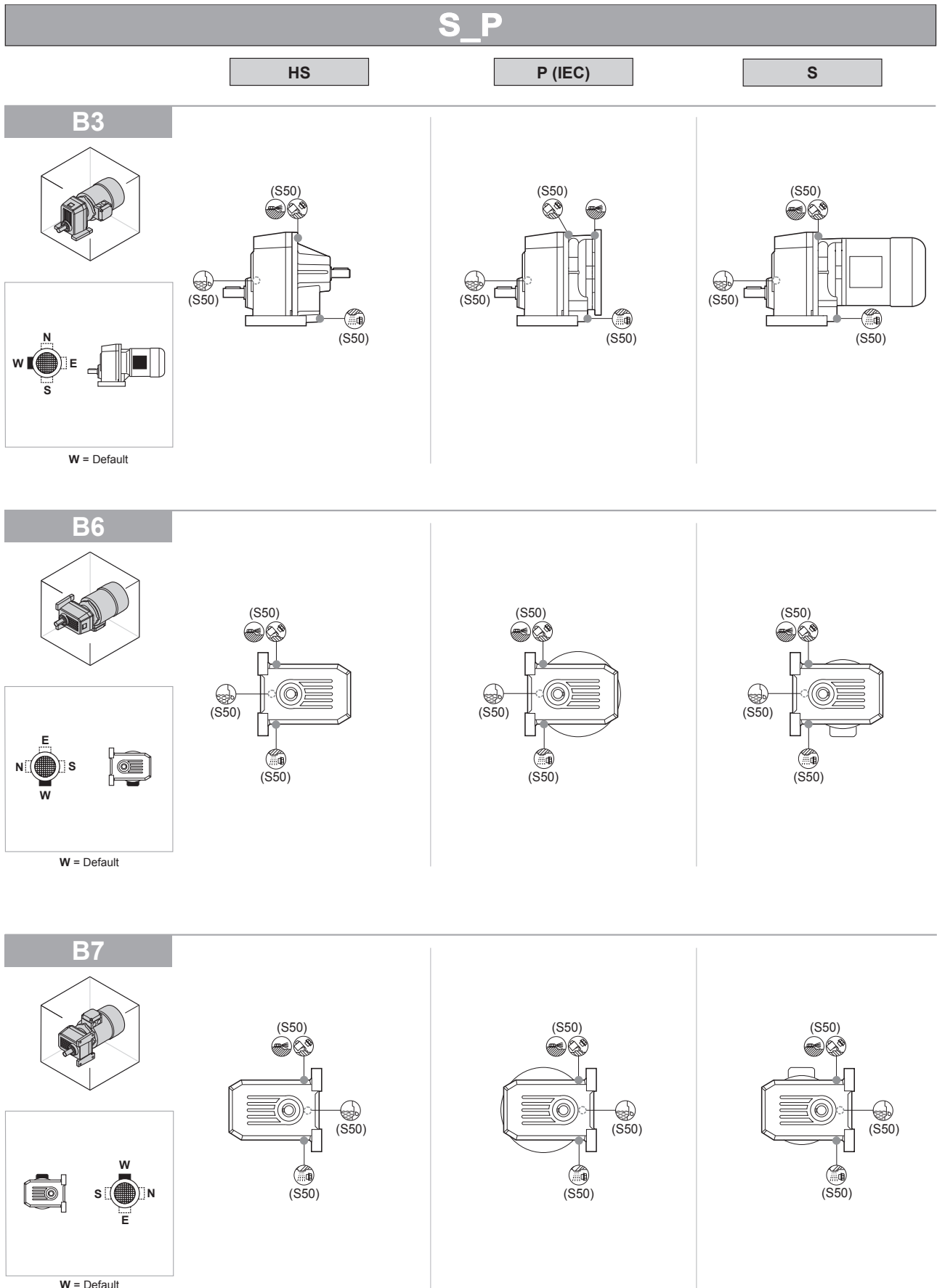
W = Default



4x



5.9.3.4 S Series single stage gearboxes:





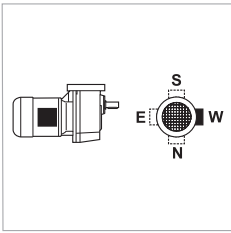
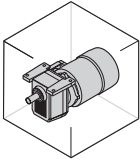
S_P

HS

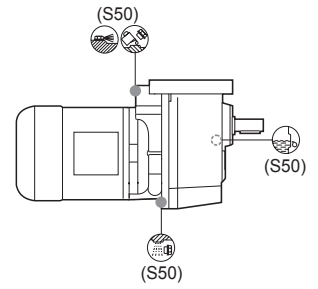
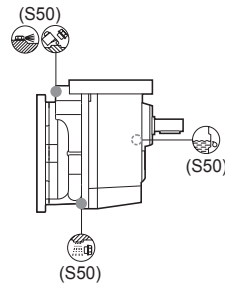
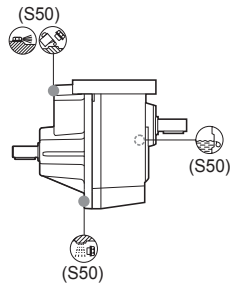
P (IEC)

S

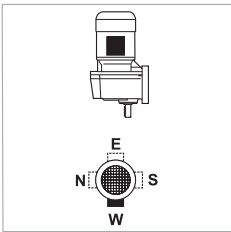
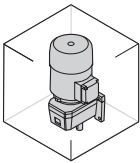
B8



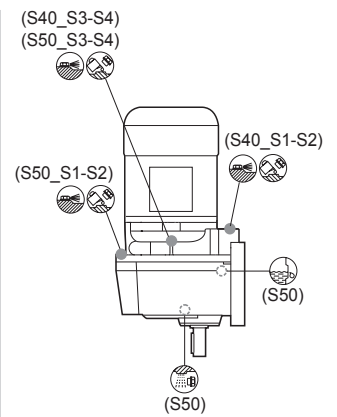
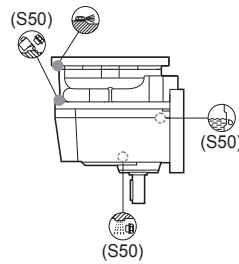
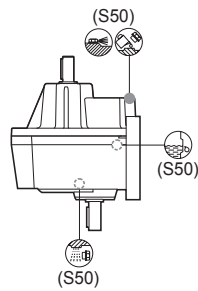
W = Default



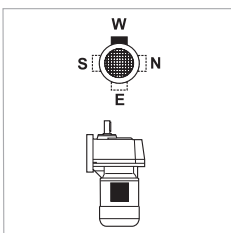
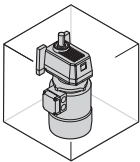
V5



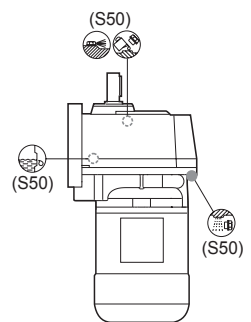
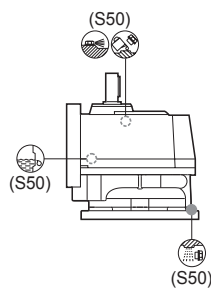
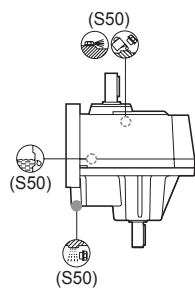
W = Default



V6



W = Default





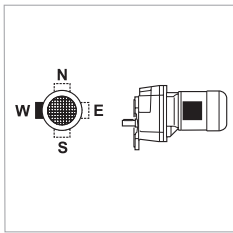
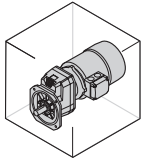
S_F

HS

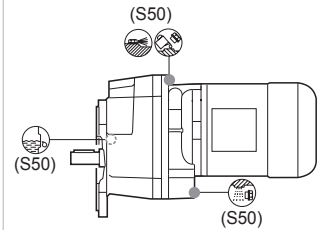
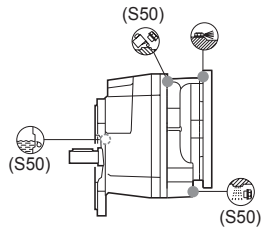
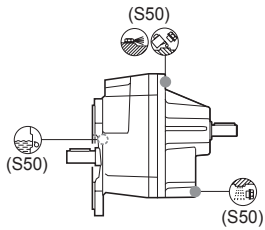
P (IEC)

S

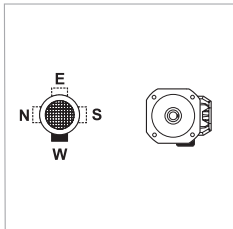
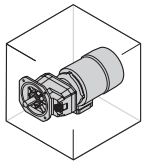
B5



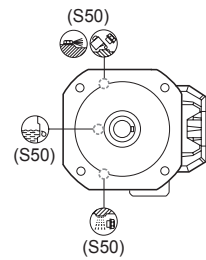
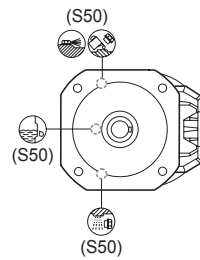
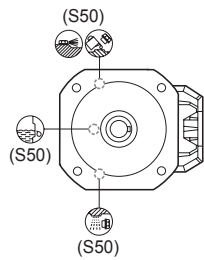
W = Default



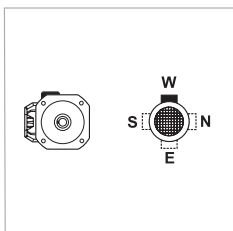
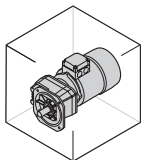
B51



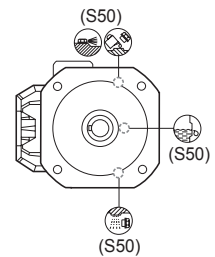
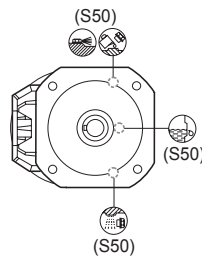
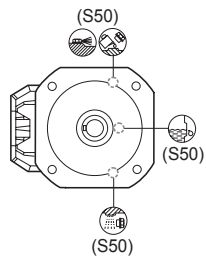
W = Default



B53



W = Default





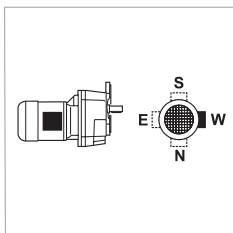
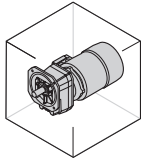
S_F

HS

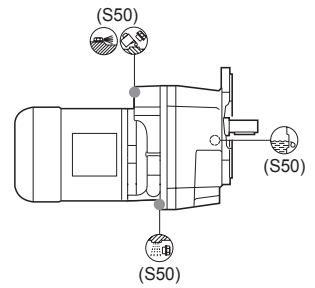
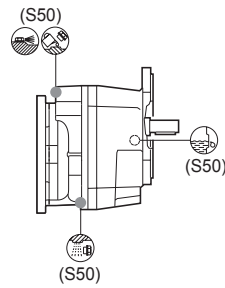
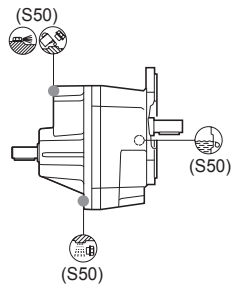
P (IEC)

S

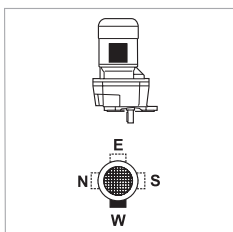
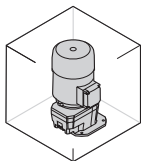
B52



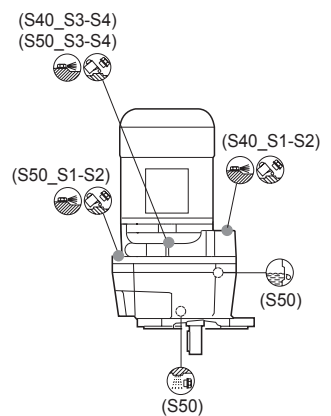
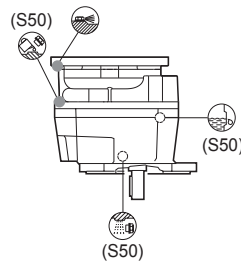
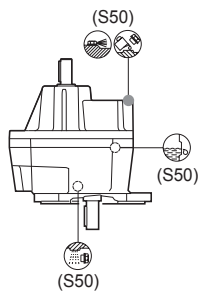
W = Default



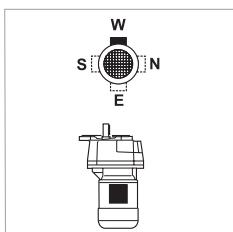
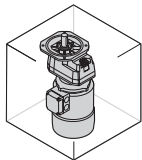
V1



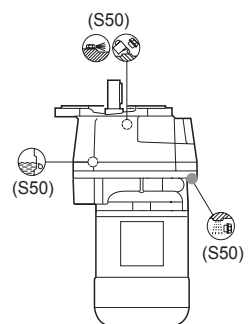
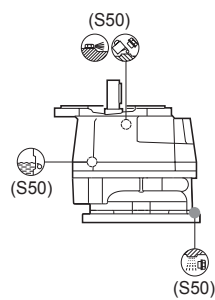
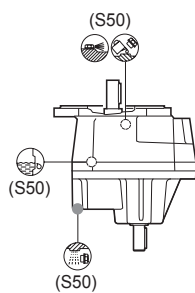
W = Default



V3



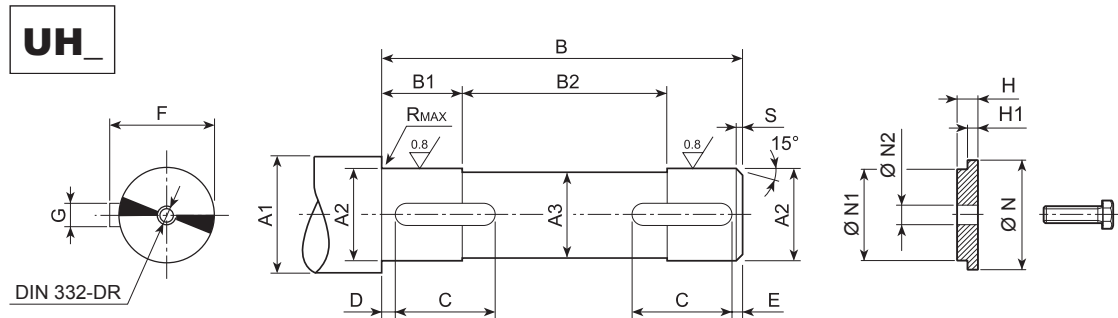
W = Default



5.10 PREPARING CUSTOMER SHAFTS

Make the driven shaft to be coupled to the gearbox's output shaft from a good quality steel, respecting the dimensions given in the table. A device such as that illustrated below should also be installed to secure the shaft axially. Take care to verify and dimension the various components to suit the needs of the application.

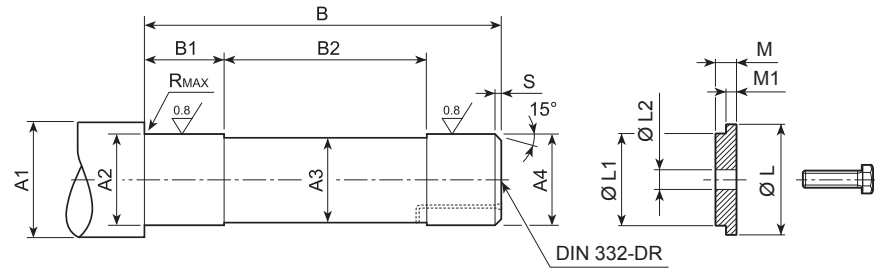
5.10.1 A Series bevel helical gearboxes:




	A1	A2	A3	B	B1	B2	C	D	E	F	G	R	S		N	N1	N2	H	H1	
														UNI 6604						UNI 5739
A05 UH25	≥ 30	25 h7	24	102	21	62	20	2	2	28	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x20 A	35	25 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
A10 UH30	≥ 35	30 h7	29	118	16	87	20	2	2	33	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x20 A	35	30 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A10 UH25	≥ 30	25 h7	24	118	16	87	20	2	2	28	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x20 A	30+35	25 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
A20 UH35	≥ 42	35 h7	34	138	20	98	20	2	2	38	10 h9	0.5	1.5	10x8x20 A	42	35 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A20 UH30	≥ 35	30 h7	29	138	20	98	25	2	2	33	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x25 A	35+42	30 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A30 UH40	≥ 47	40 h7	39	158	23	112	30	2	2	43	12 h9	0.5	1.5	12x8x30 A	47	40 d9	14	8.5	7	M12x35
A30 UH35	≥ 42	35 h7	34	158	23	112	30	2	2	38	10 h9	0.5	1.5	10x8x30 A	42+47	35 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A35 UH40	≥ 47	40 h7	39	175	33	109	40	2	2	43	12 h9	1	1.5	12x8x40 A	47	40 d9	14	8.5	7	M12x35
A35 UH35	≥ 42	35 h7	34	175	33	109	40	2	2	38	10 h9	1	1.5	10x8x40 A	42+47	35 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A41 UH45	≥ 52	45 h7	44	184	28	128	45	2.5	2.5	48.5	14 h9	1	2	14x9x45 A	52	45 d9	14	8.5	7	M12x35
A41 UH40	≥ 47	40 h7	39	184	28	128	50	2.5	2.5	43	12 h9	1	2	12x8x50 A	47+52	40 d9	14	8.5	7	M12x35
A50 UH55	≥ 63	55 h7	54	226	37.5	151	55	2.5	2.5	59	16 h9	1	2	16x10x55 A	63	55 d9	22	10	8	M20x50
A50 UH50	≥ 57	50 h7	49	226	37.5	151	65	2.5	2.5	53.5	14 h9	1	2	14x9x65 A	57+63	50 d9	18	10	8	M16x45
A55 UH60	≥ 70	60 h7	59	226	37.5	151	65	2.5	2.5	64	18 h9	2	2	18x11x65 A	70	60 d9	22	10	8	M20x50
A55 UH50	≥ 60	50 h7	49	226	37.5	151	75	2.5	2.5	53.5	14 h9	2	2	14x9x75 A	60+70	50 d9	18	10	8	M16x45
A60 UH70	≥ 78	70 h7	69	248	48	152	70	2.5	2.5	74.5	20 h9	2.5	2	20x12x70 A	78	70 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A60 UH60	≥ 68	60 h7	59	248	48	152	80	2.5	2.5	64	18 h9	2.5	2	18x11x80 A	68+78	60 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A70 UH80	≥ 89	80 h7	79	303	58	187	90	3	3	85	22 h9	2.5	2.5	22x14x90 A	89	80 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A70 UH70	≥ 78	70 h7	69	303	58	187	110	3	3	74.5	20 h9	2.5	2.5	20x12x110 A	78+89	70 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A80 UH90	≥ 99	90 h7	89	358	78	202	120	3	3	95	25 h9	2.5	2.5	25x14x120 A	99	90 d9	26	22	20.5	M24x70
A80 UH80	≥ 89	80 h7	79	358	78	202	130	3	3	85	22 h9	2.5	2.5	22x14x130 A	89+99	80 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A90 UH100	≥ 111	100 h7	99	408	78	252	160	3	3	106	28 h9	2.5	2.5	28x16x160 A	111	100 d9	26	22	20.5	M24x70
A90 UH90	≥ 99	90 h7	89	408	78	252	190	3	3	95	25 h9	2.5	2.5	25x14x190 A	99+111	90 d9	26	22	20.5	M24x70



US

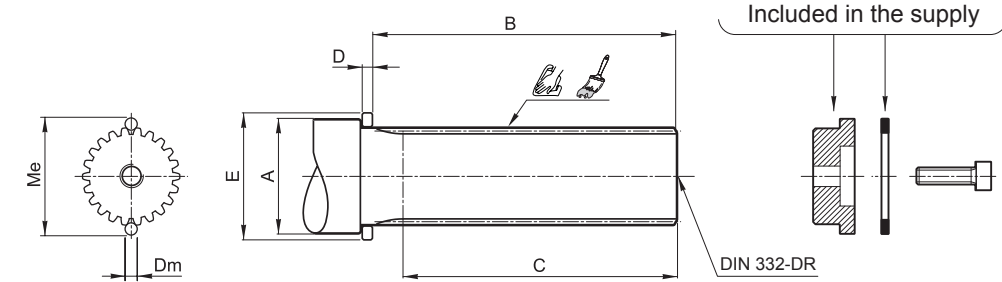




	A1	A2	A3	A4	B	B1	B2	R	S	L	L1	L2	M	M1	 UNI 5739
A 05	≥ 35	27 h7	24	25 h6	129.5	32	63.5	0.5	1.5	29.5	25 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A 10	≥ 42	32 h7	29	30 h6	147.5	34	77.5	0.5	1.5	35.5	30 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
A 20	≥ 48	37 h7	34	35 h6	170	40	89	0.5	1.5	43	35 d9	14	8.5	7	M12x35
A 30	≥ 54	42 h7	39	40 h6	191.5	48	95.5	0.5	1.5	49	40 d9	18	10	8.5	M16x45
A 35	≥ 54	42 h7	39	40 h6	208.5	48	112.5	0.5	1.5	49	40 d9	18	10	8.5	M16x45
A 41	≥ 60	47 h7	44	45 h6	222	53	117	1	2	54	45 d9	18	10	8.5	M16x45
A 50	≥ 72	57 h7	54	55 g6	264	46	156	1	2	72	55 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A 55	≥ 72	62 h7	59	60 g6	266	46	158	2.5	2	72	60 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A 60	≥ 90	72 h7	69	70 g6	293	48	178	2.5	2.5	85	70 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A 70	≥ 104	82 h7	79	80 g6	352.5	90	172.5	2.5	2.5	95	80 d9	22	10	8.5	M20x50
A 80	≥ 114	92 h7	89	90 g6	416	100	216	2.5	2.5	105	90 d9	26	22	20.5	M24x70
A 90	≥ 126	102 h7	99	100 g6	469	78	321	2.5	2.5	120	100 d9	26	22	20.5	M24x70

To facilitate disassembly, provide a machine shaft with a hole through which an anti-corrosion fluid can be injected (see figure US).

In the presence of external thrust loads, vibration, safety issues, enhanced reliability requirements, or unfavourable mounting positions (e.g. B6 with the output shaft facing downwards), install suitable devices to secure the shaft axially and prevent accidental decoupling.

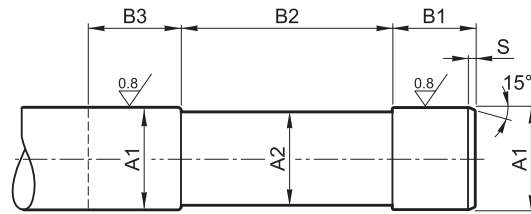
UV



	 DIN 5480	Me	Dm	A	B	C	D	E	 ISO 4762
A 20	30x1.25x30x22	33.04 +0/-0.04	2.75	≥ 40	111.5	≥ 95	7	45	M10x35
A 30	35x2x30x16	38.93 +0/-0.04	4	≥ 45	130.5	≥ 112	7	50	M12x40
A 35	35x2x30x16	38.93 +0/-0.04	4	≥ 45	147.5	≥ 129	7	50	M12x40
A 41	45x2x30x21	48.86 +0/-0.04	4	≥ 55	155.5	≥ 136	7	60	M16x45
A 50	50x2x30x24	54.14 +0/-0.05	4	≥ 60	196	≥ 175	7	65	M16x45
A 55	50x2x30x24	54.14 +0/-0.05	4	≥ 60	196	≥ 175	7	65	M16x45
A 60	65x2x30x31	68.97 +0/-0.05	4	≥ 75	213.5	≥ 191	7	80	M20x55

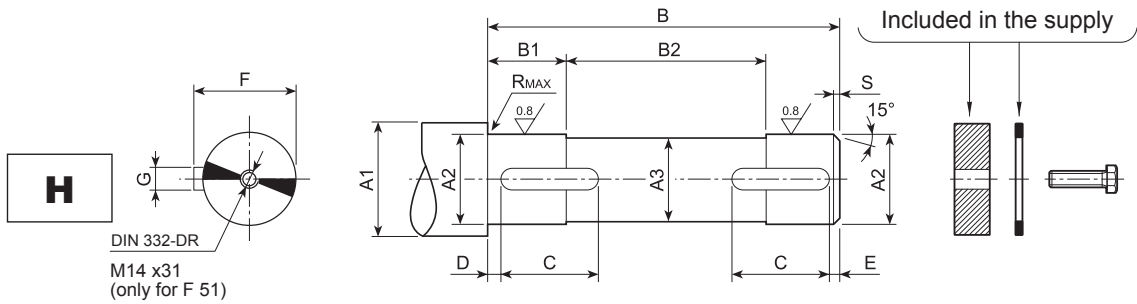


QF



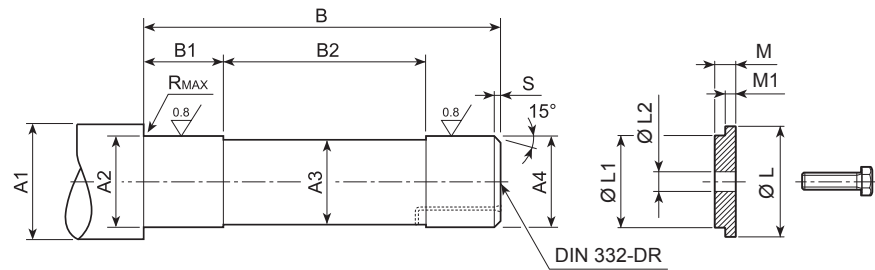
		A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	S
A 10	QF25	25 h6	24	41	95	≥ 50	1.5
	QF30	30 h6	29				
A 20	QF25	25 h6	24	41	115	≥ 50	1.5
	QF30	30 h6	29				
A 30	QF35	35 h6	34	45	130	≥ 54	1.5
	QF40	40 h6	39				
A 35	QF35	35 h6	34	45	146.5	≥ 54	1.5
	QF40	40 h6	39				
A 41	QF40	40 h6	39	47	151.5	≥ 56	2
	QF45	45 h6	44				
A 50	QF50	50 h6	49	48	197	≥ 57	2
	QF55	55 h6	54				
A 55	QF55	55 h6	54	50	190	≥ 59	2
	QF60	60 h6	59				
A 60	QF60	60 h6	59	57	203	≥ 66	2.5
	QF65	65 h6	64				
	QF70	70 h6	69				

In the presence of external thrust loads, vibration, safety issues, enhanced reliability requirements, or unfavourable mounting positions (e.g. B6 with the output shaft facing downwards), install suitable devices to secure the shaft axially and prevent accidental decoupling.



	A1	A2	A3	B	B1	B2	C	D	E	F	G	R	S	UNI 6604	UNI 5739
F 10	≥ 35	30 h7	29	87.5	15.5	56.5	20	2	2	33	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x20 A	M8x25
	≥ 30	25 h7	24	87.5	15.5	56.5	20	2	2	28	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x20 A	
F 20	≥ 42	35 h7	34	99	18	63	22	2	2	38	10 h9	0.5	1.5	10x8x22 A	M8x30
	≥ 35	30 h7	29	99	18	63	22	2	2	33	8 h9	0.5	1.5	8x7x22 A	
F 25	≥ 47	40 h7	39	104	23	58	30	2	2	43	12 h9	0.5	1.5	12x8x30 A	M8x30
	≥ 42	35 h7	34	104	23	58	30	2	2	38	10 h9	0.5	1.5	10x8x30 A	
F 31	≥ 47	40 h7	39	104	28	48	30	2	2	43	12 h9	0.5	1.5	12x8x30 A	M8x30
	≥ 42	35 h7	34	104	28	48	30	2	2	38	10 h9	0.5	1.5	10x8x30 A	
F 41	≥ 52	45 h7	44	118	27.5	63	45	2.5	2.5	48.5	14 h9	1	2	14x9x45 A	M10x30
	≥ 47	40 h7	39	118	27.5	63	45	2.5	2.5	43	12 h9	1	2	12x8x45 A	
F 51	≥ 63	55 h7	54	139	33	73	50	2.5	2.5	59	16 h9	1	2	16x10x50 A	M14x45
	≥ 57	50 h7	49	139	33	73	50	2.5	2.5	53.5	14 h9	1	2	14x9x50 A	
F 60	≥ 78	70 h7	69	180	38	104	70	2.5	2.5	74.5	20 h9	1	2	20x12x70 A	M16x45
	≥ 68	60 h7	59	180	38	104	70	2.5	2.5	64	18 h9	1	2	18x11x70 A	
F 70	≥ 89	80 h7	79	229	58	113	75	3	3	85	22 h9	2.5	2.5	22x14x75 A	M20x55
	≥ 78	70 h7	69	229	58	113	75	3	3	74.5	20 h9	2.5	2.5	20x12x75 A	
F 80	≥ 99	90 h7	89	272	78	116	100	3	3	95	25 h9	2.5	2.5	25x14x100 A	M20x55
	≥ 89	80 h7	79	272	78	116	100	3	3	85	22 h9	2.5	2.5	22x14x100 A	
F 90	≥ 111	100 h7	99	333	87.5	158	110	3	3	106	28 h9	2.5	2.5	28x16x110 A	M24x65
	≥ 99	90 h7	89	333	87.5	158	110	3	3	95	25 h9	2.5	2.5	25x14x110 A	

S

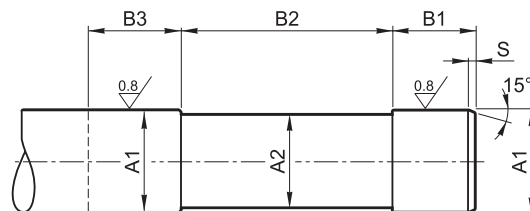


	A1	A2	A3	A4	B	B1	B2	R	S	L	L1	L2	M	M1	UNI 5739
F 10	≥ 36	27 h7	24	25 h6	138	34	70	0.5	1.5	29.5	25 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
F 20	≥ 42	32 h7	29	30 h6	160	38	84	0.5	1.5	35.5	30 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
F 25	≥ 42	32 h7	30	31 h6	172	38	96	0.5	1.5	35.5	31 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
F 31	≥ 50	38 h7	35	36 h6	155	40	73	1	2	43	36 d9	9	7	5.5	M8x25
F 41	≥ 58	44 h7	41	42 h6	177	46.5	82	1	2	49	42 d9	11	8.5	7	M10x30
F 51	≥ 68	54 h7	51	52 g6	201	48	91	1	2	61	52 d9	18	9	7.5	M16x45
F 60	≥ 84	67 h7	64	65 g6	248	53	133	1.5	2	80	65 d9	18	9	7.5	M16x45
F 70	≥ 104	82 h7	79	80 g6	308	78	140	2.5	2.5	95	80 d9	22	13.5	12	M20x55
F 80	≥ 114	92 h7	89	90 g6	365	88	177	2.5	2.5	105	90 d9	22	13.5	12	M20x55
F 90	≥ 126	102 h7	99	100 g6	429.5	98	221.5	2.5	2.5	120	100 d9	26	20	18.5	M24x70

To facilitate disassembly, provide a machine shaft with a hole through which an anti-corrosion fluid can be injected (see figure S).

In the presence of external thrust loads, vibration, safety problems, requirements for enhanced reliability, or unfavourable mounting positions (e.g. H5 with the output shaft facing downwards), install suitable devices to secure the shaft axially and prevent accidental decoupling.

QF



		A1	A2	B1	B2	B3	S
F 10	QF25	25 h6	24	41	83	≥ 50	1.5
	QF30	30 h6	29				
F 20	QF25	25 h6	24	41	104.5	≥ 50	1.5
	QF30	30 h6	29				
F 25	QF30	30 h6	29	41	120.5	≥ 50	1.5
	QF32	32 h6	31				
F 31	QF35	35 h6	34	45	95.5	≥ 54	1.5
	QF40	40 h6	39				
F 41	QF42	42 h6	41	46	112.5	≥ 55	2
	QF45	45 h6	44				
F 51	QF50	50 h6	49	48	131	≥ 57	2
	QF55	55 h6	54				
F 60	QF60	60 h6	59	57	158	≥ 66	2.5
	QF65	65 h6	64				
	QF70	70 h6	69				



5.11 PUTTING THE GEARBOX INTO SERVICE

The gearbox has been tested in the factory by the manufacturer.

Before starting it up, make sure:

- That the machine or part of the machine in which the the gearbox/gearmotor is to be installed has been declared to conform to the requirements of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and to any other relevant and applicable safety standards.
- That the gearbox mounting position in the installation corresponds to that prescribed and indicated on the nameplate
- It is expressly forbidden to install the gearbox at an angle without having consulted and obtained authorisation from the manufacturer's technical service. A tolerance of $\pm 5^\circ$ with respect to the theoretical plane of installation is permitted only for shaft mounted installations.
- That the electrical power supply is suitable and operational as prescribed in EN 60204-1 and is correct grounded
- That the rating of the power supply to the motor and any installed electrical devices corresponds to that prescribed and is within $\pm 10\%$ of the rated value.
- That the oil level in the gearbox/gearmotor and any lubricated accessories is as required and that there are no leaks from any plugs, seals or pipes.
- That any parts and/or accessories disconnected for transport purposes have been reconnected.
- That any of original guards removed for transport purposes have been refitted.

On startup of the gearbox/gearmotor:

- Check that there are no unusual noises and/or vibrations.
- After the first 100 hours of operation, check the tightening torque of all bolt couplings:
 - shrink discs
 - machine side flanges
 - motor flanges
 - supports

Before putting the gearbox into service, make sure that:

- Assembly will not be carried out in a potentially explosive atmosphere (oil, acid, gas, vapour, radiation) and that dust deposits on the gearbox do not exceed 5 mm in depth.
- Clean the gearbox thoroughly after installation.
- The oil level, drain and vent plugs are all easily accessible.
- All guards designed to prevent accidental contact between operators and rotating parts, and all oil seals, are fully efficient.
- Gearboxes with hollow shafts, with or without shrink disc, have been correctly mounted.
- All types of accessory installed on the gearbox are ATEX specified and have been installed in accordance with ATEX requirements.

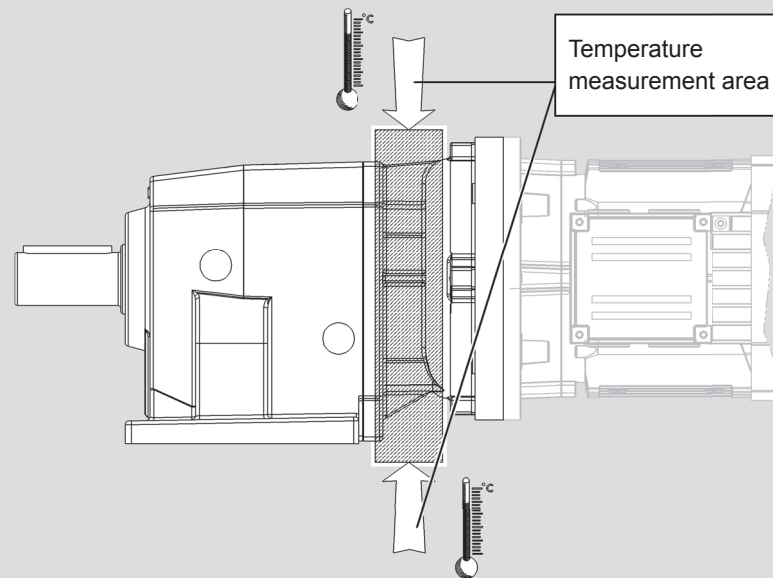


During service make sure that:

- The gearbox is sufficiently ventilated and that it is not subject to radiation from external heat sources.
- The temperature of the cooling air does not exceed 40°C.

Measuring the gearbox surface temperature

- The gearbox maximum surface temperature depends on motor speed, transmission ratio and motor version, but must never exceed the value stated on the nameplate.
- The maximum surface temperature specified on the nameplate refers to measurements made in normal ambient and correct installation conditions. Even minimal variations in these conditions (e.g. smaller mounting compartments) may have a significant effect on heat dissipation.
- When putting the gearbox into service, the surface temperature must be measured in the same conditions as those in which the gearbox will operate. The surface temperature must be measured at the coupling between the gearbox and motor, and at the points which are most shielded from the forced ventilation provided by the motor fan.



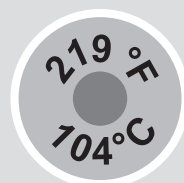
IMPORTANT:

Maximum surface temperature is reached after 3 hours operation at full load. Maximum surface temperature measured at these points must not exceed ambient temperature by more than 75 K (ΔT).

If the temperature differential exceeds this value, stop the gearbox at once and contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service.

- If the temperature differential lies within the above value, wait for the gearbox to cool down and then install the heat sensor included in the supply at the point of maximum temperature.

Example:



- Check that the gearbox functions normally (no unusual vibrations and/or noise).



ATEX INCLUDED



- Provided all the above checks have been completed positively, and provided all the instructions in this manual have been strictly observed, an electric motor with ATEX rating equal to or higher than that of the gearbox may be installed to form a gearmotor that complies with the provisions of Directive 2014/34/EU.
- If, on the other hand, the motor and gearbox have been coupled in a way other than that prescribed in this manual, or if one or more of the instructions provided in this manual has been ignored, the user must perform a risk assessment specific to the motor-gearbox coupling.
- Risk assessment is mandatory if the motor is to be powered by an inverter. Only if this is done and self-certification issued by the assembler will the complete assembly in which the gearbox is installed conform to the requirements of Directive 2014/34/EU. The inverter control system must not allow the motor to exceed the gearbox maximum input speed ($n_1=1500 \text{ min}^{-1}$) or to generate overloads under any circumstances.

6 MAINTENANCE



Maintenance and replacement work must be carried out by expert maintenance technicians trained in the observance of applicable laws on health and safety at work and the special ambient problems attendant on the installation. In order to maintain the proper functioning and safety of the gearbox/gearmotor, we recommend that users have non-routine maintenance performed by the Manufacturer or an authorised, specialist service centre. Contact the manufacturer's sales network. Failure to comply with this requirement during the warranty period automatically invalidates the warranty.



Never improvise repairs.

Before doing any work on the unit, the operator must first switch off power to the gearbox and ensure that it is out of service, as well as taking all necessary precautions against it being accidentally switched on again or its parts moving without warning (due to suspended loads or similar external factors).

Furthermore, all additional environmental safety precautions must be taken (e.g. elimination of residual gas or dust, etc.).

- Disconnect power to the machine in which the gearbox is installed before commencing any maintenance work, and secure all switches in the OFF position. All persons performing maintenance must secure the disconnecting switches for themselves, using personal devices (e.g. padlocks) the keys of which they must keep with them for the duration of the work.
- Ensure surfaces have cooled before commencing work. If necessary, wear anti-burn safety gloves when working on gearboxes. Refer to chapter "ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS" for further details.
- Before commencing any maintenance work, activate all the safety devices provided and, if necessary, inform persons working in the vicinity. Cordon off the area around the gearbox and prevent access to any equipment which, if activated, might be the cause of unexpected health and safety hazards.
- Replace worn components with original spare parts.
- Use only recommended lubricants (oil and grease).
- When working on the gearbox, always replace all gaskets and seals with original new ones.
- If a bearing requires replacement, it is good practice to replace the other bearing on the same shaft as well.
- Change the oil after completing maintenance work.
- If, during work, there is any risk of coming into contact with oils and greases, respect the safety precautions provided on the manufacturer's data sheets and use all items of personal protective equipment specified therein.
- When performing any maintenance of repair, always check the tightening torque of shrink disc bolts on the drive shaft. For the correct values, see the "INSTALLING AN ELECTRIC MOTOR WITH A SHRINK DISC" section in this manual.

If the gearbox is not going to be used for a prolonged period following installation or run-in, it must be run at least once a month. If this is not possible, the gearbox must be protected against corrosion with a suitable rust inhibitor, or completely filled with new oil of the type normally utilised for operating duty. (See the "STORAGE" section in this manual.)



The above instructions are aimed at ensuring the efficient and safe operation of the gearbox. The manufacturer declines all liability for injury to persons or damage to components due to the use of non-original spare parts or non-routine work that compromises safety requirements without express prior authorisation. Refer to the specific spare parts catalogue when ordering spare parts for the gearbox.



Do not disperse contaminant liquids, worn parts and maintenance residues in the environment. Dispose of all such substances in strict compliance with applicable statutory legislation.



- Respect scheduled inspection and maintenance intervals to ensure the correct functioning of the gearbox and the effectiveness of the explosion protection.
- Allow the gearbox to cool down completely before servicing or repairing internal components in order to avoid burns from hot internal parts.
- On completion of maintenance work, make sure that all safety devices have been applied and reset.
- Clean the gearbox thoroughly after maintenance or repair.
- On completion of maintenance, tighten all vent, filler and level plugs to the torque values specified in the “INSTALLING THE GEARBOX” section of this manual.
- Apply fresh Loctite 510 paste (or a product with similar properties and application range) to all disassembled threads (bolts and plugs).
- On completion of any maintenance work, renew all seals and re-apply sealing compound as specified. On gearboxes with double seal rings, the space between the two rings must be packed with synthetic grease such as Fluorocarbon 880 ITP gel (or a product with similar properties and application range).
- Regardless of the type of gearbox, whenever a seal ring is replaced, its lips should be smeared with a thin layer of grease such as Fluorocarbon 880 ITP gel (or a product with similar properties and application range) before it is fitted.
- Use only original spare parts for repairs.

6.1 CHECKING OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

- Periodically remove any dust from the gearbox and motor casings.
- Check that the noise generated at constant load does not vary. Excessive vibration or noise can indicate wear of the gear train or failure of a bearing.
- Check power absorption and voltage against the nominal values given on the motor's nameplate.
- On brake motors, check the friction surfaces and friction material for wear and adjust the gap if necessary.
- Check for lubricant leaks from the gaskets/seals, plugs, casings and pipes.
- Check that temperature does not rise above normal operating levels (refer to chapter “ALLOWED TEMPERATURE LIMITS”) unless this is justified by a corresponding increase in the applied load, rotation speed, ambient temperature or other factor. If temperature rises, stop the gearbox immediately and identify the cause of the fault.
- Check all bolt couplings for wear, deformation and corrosion and tighten the bolts correctly, without exceeding the torque values specified in the “INSTALLING THE GEARBOX” section in this manual.

6.2 ROUTINE MAINTENANCE



Respect the manufacturer's routine maintenance schedule to keep the gearbox at peak efficiency. Good maintenance ensures maximum gearbox performance, extended service life and continued compliance with safety regulations.

List of routine checks

We recommend keeping a checklist of inspections so that any changes in individual control parameters can be identified rapidly and easily.



The times indicated in the following tables vary significantly in relation to the conditions of use of the gearbox and must be construed as valid in the absence of other types of problems.

Depending on the temperature reached by the lubricant, it should be replaced at the intervals indicated in the table below.

(tab 8)

A05 ... A60	Interval replacement [h]		
Average oil operating temperature [C°]	mineral oil	synthetic oil	
	EP(*)	PAO	PAG
$t_o < 65$	not required	not required	25000
$65 < t_o < 80$	not required	not required	15000
$80 < t_o < 95$	not required	not required	12500

(*) = Replacement within 1 year

(tab 9)

A60 ... A90/C/F/S	Interval replacement [h]		
Average oil operating temperature [C°]	mineral oil	synthetic oil	
	EP(*)	PAO	PAG
$t_o < 65$	8000	25000	25000
$65 < t_o < 80$	4000	15000	15000
$80 < t_o < 95$	2000 (@) (#)	12500	12500

(*) = Replacement within 1 year

(@) = It is not advised continuous operation in this range of oil temperature: 80°C to 95 °C

(#) = Recommended checking every 6 months



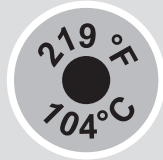
(tab 10)

Inspection parameter	Frequency
Oil changes	see specific table
Oil pressure (if there are a circuits)	24 h
Noise, vibration	24 h
External condition of gearbox (fouling, oil deposits)	170 h ... 720 h
Oil leaks, external seals and gaskets	720 h
Oil level	720 h
Oil filter contamination indicator (where required)	720 h
Regrease bearing (where required)	see specific table
Vent filter (where required)	2200 h
Tightness of fixing bolts, connecting flanges and torque transmission components	2000 h ... 4000 h
Check the elastic elements in all joints for wear (where required)	2000 h ... 4000 h
Regrease the Drywell device (on series where provided) and seals (where required)	2000 h ... 4000 h
Check cup springs for wear and adjust the torque arm	3000 h
Condition of torque arm polymer bushes (aging, cracking)	3000 h
Alignment of gearbox shafts with respect to coupled machine shafts at each oil change	9000 h ... 18000 h
Cleanliness of electric motor fan and fan cowling (if present) and cleanliness of gearbox body	at each oil change

For installations in zones 21 and 22, the user must schedule and implement a regular cleaning programme for all surfaces and recesses to avoid dust build-ups of more than 5 mm in depth. Every 100 hours of operation or every 2 weeks:

- Measure the surface temperature at the coupling between the gearbox and motor, and at the points most shielded from the forced ventilation provided by the motor's fan. Maximum surface temperature measured at these points must not exceed ambient temperature by more than 75 K, and this temperature differential must not have been exceeded in service. Check the condition of the heat sensor installed previously.

Example:



Limit temperature exceeded



Limit temperature NOT exceeded

Also check that high temperatures are not being generated at the gearbox bearings.

Every 1000 hours of operation or every 6 month:

- Check the oil level according to the tables provided in the "LUBRICATION" section of this manual and according to the figures below.
- Check that there are no signs of lubricant leaks near the gearbox.
- **If any anomalies are found, identify their cause, make the necessary repairs, and top up the lubricant level before putting the gearbox back into service.**



Every 3000 hours of operation:

- On gearboxes with reaction arms, check that the polymer bushes are not aged or damaged. If the bushes show any sign of fatigue or damage, replace them with original spare parts.

Every 5000 hours of operation:

- Change the synthetic oil and bearing grease if the gearbox is not lubricated for life.
- Replace all externally accessible seal rings unless this has already been done as a result of problems occurring before the scheduled maintenance was due.

Every 5000 hours of operation at rated torque

(The minimum overhaul interval specified here may increase considerably, depending on actual service cycles. See the table below).

- General overhaul of the gearbox, if not performed earlier as a result of malfunctioning (*Overhaul consists of the replacement of all bearings and/or other mechanical components showing signs of wear that might compromise the functioning of the gearbox*).

(tab 11)

$\frac{M_{n2}}{M_{r2}}$	Interval (hours)
1.0	5000
1.25	10000
1.5	17000
1.75	27000
2.0	40000

M_{n2} = Rated torque at output shaft

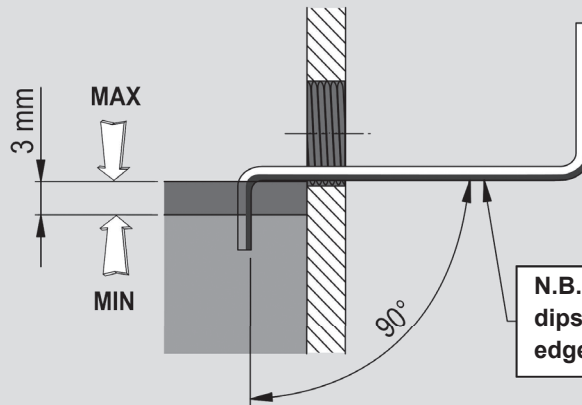
M_{r2} = Required torque at output shaft



Gearboxes are normally fitted with yellow oil level plugs. Level plugs may be of the spill type or may require a dipstick (not supplied) to be inserted. In other cases, yellow level plugs have dipsticks incorporated.

To check the oil level using a spill type level plug, first identify the yellow level plug. Remove the plug and insert into the hole a rod of suitable size and of the shape shown in the figure.

If the level is more than 3 mm below the spill level, top up and check the reason for the drop in oil level.



If the level plug has a dipstick incorporated, simply identify it by its yellow colour, remove it, and check that the level lies between the MIN. and MAX. markings.

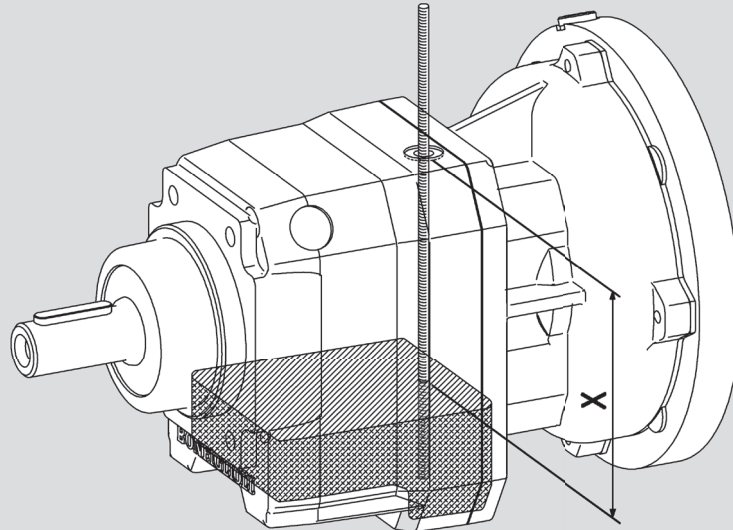
If the level lies outside these marks, restore the correct level and identify the causes of the incorrect level. The correct method for checking oil level by inserting a rod (not supplied) through the yellow level plug is described on the following pages.



It may be necessary to remove the gearbox in order to place it in the correct position. Refer to the figures on the following pages for further information.

C 12, C 22 and C 32 helical in-line gearboxes (all mounting positions) do not have a spill type oil level plug. On these gearboxes, oil level must be checked through a dedicated hole as instructed below.

C 12, C 22 and C 32 helical in-line gearboxes



(tab 12)



	P						F - U - UF					
	B3	B6	B7	B8	V5	V6	B5	B51	B53	B52	V1	V3
C 12 2_P63-P71	85	70	85	85	70	55	80	70	80	80	60	50
C 12 2_P80...P112	65	60	75	85	75	45	65	60	75	85	70	40
C 22 2_P63-P71 C 22 2_HS	90	85	95	90	70	40	90	85	90	90	70	45
C 22 2_P80...P112	85	70	90	90	75	50	85	80	90	90	75	45
C 22 3_P63-P71	90	50	100	50	50	40	90	50	80	50	60	50
C 22 3_P80...P112	75	75	75	75	55	30	75	75	75	75	65	40
C 32 2_P63...P132 C 32 2_HS	95	65	95	95	60	60	95	65	95	95	65	65
C 32 3_P63...P112	130	110	130	110	110	85	130	110	130	110	110	95

Values in the table are expressed in mm.

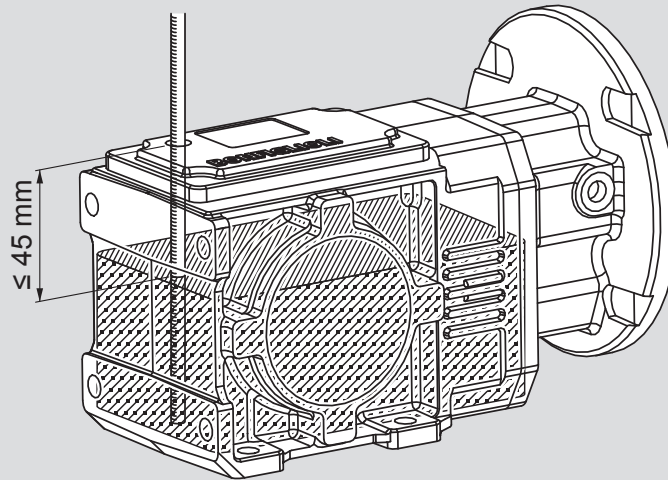
To check the oil level, proceed as follows:

1. Place the gearbox in its mounting position as shown in the figure.
2. Insert a dipstick through the service plug (the yellow plug at the top of the gearbox) until it touches the floor of the casing. Mark the level of the upper surface of the casing on the dipstick in this position.
3. Remove the dipstick and measure the distance X shown in the figure.
4. The value of X measured in this way must be less than the value specified in the table.

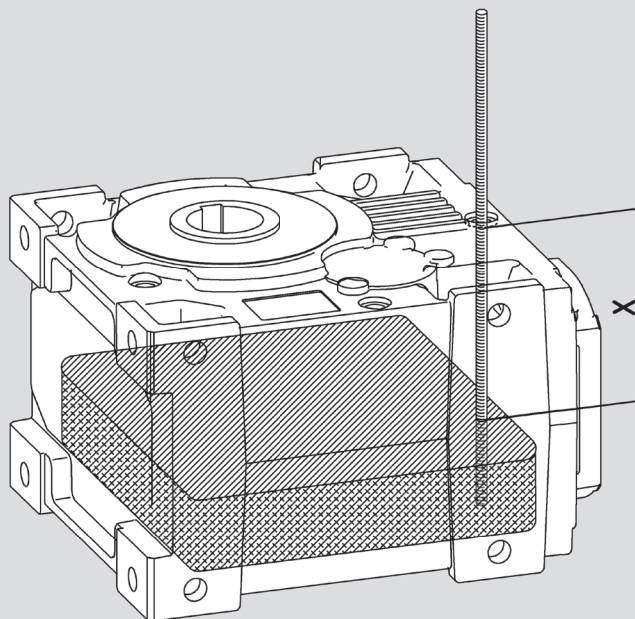


A 05 bevel helical gearboxes (all mounting positions) and A 30 and A 35 bevel helical gearboxes (mounting positions B6 and B7 only) do not have a spill type oil level plug. On these gearboxes, oil level must be checked by inserting a dipstick through the dedicated hole as instructed below.

A 05 bevel helical gearboxes - all mounting positions



A 30 and A 35 bevel helical gearboxes - mounting positions B6 and B7



(tab 13)

	X	
	B6	B7
A 30	70	55
A 35	75	60

Values in the table are expressed in mm.

To check the oil level, proceed as follows:

1. Place the gearbox in its mounting position as shown in the figure.
2. Insert a dipstick through the service plug (the yellow plug at the top of the gearbox) until it touches the floor of the casing. Mark the level of the upper surface of the casing on the dipstick in this position.
3. Remove the dipstick and measure the distance **X** shown in the figure.
4. The value of **X** measured in this way must be **less than** the value specified in the table.

6.3 OIL CHANGES

1. Place a suitable container under the drain plug.
2. Remove the filler and drain plugs and allow the oil to drain out.
3. Wait for a few minutes to ensure all the oil has drained out. Thoroughly clean the drain plug magnet (if fitted), fit a new seal and refit the drain plug.
4. With the gearbox installed in its final mounting position, fill it with oil to the mid point of the sight glass, or to the reference notch on the dipstick, or until oil starts to flow out of the level hole. Restore the type of oil indicated on the nameplate. Refer to chapter "Lubrication" for further details.
5. Fit a new seal, replace and tighten the filler plug.



Apply Loctite 510 (or a product with similar properties and application range) on the thread of plugs.



See the "Lubrication" section in this manual for details of the quantity of oil required. Specified quantities are only approximate. Gearboxes must be filled to the mid point of the sight glass, or to the reference notch on the dipstick, or until oil starts to flow out of the oil level hole, according to the mounting position specified on order.



Lubricants, solvents and detergents are toxic/harmful to health:

- they may cause irritation in direct contact with the skin
- they may cause intoxication if inhaled
- they may be fatal if swallowed.

Handle them with care using suitable personal protection equipment. Do not dump them into the environment and dispose of in accordance with applicable legislation.

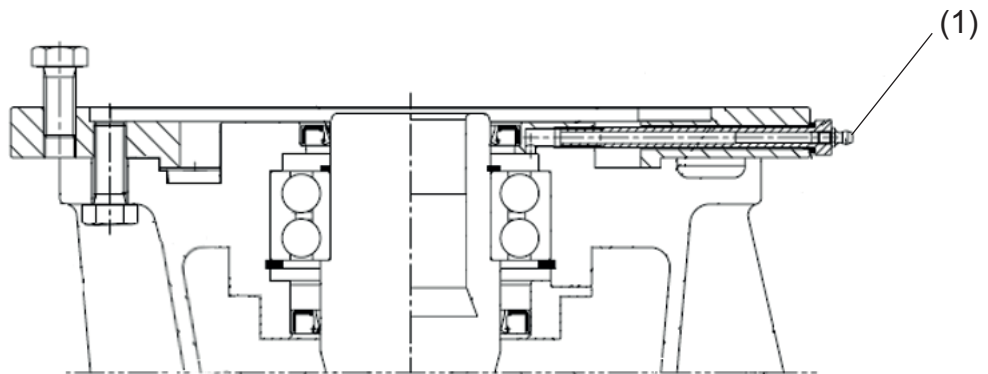
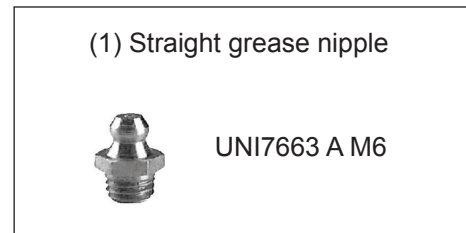
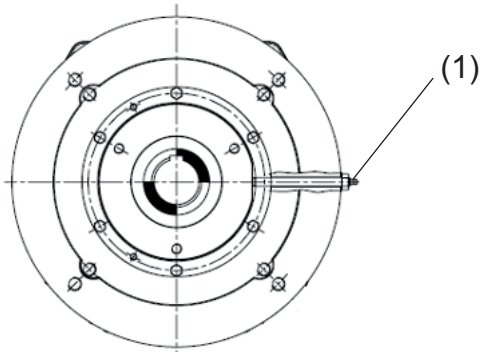


If a leak is found, identify the cause of the fault and repair it before topping up the lubricant and operating the unit.

6.4 RESTORATION OF BEARINGS GREASE OF THE IEC P200 FOR SOME MOUNTING POSITIONS

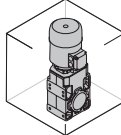
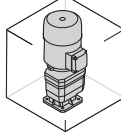
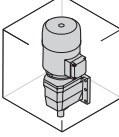
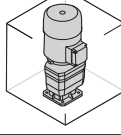
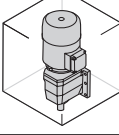
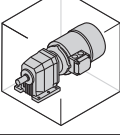
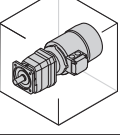
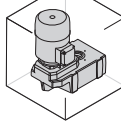
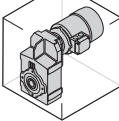
Some gearboxes of the A, C, F series with P200 connection and for some mounting positions (see tab.15) are supplied with bearings lubricated with grease (not immersed in oil) and require periodic maintenance. The initial filling of the grease chamber of the bearings is foreseen directly in the company before supplying the gearbox. The grease must then be restored at regular intervals. The type of grease to be used is indicated in the "Lubrication" paragraph. To restore the grease proceed as follows:

- Use the special grease nipple (1) to introduce the grease into the chamber containing the bearings.



The quantity of grease shown in tab.14 is a reference for restoring it in the cases indicated in tab.15.

(tab 14)	Quantity of grease (kg)	0.040
----------	-------------------------	--------------

		Mounting position			
A	80 2	VA			
	90 3				
C	80 2	V1	V5		
	80 3				
	90 2	V1	V5	B3	B5
	90 3				
	100 2				
	100 3				
F	80 3	H5		H1	
	90 3				

Depending on type of application and rotating speed of the input shaft, the restoration of the bearing grease must be carried out indicatively at the intervals shown in the following table:

(tab 16)

Application	Grease interval of restoration [h]			
	Input shaft speed [min^{-1}]			
	1000	1200	1500	1800
≤ 10 hour/day	4000	3000	2500	2000
> 10 hour/day	3000	2000	1500	1000

6.5 CLEANING

To clean dust, dirt and process residues off the gearbox, do not use solvents or other products that might be incompatible with the materials from which it is made, and do not direct high pressure jets of water on to the gearbox.

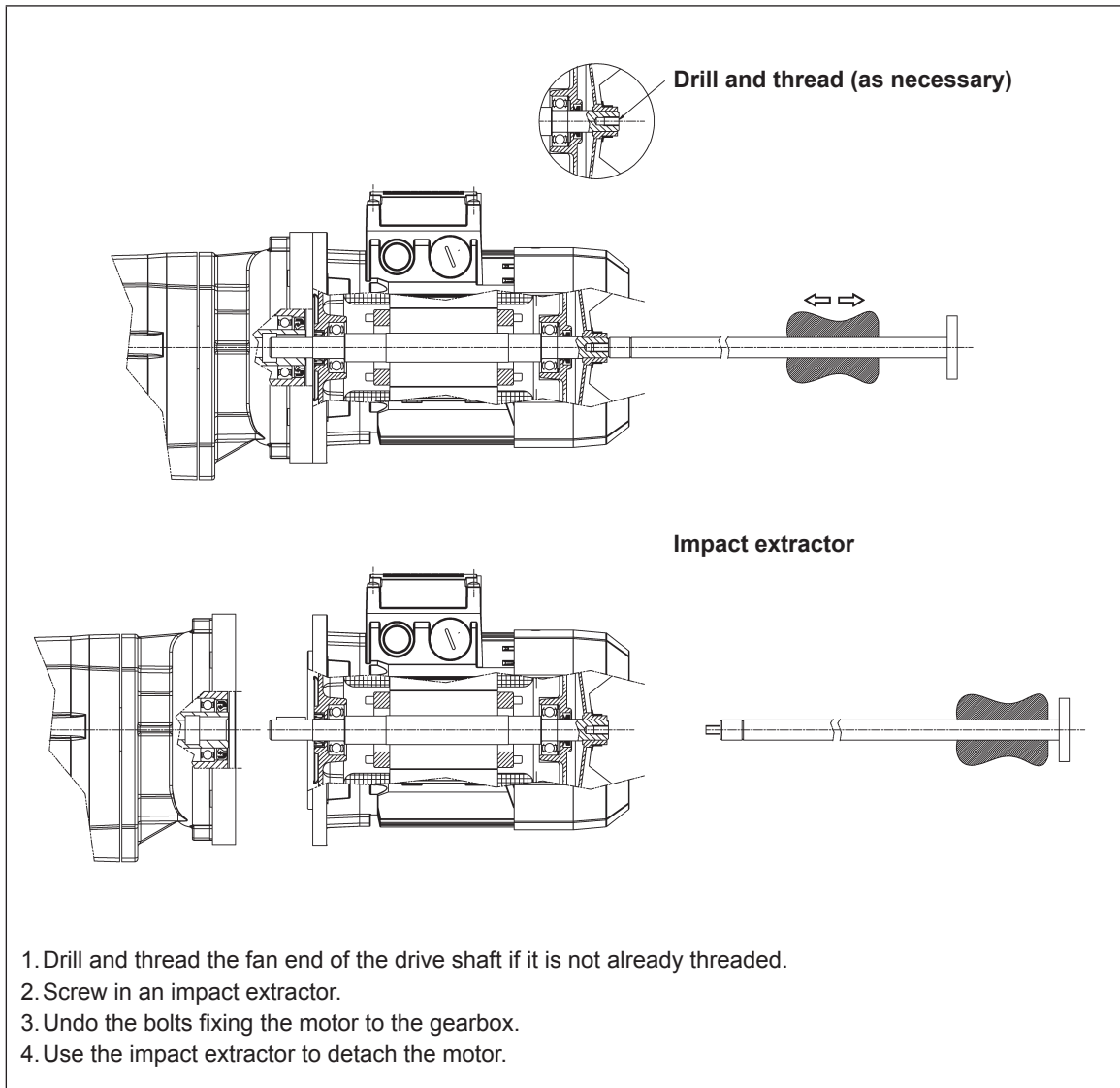


7 REMOVAL

7.1 REMOVING A MOTOR WITH AN IEC STANDARD FLANGE

If the mobile coupling between the motor and the gearbox has not rusted badly during service, it should be possible to remove the motor without applying excessive force once the screws coupling it to the gearbox have been removed.

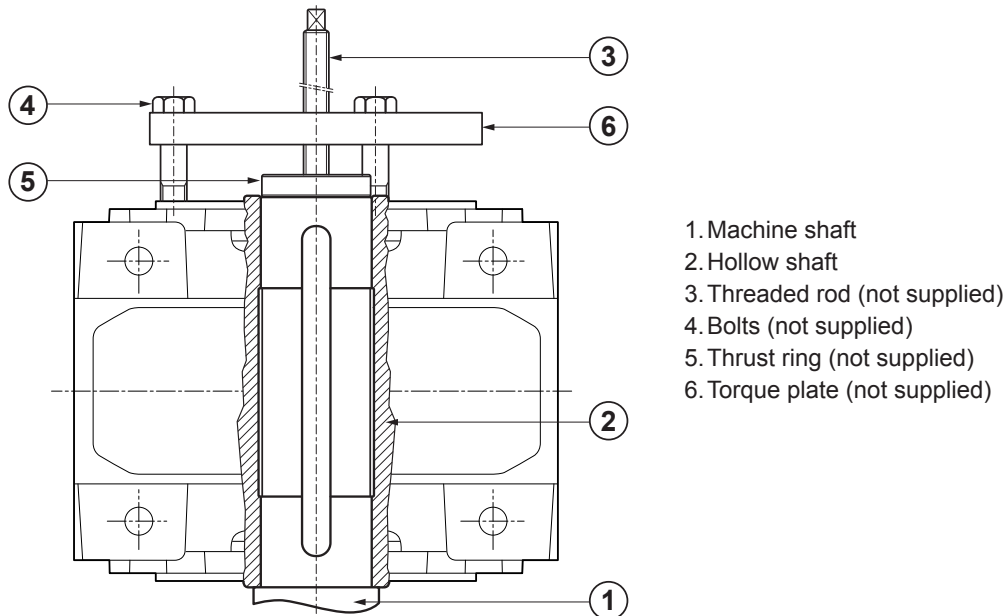
If it proves difficult to remove the motor, do not use screwdrivers or levers to apply force as this may damage the flanges and mating surfaces. Proceed as illustrated below instead.



7.2 REMOVING A GEARBOX WITH HOLLOW OUTPUT SHAFT AND KEYWAY OR WITH SPLINED HOLLOW OUTPUT SHAFT

- Remove the device that secures the gearbox axially.

On **A Series** gearboxes, the machine shaft can be extracted in-situ using a hydraulic puller or the device shown in the figure below.



- Machine shaft
- Hollow shaft
- Threaded rod (not supplied)
- Bolts (not supplied)
- Thrust ring (not supplied)
- Torque plate (not supplied)

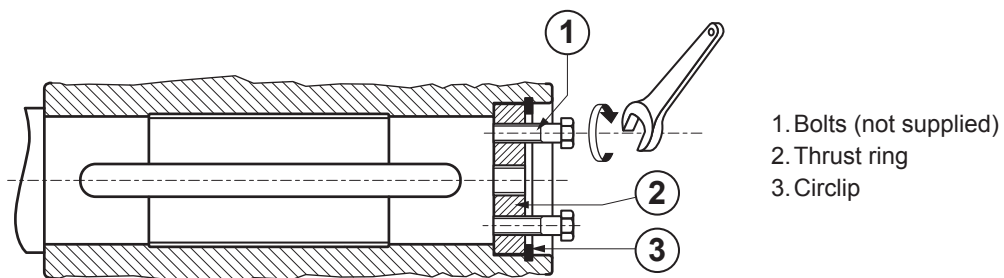
During the extraction process observe the maximum thrust values specified in the table below and take care to avoid knocks or misalignment.

(tab 17)



	A 05	A 10	A 20	A 30	A 35	A 41	A 50	A 55	A 60	A 70	A 80	A 90
Maximum thrust [N]	2000	2750	3100	4800	6000	7500	10000	15000	15000	25000	32500	37500

In the case of **F Series** gearboxes, proceed as shown in the figure, screwing in the bolts gradually and in succession.



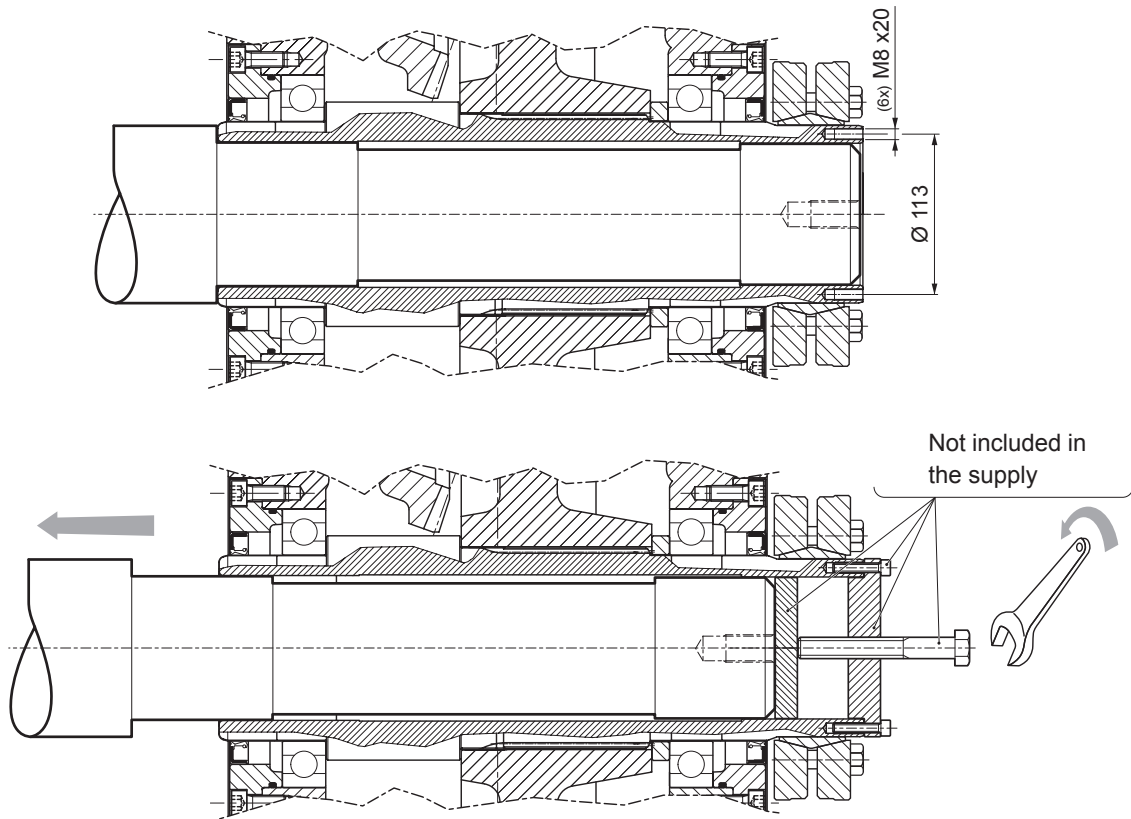
- Bolts (not supplied)
- Thrust ring
- Circlip



7.3 REMOVING A GEARBOX WITH HOLLOW OUTPUT SHAFT AND SHRINK DISC

- Remove the protective cover and gradually loosen all the bolts on the shrink disc, proceeding around the shrink disc. Do not remove the bolts completely!
- Extract the machine shaft as instructed in the section “REMOVING A GEARBOX WITH A HOLLOW OUTPUT SHAFT AND KEYWAY OR SPLINED HOLLOW OUTPUT SHAFT” in this manual.

Alternatively, on A 90 and F 90 gearboxes, the machine shaft can be removed using the threaded holes in the end of the output shaft, as shown in the figure below.



7.4 REMOVING A GEARBOX WITH ADAPTER BUSHES

- a) Remove the protective cover and gradually loosen all the bolts on the shrink disc, proceeding in a circular direction. Do not remove the bolts completely!
- b) Once the coupling force has been released, the gearbox can be removed by sliding it off the machine shaft.

7.5 REMOVING AN ELECTRIC MOTOR WITH A SHRINK DISC

- Loosen the bolts on the shrink disc.
- Undo the bolts fixing the motor to the gearbox.
- Remove the motor, without applying excessive force.

If the mobile coupling between the motor and gearbox has not rusted significantly during service, it should be possible to remove the motor without applying excessive force.

If it proves difficult to remove the motor, do not use screwdrivers or levers to apply force as this may damage the flanges and mating surfaces. Contact the manufacturer's technical assistance service instead.

8 TROUBLESHOOTING

The following information is intended to serve as an aid in locating and eliminating defects and faults. In some cases, such problems may be caused by the plant or machine to which the gearbox is assembled and hence, the cause and remedy will be described in the Manufacturer's technical documentation for the machine/plant in question.

If any components fail or require replacement as a result of levels of wear likely to compromise the functioning of the gearbox, contact the Manufacturer's sales network.

(tab 18)

FAULT	CAUSE	REMEDY
Bearing temperature too high.	Oil level too low.	Top up oil level.
	Oil too old.	Change oil.
	Bearings faulty.	Contact authorised workshop.
Operating temperature too high.	Oil level too high.	Check oil level.
	Oil too old.	Change oil.
	Oil contaminated.	Change oil.
Abnormal running noise.	Gears damaged.	Contact authorised workshop.
	Excessive axial play in bearings.	Contact authorised workshop.
	Bearings faulty or worn.	Contact authorised workshop.
	Excessive load applied.	Bring external loads into conformity with rated values specified in sales catalogue.
	Oil contaminated.	Change oil.
Abnormal noise at gearbox mounting.	Mounting bolts loose.	Tighten bolts to specified torque.
	Mounting bolts worn.	Replace mounting bolts.
Oil leaks.	Oil level too high.	Check oil level.
	Casing/coupling seals inadequate.	Contact authorised workshop.
	Gaskets worn.	Contact authorised workshop.
Gearbox does not run or runs with difficulty.	Oil viscosity too high.	Change oil (see recommended lubricant table).
	Oil level too high.	Check oil level.
	Excessive load applied.	Redesign transmission system to suit actual load.
Output shaft does not turn with motor running.	Gears damaged.	Contact authorised workshop.



9 DISPOSING OF THE GEARBOX



Make sure that the gearbox cannot function accidentally while it is being taken out of service.

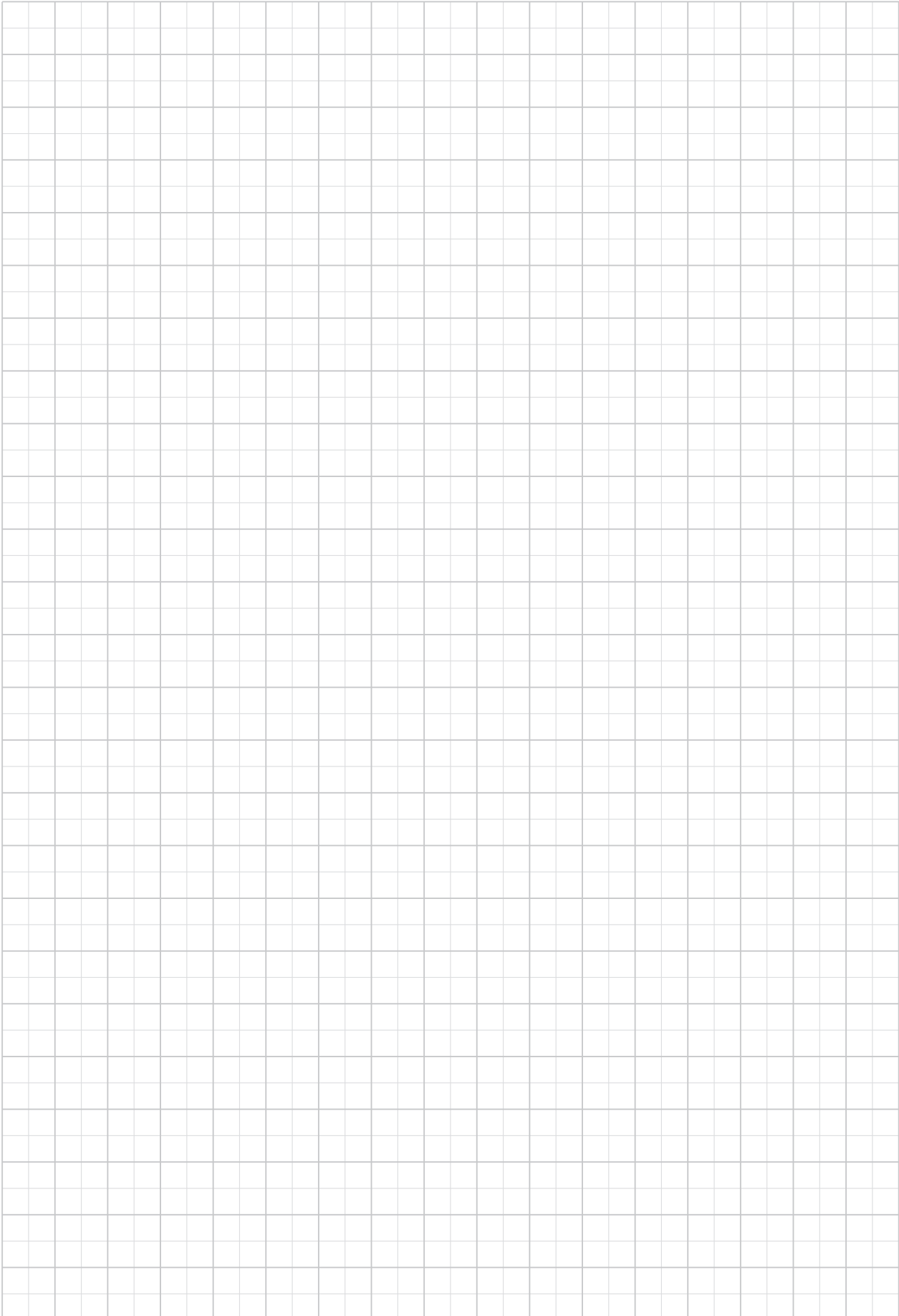
The gearbox/gearmotor must be disposed of in compliance with environmental legislation, and the various materials used in its manufacture must be delivered to an authorised disposal/recycling centre.



The gearbox must only be taken out of service by operators trained in the observance of applicable laws on health and safety at work.


Do not dump non-biodegradable products, lubricants and non-ferrous materials (rubber, PVC, resins, etc.) into the environment. Dispose of all such materials as stipulated by current environment protection laws.

Do not re-use parts or components which appear to be in good condition after they have been checked and/or replaced by qualified personnel and declared unsuitable for use.





INDEX OF REVISIONS (R)

	BR_IOM_CAFS_ATX_ENG_R05_0
92	Updated table for routine maintenance.
97, 98	Added new section "RESTORATION OF BEARINGS GREASE OF THE IEC P200 FOR SOME MOUNTING POSITIONS"

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We have a relentless commitment to excellence, innovation & sustainability. Our team creates, distributes and services world-class power transmission & drive solutions to keep the world in motion.

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